

## Bond Conversion Tables

**Table 1**

*Statutes Relevant to Bond Conversion*

<b>Jurisdiction</b>	<b>Relevant Statute(s)</b>	<b>Bond Conversion Permitted?<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>Statute Language or Description</b>	<b>Types of LFOs Bail Deposit May Cover</b>	<b>Notice Required?<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>3rd Parties Exempt?<sup>c</sup></b>
<b>Federal</b>	28 U.S.C. § 2044 Payment of fine with bond money	Yes	On motion of the United States attorney, the court shall order any money belonging to and deposited by or on behalf of the defendant with the court for the purposes of a criminal appearance bail bond (trial or appeal) to be held and paid over to the United States attorney to be applied to the payment of any assessment, fine, restitution, or penalty imposed upon the defendant. The court shall not release any money deposited for bond purposes after a plea or a verdict of the defendant's guilt has been entered and before sentencing except upon a showing that an assessment, fine, restitution or penalty cannot be imposed for the offense the defendant committed or that the defendant would suffer an undue hardship. This section shall not apply to any third party surety.	Any assessment, fine, restitution, or penalty	No	Yes
<b>Alabama</b>	Code of Ala. § 15-13-42 Disposition	Yes	When money has been deposited, if it remains on deposit at the time of a judgment for the payment of a fine, the clerk of the court receiving the deposit must, under the direction of the court, apply the money in satisfaction thereof and, after satisfying the fine and costs,	Fines and costs	No	No

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			must refund the surplus, if any, to the defendant.			
<b>Alaska</b>	AK Senate Bill 91 (2016)	No	This reform bill eliminated money bail for most defendants, beginning in 2018.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Arizona</b>	A.R.S. Title 13, Ch. 38, Art. 12 Bail §§ 13-3961 – 13-3974; Art. 16 Costs, Fees, and Disposition of Fines and Forfeitures §§ 13-4011 – 13-4014 & Ch. 8 Restitution and Fines §§ 13-801 – 13-825	No	State statutes governing bail and legal financial obligations (LFO's) in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Arkansas</b>	A.C.A. § 16-84-115 (3) Deposit of money in lieu of bail	Yes	Upon judgment being rendered against a defendant for fine and costs, the court rendering judgment may order any money deposited agreeably to this section to be applied to the payment thereof. This subdivision (a)(3) shall not apply to a bail bond of a bail bondsman.	Fines and costs	No	Yes, but only bail bond agents
<b>California</b>	Cal Pen Code § 1297 Receipts; Application of Deposit to Satisfy Fine and Costs; Refunds and	Yes	If bail money remains on deposit at the time of a judgment for the payment of a fine, the clerk shall, under the direction of the court, if the defendant be the depositor, apply the money in satisfaction thereof, and after satisfying restitution to the victim or the Restitution	Fines, restitution, and costs	No	Yes

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	Returns; Notice of Exoneration		Fund, fines, and costs, shall refund the surplus, if any, to the defendant. If the depositor was not the defendant, the deposit after judgment shall be returned to that person.			
<b>Colorado</b>	C.R.S. § 16-4-111 (1) (b) Disposition of security deposits upon forfeiture or termination of bond	Yes	If the depositor of the cash bond is the defendant and the defendant owes court costs, fees, fines, restitution, or surcharges at the time the defendant is discharged from all liability under the terms of the bond, the court may apply the deposit toward any amount owed by the defendant in court costs, fees, fines, restitution, or surcharges. The court shall return the remainder of the deposit, if any, to the defendant. If the depositor of the cash bond is not the defendant, but the defendant owes court costs, fees, fines, restitution, or surcharges at the time the defendant is discharged from all liability under the terms of the bond, the court may apply the deposit toward the amount owed by the defendant in court costs, fees, fines, restitution, or surcharges if the depositor agrees in writing to the use of the deposit for such purpose. The court shall return the remainder of the deposit, if any, to the depositor.	Court costs, fees, fines, restitution, or surcharges	No, but if depositor agrees in writing then the deposit may be converted	No
<b>Connecticut</b>	Conn. Gen. Stat. Title 54, Ch. 960 Information, Procedure, and Bail §§ 54-42 – 54-76a &	No	State statutes governing bail and LFOs in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A

