

Lecture 24

IIR Filters

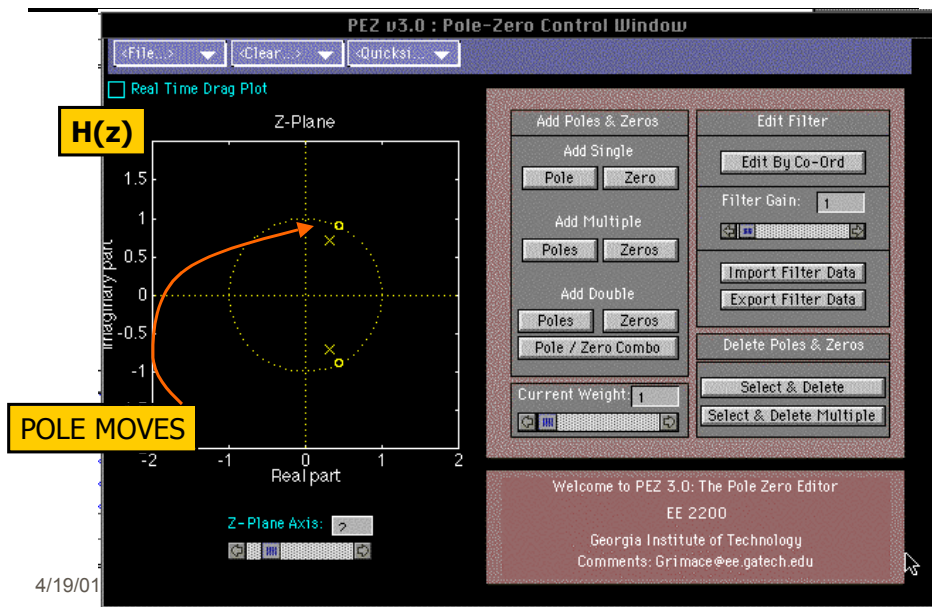
H(z) & Frequency Response

20-April-01

Final Exam Info

- Calendar: Final Exam: Period 15, Friday, May 4, 2:50pm
- Report CONFLICTS immediately !!!!
  - E.g., 3 exams in one day
- Reviews will be held on Weds & Thurs
  - 7pm in ECE Auditorium

PeZ GUI for MATLAB



ZZZZZ-Transform



LECTURE

teaching the 'Z-TRANSFORM'...

# READING ASSIGNMENTS

## This Lecture:

- Chapter 8, pp. 263-279

## Other Reading:

- Recitation: Ch. 8, pp. 261-272
- POLES & ZEROS

# LECTURE OBJECTIVES

- SYSTEM FUNCTION:  $H(z)$
- $H(z)$  has **POLES** and ZEROS
- FREQUENCY RESPONSE of IIR
  - Get  $H(z)$  first

$$H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = H(z) \Big|_{z=e^{j\hat{\omega}}}$$

- THREE-DOMAIN APPROACH

$$h[n] \leftrightarrow H(z) \leftrightarrow H(e^{j\hat{\omega}})$$

# IIR FILTER REVIEW

- ADD **PREVIOUS** OUTPUTS

$$y[n] = 0.8y[n-1] + 3x[n]$$

FEEDBACK COEFFICIENT

SIGN CHANGE

- MATLAB

```
yy = filter([3], [1, -0.8], xx)
```

$$H(z) = \frac{3}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}}$$

# IMPULSE RESPONSE

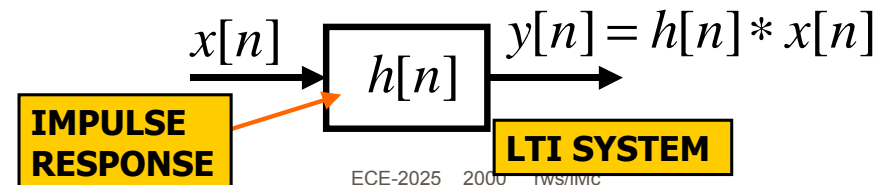
- DIFFERENCE EQUATION:

