

Useful Formulae and Constants

Refraction

$$v = \frac{c}{n}$$

$$I_n = \frac{I}{n}$$

$$n_1 \sin \theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2$$

$$\sin \mathbf{q}_c = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$

Mirror and Lens

$$f = r/2$$

$$\frac{1}{d_o} + \frac{1}{d_i} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$m = \frac{h_i}{h_o} = -\frac{d_i}{d_o}$$

$$\frac{1}{f} = (n-1) \left(\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} \right)$$

$$P = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\text{f-stop} = \frac{f}{D}$$

$$\text{Exposure} = \frac{\text{shutter speed}}{(f - \text{stop})^2}$$

$$M = -\frac{f_o}{f_e}$$

$$M \approx \left(\frac{N}{f_e} \right) \left(\frac{l}{f_o} \right)$$

Interference and Diffraction

$$d \sin \theta = m\lambda$$

$$d \sin \mathbf{q} = \left(m + \frac{1}{2} \right) \lambda$$

$$\mathbf{q} = \frac{1.22\lambda}{D}$$

Polarization

$$I = I_0 \cos^2 \theta$$

$$\tan \mathbf{q}_p = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$

$$\mathbf{q}_p + \mathbf{q}_r = 90^\circ$$