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	Ch. 962 Costs, Fines and Expenses in Criminal Proceedings or Prosecutions §§ 54-143 – 54-155					
<b>Delaware</b>	11 Del. C. Title 11, Ch. 21 Release of Persons Accused of Crimes §§ 2101 – 2116 & Ch. 41 Fines, Costs, Penalties and Forfeitures §§ 4101 – 4106	No	State statutes governing pretrial release and LFOs in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Florida</b>	Fla. Stat. § 903.286 Return of cash bond; requirement to withhold unpaid fines, fees, court costs; cash bond forms.	Yes	The clerk of the court shall withhold from the return of a cash bond posted on behalf of a criminal defendant by a person other than a bail bond agent sufficient funds to pay any unpaid costs of prosecution, costs of representation, court fees, court costs, and criminal penalties. All cash bond forms must prominently display a notice explaining that all funds are subject to forfeiture and withholding by the clerk of the court for the payment of costs of prosecution, costs of representation, court fees, court costs, and criminal penalties on behalf of the criminal defendant regardless of who posted the funds.	Costs of prosecution, costs of representation, court fees, court costs, and criminal penalties	Yes	Yes, but only for bail bond agents

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<b>Georgia</b>	O.C.G.A. Title 17, Ch. 6 Bonds and Recognizances §§ 17-6-1 – 17-6-114	No	State statutes governing bonds and recognizances do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Hawaii</b>	HRS § 706-646 (4) Victim Restitution	Yes	In any criminal proceeding before any court, all money deposited by the defendant as bail and not declared forfeited shall be applied toward payment of any restitution, fines, or fees ordered by the court in the same case	Restitution, fines, and fees	No	No
<b>Idaho</b>	ID Code § 19-2908 Cash deposit applied to payments of fines, fees, costs, and restitution	Yes	When a cash bail deposit remains on deposit at the time of the judgment or order withholding judgment, the clerk of the court shall, under the direction of the court, apply the money in satisfaction of fines, fees, costs and restitution imposed in the case and those imposed against the defendant in any other criminal or infraction action, and after satisfying the fines, fees, costs and restitution, shall refund the surplus, if any, to the person posting the cash deposit.	Fines, fees, costs and restitution	No	No
<b>Illinois</b>	IL House Bill 3653 (2021)	No	Per a bill signed into law in February 2021, beginning January 2023 cash bail payments will be abolished for pretrial defendants in Illinois (725 ILCS 5/110-1.5). The statute which formerly permitted bond conversion, IL Comp Stat § Deposit of bail security 725 ILCS 5/110-7 was repealed effective July 1, 2021. Between July 1, 2021, and January 2023, cash bail will be used (725 ILCS 5/110-2), however,	N/A	N/A	N/A

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			bail money will not be converted to pay for LFOs.			
<b>Indiana</b>	Burns Ind. Code Ann. § 35-33-8-3.2 (a) (1) (E) Admission to bail – Conditions – Fees	Yes	If the court requires the defendant to deposit cash or cash and another form of security as bail, the court may require the defendant and each person who makes the deposit on behalf of the defendant to execute an agreement that allows the court to retain all or a part of the cash to pay publicly paid costs of representation and fines, costs, fees, and restitution that the court may order the defendant to pay if the defendant is convicted.	Costs of representation and fines, costs, fees, and restitution	No, but the court <i>may require</i> that depositors agree to allow the court to retain the deposit.	No
<b>Iowa</b>	IA Code Title XVI, Subtit. 2, Ch.811 Pretrial and Post-Trial Release – Bail §§ 811.1 – 811.12; Ch. 909 Fines §§ 909.1 – 909.10; Ch. 815 Costs – Compensation and Fees– Indigent Defense §§ 815.1 – 815.15 & Ch. 910 Restitution §§ 910.1 – 910.15	No	State statutes governing bail and LFOs in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Kansas</b>	K.S.A. § 22-2802 (4) Release prior to trial; conditions of	Yes	Any person charged with a crime who is released on a cash bond shall be entitled to a refund of all moneys paid for the cash bond,	Restitution, costs, fines, and fees	No	No