$$y[n] = 0.8y[n-1] + 3x[n]$$

- Find  $h[n]$

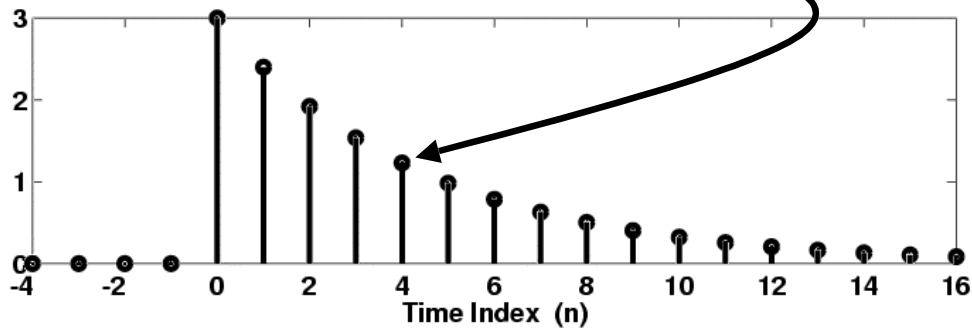
$$h[n] = 3(0.8)^n u[n]$$

- CONVOLUTION** in TIME-DOMAIN

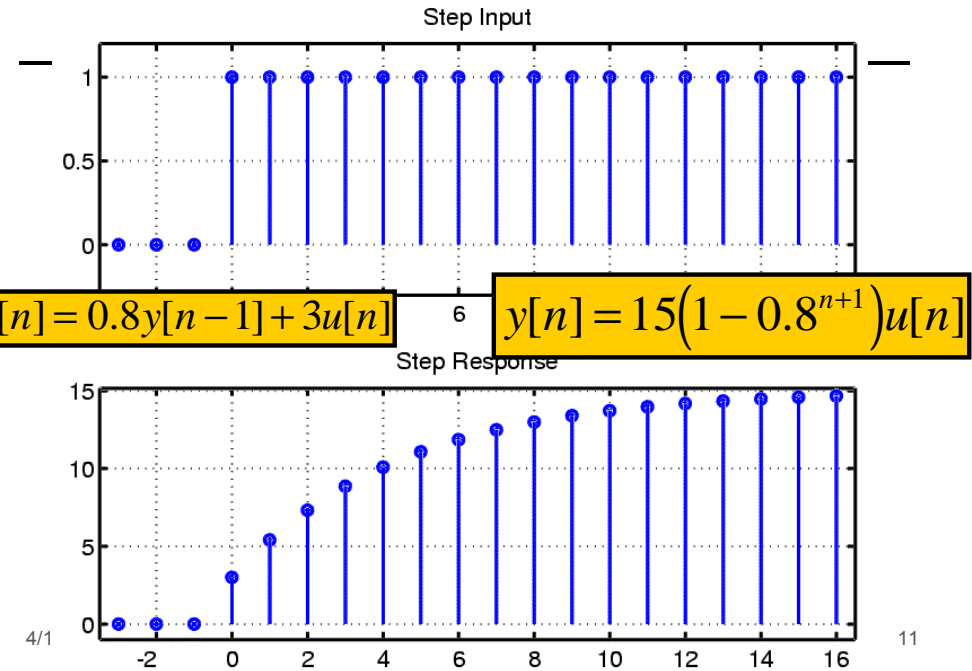


# PLOT IMPULSE RESPONSE

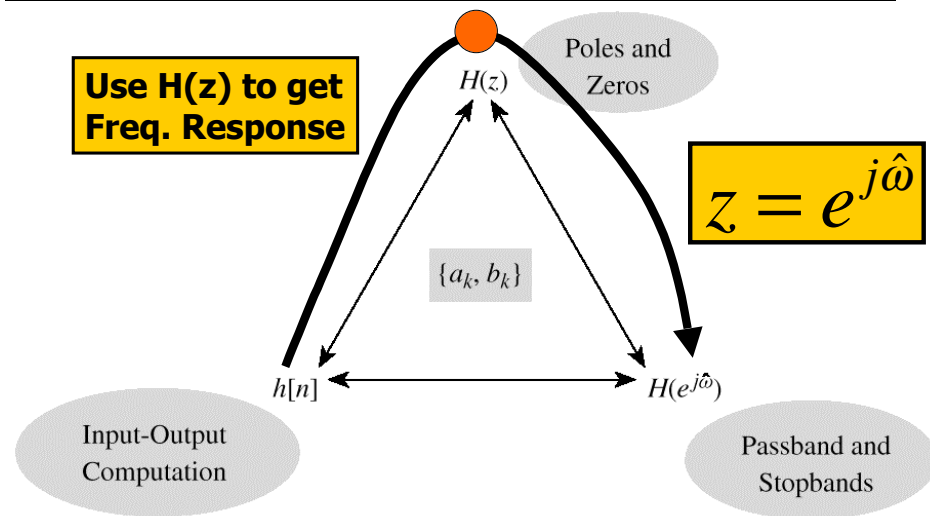
$$h[n] = b_0 (a_1)^n u[n] = 3(0.8)^n u[n]$$



# PLOT STEP RESPONSE



# THREE DOMAINS



**Figure 8.13** Relationship among the  $n$ -,  $z$ -, and  $\hat{w}$ -domains. The filter coefficients  $\{a_k, b_k\}$  play a central role.

# First-Order Transform Pair

- GEOMETRIC SEQUENCE:

$$h[n] = ba^n u[n] \leftrightarrow H(z) = \frac{b}{1 - az^{-1}}$$

- USE KNOWN TRANSFORM PAIR:

$$\begin{aligned} h[n] &= ba^n u[n] = 3(0.8)^n u[n] \\ H(z) &= \sum_n 3(0.8)^n u[n] z^{-n} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 3(0.8)^n z^{-n} = \frac{3}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}} \end{aligned}$$

## DELAY PROPERTY of X(z)

- DELAY in TIME  $\leftrightarrow$  Multiply X(z) by  $z^{-1}$

$$x[n] \leftrightarrow X(z)$$

$$x[n-1] \leftrightarrow z^{-1}X(z)$$

Proof: 