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	release; appearance bond, cash bond or personal recognizance		after deduction of any outstanding restitution, costs, fines and fees, after the final disposition of the criminal case if the person complies with all requirements to appear in court.			
<b>Kentucky</b>	KRS § 431.530 Deposit of bail security — Payments into public advocate special account — Return of deposit when innocent or charges dropped or dismissed	Yes	Except for defendants found not guilty or if all charges have been dropped or dismissed, if a final judgment for a fine and court costs or either is entered in the prosecution of an action in which a bail bond deposit has been made, the balance of such deposit, after deduction of bail costs and public advocate fees, shall be applied to the satisfaction of the judgment.	Fine, court costs, bail costs, and public advocate fees	No	No
<b>Louisiana</b>	La. C.Cr. P. Title 8 Bail, Arts. 311 – 349.9	No	State statutes governing bail do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Maine</b>	15 M.R.S. § 1074 Property of defendant and 3 <sup>rd</sup> parties as bail	Yes	(1) If a person other than the defendant has been designated as the owner of the cash bail deposit, it must be returned to that person unless otherwise forfeited or subject to setoff. If the defendant is deemed to be the owner of the cash, it must be returned to the defendant unless otherwise forfeited or subject to setoff. (3) Setoff of defendant’s property: The court may order all or a portion of the bail owned by a defendant that has not been forfeited to be first paid and applied to one or more of the following: (A) Any fine, forfeiture, penalty or fee	Fines, forfeitures, penalties, fees, restitution, attorney’s fees, surcharges and any other expense authorized by the court	No	No

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			<p>imposed upon a defendant as part of the sentence for conviction of any offense arising out of the criminal proceeding for which the bail has been posted and the sentence for conviction of any offense in an unrelated civil or criminal proceeding; (B) Any amount of restitution the defendant has been ordered to pay as part of the sentence imposed in the proceeding for which bail has been posted and in any unrelated proceeding; (C) Any amount of attorney's fees or other expense authorized by the court at the request of the defendant or attorney and actually paid by the State on behalf of the defendant on the ground that the defendant has been found to be indigent in the proceeding for which bail has been posted and in any unrelated proceeding; and (D) Any surcharge imposed</p>			
<b>Maryland</b>	Md. Criminal Procedure Code Ann. Title 5, Subtit. 2 Pretrial Release §§ 5-201 – 5-215	No	State statutes governing pretrial release do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Massachusetts</b>	ALM GL Ch. 276 Search Warrants, Rewards, Fugitives from Justice, Arrest, Examination, Commitment and Bail. Probation Officers and Board of Probation, §§ 1 –	No	State statutes governing bail and LFOs in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A



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	103 & Ch. 280 Fines and Forfeitures, §§ 1 – 16					
<b>Michigan</b>	MCLS § 765.6c Bail; cash deposit; use	Yes	If a defendant for whom bail or bond is required personally fulfills that requirement by a cash deposit, the defendant shall be notified that upon the defendant's conviction the cash deposit may be used to collect a fine, costs, restitution, assessment, or other payment pursuant to section 15(2) of this chapter.	Fine, costs, restitution, assessment, or other payment	Yes	Yes
<b>Minnesota</b>	Minn. Stat. § 629.53 Providing release on bail; commitment	Yes	In case of conviction, the judge may order the money bail deposit to be applied to any fine or restitution imposed on the defendant by the court and, if the fine or restitution is less than the deposit, order the balance to be paid to the defendant.	Fines and restitution	No	No
<b>Mississippi</b>	Miss. Code Ann. § 99-15-26 Dismissal of action upon successful completion of certain court-imposed conditions	Yes	The court shall be empowered to withhold acceptance of a guilty plea and sentence thereon pending successful completion of such conditions as may be imposed by the court. Conditions which the court may impose shall consist of: reasonable restitution to the victim of the crime, payment of a fine not to exceed the statutory limit. When the court has imposed upon the defendant the conditions set out in this section, the court shall release the bail bond, if any.	Restitution and fines	No	No

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<b>Missouri</b>	R.S. Mo. § 447.595 Bond Required for arrest warrantor, probation or civil cash bond, proceeds deemed unclaimed property, when.	Yes	Where a person or party is required by the terms of an arrest warrant or of his probation to post a cash bond or cash probation bond or a civil cash bond ordered by the court, the court shall return the bond, less any outstanding court costs, to such person or party upon the termination of the court proceedings or probation period.	Court costs	No	No
<b>Montana</b>	MCA Title 46, Ch. 9 Bail §§ 46-9-101 – 46-9-512	No	State statutes governing bail do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Nebraska</b>	R.R.S. Neb. Ch. 29, Art. 9 Bail §§ 29-901 – 29-910 & Art. 24 § 29-2407 Judgements for fines, costs, and forfeited recognizances; lien; exemptions; duration	No	State statutes governing bail and LFOs in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Nevada</b>	Nev. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 178.528 Disposition of money deposited as bail	Yes	When money has been deposited, if it remains on deposit at the time of a judgment for the payment of a fine, the court, or the clerk under the direction of the court, shall apply the money in satisfaction thereof, and after satisfying the fine and costs shall refund the surplus, if any, to the person who deposited the	Fines and Costs	No	No

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			bail, unless that person has directed, in writing, that any surplus be refunded to another.			
<b>New Hampshire</b>	RSA Title LIX, Ch. 597, General Provisions §§ 597:1 – 597:14b	No	State statutes governing bail and recognizances do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>New Jersey</b>	NJ Criminal Justice Reform Act S-946 (2014) & N.J. Stat. Title 2A, Subtit. 11, Ch. 162 Recognizances; Bail §§ 2A:162-15 – 2A:162-26	No	This act effectively ended money bail, beginning 2017 and is codified in the state statutes governing recognizances and bail.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>New Mexico</b>	N.M. Stat. Ann. Ch. 31, Art. 3 Bail §§ 31-3-1 – 31-3-11 & Art. 12 Fines, Fees, and Costs §§ 31-12-1 – 31-12-13	No	State statutes governing bail and LFOs in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>New York</b>	NY Senate Bill 1509C (2019)	No	This bill was signed into law and prohibits cash bail for most misdemeanors and nonviolent felonies, beginning January 2020.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>North Carolina</b>	N.C. Gen. Stat. Ch. 15A, Subch. 05, Art. 26 Bail §§ 15A-531 – 15A-547.6; Subch.	No	State statutes governing bail and LFOs in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A

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	13, Art. 84 Fines §§ 15A-1361 – 15A-1367 & Art. 81C Restitution §§ 15A-1340.34 – 15A-1340.49					
<b>North Dakota</b>	N.D. Cent. Code Title 29, Ch. 29-08 Bail §§ 29-08-01 – 29-08-28 & Ch. 29-26 Judgment and Sentence §§ 29-26-01 – 29-26-24	No	State statutes governing bail and LFOs in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Ohio</b>	ORC Ann. § 2937.40 Release of bail and sureties	Yes	When cash or securities have been deposited as bail by a person other than the accused and the bail is discharged and released, the court shall not deduct any amount from the cash or securities. The court shall not apply any of the deposited cash or securities toward the satisfaction of any penalty or fine, and court costs, assessed against the accused upon his conviction or guilty plea, except upon express approval of the person who deposited the cash or securities or the surety. Bail of any type that is deposited by an accused shall be discharged and released to the accused, upon the appearance of the accused in accordance with the terms of the recognizance or deposit and the entry of judgment by the court or magistrate, except that, if the defendant is not	Penalty or fine, and court costs	No	Yes