$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n-1]z^{-n} = \sum_{\ell=-\infty}^{\infty} x[\ell]z^{-(\ell+1)}$$

$$= z^{-1} \sum_{\ell=-\infty}^{\infty} x[\ell]z^{-\ell} = z^{-1}X(z)$$

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## Z-Transform of IIR Filter

- DERIVE the SYSTEM FUNCTION H(z)

Use **DELAY PROPERTY**

$$y[n] = a_1y[n-1] + b_0x[n] + b_1x[n-1]$$

$$Y(z) = a_1z^{-1}Y(z) + b_0X(z) + b_1z^{-1}X(z)$$

**EASIER with DELAY PROPERTY**

Time delay of  $n_0$  samples multiplies the  $z$ -transform by  $z^{-n_0}$

$$x[n - n_0] \iff z^{-n_0}X(z)$$

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## SYSTEM FUNCTION of IIR

- NOTE the FILTER COEFFICIENTS

$$Y(z) - a_1z^{-1}Y(z) = b_0X(z) + b_1z^{-1}X(z)$$

$$(1 - a_1z^{-1})Y(z) = (b_0 + b_1z^{-1})X(z)$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{b_0 + b_1z^{-1}}{1 - a_1z^{-1}} = \frac{B(z)}{A(z)}$$

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## SYSTEM FUNCTION

- DIFFERENCE EQUATION:

$$y[n] = 0.8y[n-1] + 3x[n] - 2x[n-1]$$

- READ** the FILTER COEFFS:

**H(z)**

$$Y(z) = \left( \frac{3 - 2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}} \right) X(z)$$