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			indigent, the court may apply deposited bail toward the satisfaction of a penalty or fine, and court costs, assessed against the accused upon his conviction or guilty plea.			
<b>Oklahoma</b>	22 Okl. St. Title 22, Ch. 19 Bail §§ 1101 – 1115.5 & Statutes governing LFOs in Title 22	No	State statutes governing bail and LFOs in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Oregon</b>	ORS Title 14, Ch.135 Release of Defendant §§ 135.230 – 135.295	No	State statutes governing pretrial release do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Pennsylvania</b>	42 Pa.C.S. § 5702 Bail to be governed by general rules & 234 Pa. Code Ch5, Rule 535 Receipt for deposit: Return or retention of deposit	Yes	<i>42 Pa.C.S. § 5702:</i> All matters relating to the fixing, posting, forfeiting, exoneration and distribution of bail and recognizances shall be governed by general rules. <i>234 Pa. Code Ch5, Rule 535:</i> When the deposit is the percentage cash bail, if the defendant is the named depositor, the amount otherwise returnable may be used to pay and satisfy any outstanding restitution, fees, fines, and costs owed by the defendant as a result of a sentence imposed in the court case for which the deposit is being made. In any case in which the defendant is the named depositor, upon the full and final disposition of the case, the court may order, upon motion of the attorney for the Commonwealth, that any money deposited	Restitution, fees, fines, and costs	Yes	Yes

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			pursuant to this rule by or on behalf of the defendant that is otherwise returnable to the defendant be held and applied to the payment of any restitution, fees, fines, and costs imposed upon the defendant in the case for which the deposit had been made, unless the defendant shows that he or she would suffer an undue hardship.			
<b>Rhode Island</b>	R.I. Gen. Laws § 12-13-10 Deposit of money in lieu of bail	Yes	If the money remains on deposit at the time of a judgment for the payment of a fine and costs, restitution, or any other assessment issued by the court, the clerk must apply the money in satisfaction of the judgment, and after satisfying the fine and costs, restitution, or any other assessment must refund the surplus, if any, to the defendant or to the individual who posted the money on behalf of the defendant, as the case may be.	Fines, costs, restitution, or any other assessment issued by the court	No	No
<b>South Carolina</b>	S.C. Code Ann. § 17-15-15 Deposit of cash percentage in lieu of bond, assignment of deposit, restitution to victim	Yes	In lieu of requiring actual posting of bond, the court setting bond may permit the defendant to deposit in cash with the clerk of court an amount not to exceed ten percent of the amount of bond set, which amount, when the defendant fulfills the condition of the bond, shall be returned to the defendant by the clerk except as provided in subsection (c) which states that in the event the cash deposit is not assigned but the defendant is required by the court to make restitution to the victim of his	Restitution	No	No

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			crime, such deposit may be used for the purpose of such restitution.			
<b>South Dakota</b>	S.D. Codified Laws Title 23A, Ch. 23A-43 (Rule 46) Bail §§ 23A-43-1 – 23A-43-32 & Ch 23A-28 Restitution to Crime Victims §§ 23A-28-1 – 23A-28-14	No	State statutes governing bail and LFOs in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Tennessee</b>	Tenn. Code Ann. § 40-11-121 Judgment for fine and costs -- Deposit applied to payment	Yes	If a judgment for fine and court costs, or either, is entered in the prosecution of a cause in which a deposit had been made by defendant, the deposit shall be applied to the payment of the judgment.	Fine and court costs	No	No
<b>Texas</b>	Tex. Code Crim. Proc. Ch. 17 Bail §§ 17.01 – 17.50; Ch. 102 Costs, Fees and Fines paid by Defendants §§ 102.001 – 102.073 & Ch. 103 Payment, Collection, and Recordkeeping §§ 103.001 – 103.013	No	State statutes governing bail and LFOs in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Utah</b>	Utah Code Ann. § 77-20-4 (6) Bail to	Yes	77-20-4 (6): Before refunding bail that is posted by the defendant in cash, by credit card,	Fees, fines, forfeitures,	No	No

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	be posted in cash, by credit or debit card, or by written undertaking – Specific bail methods & § 77-32a-101 Definitions		or by debit card, the court may apply the amount posted toward accounts receivable, as defined in Section 77-32a-101, that are owed by the defendant. 77-32a-101: "Accounts receivable" includes unpaid fees, overpayments, fines, forfeitures, surcharges, costs, interest, penalties, restitution to victims, third party claims, claims, reimbursement of a reward, and damages.	surcharges, costs, interest, penalties, restitution, third party claims, claims, and damages		
<b>Vermont</b>	13 VSA Ch. 229 Bail and Recognizances §§ 7551 – 7576 & Ch. 223 Fines, Costs, and Penalties §§ 7171 – 7282	No	State statutes governing bail and LFOs in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Virginia</b>	Va. Code Ann. § 19.2-121 (C) Fixing terms of bail	Yes	In any case where the accused has appeared and otherwise met the conditions of bail, no bond therefor shall be used to satisfy fines and costs unless agreed to by the person who posted such bond.	Fines and costs	Yes	Yes
<b>Washington</b>	Rev. Code Wash. (ARCW) Title 10, Ch. 10.19 Bail and Appearance Bonds §§ 10.19.040 – 10.19.170; Ch. 10.21 Bail Determinations §§	No	State statutes governing bail and LFOs in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A



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	10.21.010 – 10.21.900 & Ch. 10.82 Collection and Disposition of Fines and Costs §§ 10.82.010 – 10.82.090					
<b>West Virginia</b>	W. Va. Code Ch. 62, Art. 1C Bail §§ 62-1C-1 – 62-1C-19; Art. 4 Recovery of Fines in Criminal Cases §§ 62-4-1 – 62-4-17 & Art. 5 Costs in Criminal Cases §§ 62-5-1 – 62-5-10	No	State statutes governing bail and LFOs in criminal procedure do not address bond conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Wisconsin</b>	Wis. Stat. § 969.02 (6) Release of defendants charged with misdemeanors & § 969.03 (4) Release of defendants charged with felonies	Yes	In lieu of release without bail or an unsecured appearance bond, the judge may require the execution of an appearance bond with sufficient solvent sureties, or the deposit of cash in lieu of sureties. If the judge requires a deposit of cash in lieu of sureties, the person making the cash deposit shall be given written notice of the following requirements: when a judgment of conviction is entered in a prosecution in which a deposit had been made, the balance of such deposit, after deduction of the bond costs, shall be applied first to the payment of any restitution ordered and then, if	Restitution and judgement	Yes	No

<b>Jurisdiction</b>	<b>Relevant Statute(s)</b>	<b>Bond Conversion Permitted?<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>Statute Language or Description</b>	<b>Types of LFOs Bail Deposit May Cover</b>	<b>Notice Required?<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>3rd Parties Exempt?<sup>c</sup></b>
			ordered restitution is satisfied in full, to the payment of the judgment.			
<b>Wyoming</b>	Wyo. Stat. Title 7, Ch. 10 Bail §§ 7-10-101 – 7-10-106 & Ch. 9 Victim Restitution §§ 7-9-10 – 7-9-115	No	State statutes governing bail and LFOs in criminal procedure do not mention address conversion practices.	N/A	N/A	N/A

*Notes.*

<sup>a</sup> Whether statute explicitly authorizes bond conversion,

<sup>b</sup> Whether statute requires that the person posting bail be given notice that the bond may be converted to pay for LFOs,

<sup>c</sup> Whether statute exempts some or all third parties from bond conversion

**Table 2***Statutes Permitting Bond Conversion*

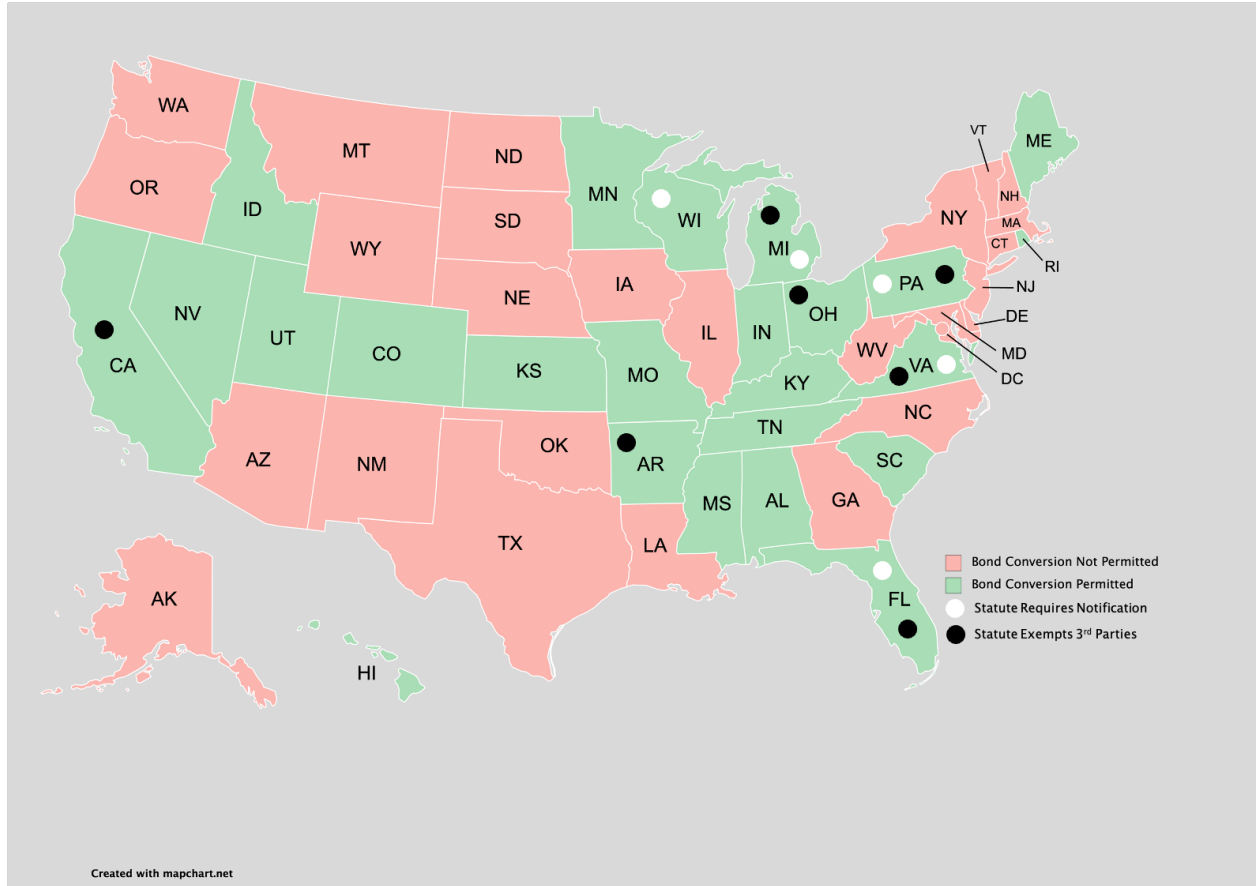
<b>Jurisdiction</b>	<b>Fines</b>	<b>Costs</b>	<b>Restitution</b>	<b>Other LFO</b>	<b>Rules</b>
Federal	✓	✗	✓	✓	👥
Alabama	✓	✓	✗	✗	
Arkansas	✓	✓	✗	✗	👥
California	✓	✓	✓	✗	👥
Colorado	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Florida	✗	✓	✗	✓	👥 📄
Hawaii	✓	✗	✓	✓	
Idaho	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Indiana	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Kansas	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Kentucky	✓	✓	✗	✓	
Maine	✓	✗	✓	✓	
Michigan	✓	✓	✓	✓	👥 📄
Minnesota	✓	✗	✓	✗	
Mississippi	✓	✗	✓	✗	
Missouri	✗	✓	✗	✗	
Nevada	✓	✓	✗	✗	
Ohio	✓	✓	✗	✗	👥
Pennsylvania	✓	✓	✓	✓	👥 📄
Rhode Island	✓	✓	✓	✓	
South Carolina	✗	✗	✓	✗	
Tennessee	✓	✓	✗	✗	
Utah	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Virginia	✓	✓	✗	✗	👥 📄
Wisconsin	✗	✗	✓	✓	📄

*Notes.* 👥 Statute dictates that some third parties are exempt from bond conversion; 📄 Statute requires that the individual depositing bail be informed that the deposit may later be used to cover legal financial obligations (LFOs) imposed upon the defendant by the court; ✓ bond may be converted to pay for LFO; ✗ bond may *not* be converted to pay for LFO. 26 states do not explicitly permit bond conversion in statute and are omitted from this table.

# Bond Conversion Figures

**Figure 1**

*Whether State Statute Permits Bond Conversion & Special Rules*



**Figure 2**

*Types of Legal Financial Obligations Bond Conversion is Permitted to Pay for by State Statute*