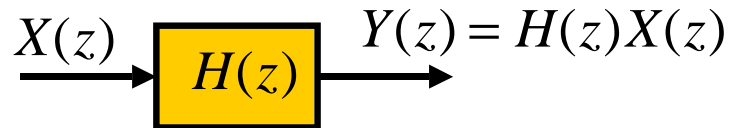
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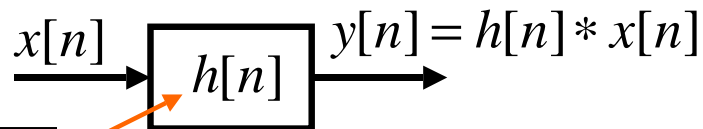
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# CONVOLUTION PROPERTY

- MULTIPLICATION** of z-TRANSFORMS



- CONVOLUTION** in TIME-DOMAIN



**IMPULSE RESPONSE**

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# POLES & ZEROS

- ROOTS** of NUMERATOR & DENOMINATOR

$$H(z) = \frac{b_0 + b_1 z^{-1}}{1 - a_1 z^{-1}} \rightarrow H(z) = \frac{b_0 z + b_1}{z - a_1}$$

$$b_0 z + b_1 = 0 \Rightarrow z = -\frac{b_1}{b_0}$$

**ZERO:**  
**H(z)=0**

$$z - a_1 = 0 \Rightarrow z = a_1$$

**POLE: H(z) -> inf**

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# EXAMPLE: Poles & Zeros

- VALUE** of H(z) at **POLES** is **INFINITE**

$$H(z) = \frac{2 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}}$$

$$H(-1) = \frac{2 + 2(-1)}{1 - 0.8(-1)} = 0$$

**ZERO at z = -1**

$$H\left(\frac{4}{5}\right) = \frac{2 + 2\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)}{1 - 0.8\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)} = \frac{7}{5} \rightarrow \infty$$

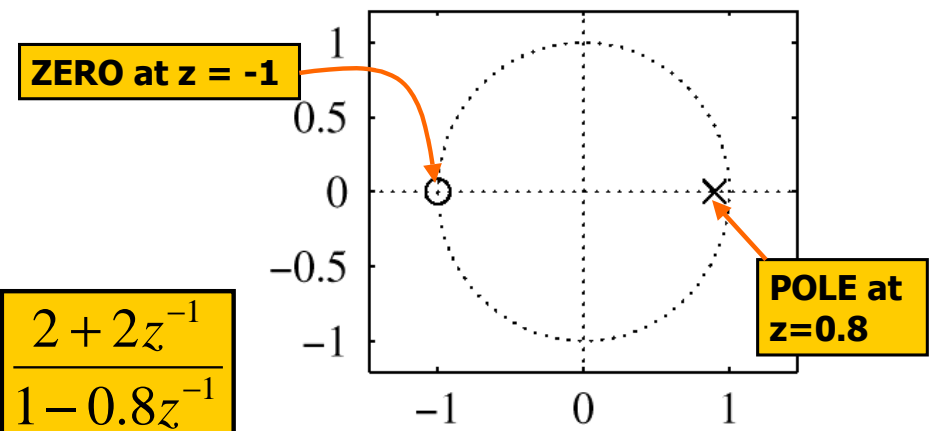
**POLE at z = 0.8**

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# POLE-ZERO PLOT



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# FREQUENCY RESPONSE

- SYSTEM FUNCTION:  $H(z)$
- $H(z)$  has DENOMINATOR
- FREQUENCY RESPONSE of IIR
  - We have  $H(z)$

$$H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = H(z) \Big|_{z=e^{j\hat{\omega}}}$$

- THREE-DOMAIN APPROACH

$$h[n] \leftrightarrow H(z) \leftrightarrow H(e^{j\hat{\omega}})$$

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# FREQUENCY RESPONSE

- EVALUATE on the UNIT CIRCLE

$$H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = H(z) \Big|_{z=e^{j\hat{\omega}}}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{b_0 + b_1 z^{-1}}{1 - a_1 z^{-1}}$$

$$H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = H(z) \Big|_{z=e^{j\hat{\omega}}} = \frac{b_0 + b_1 e^{-j\hat{\omega}}}{1 - a_1 e^{-j\hat{\omega}}}$$

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# FREQ. RESPONSE FORMULA

$$H(z) = \frac{1}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}} \rightarrow H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = \frac{1}{1 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}}}$$

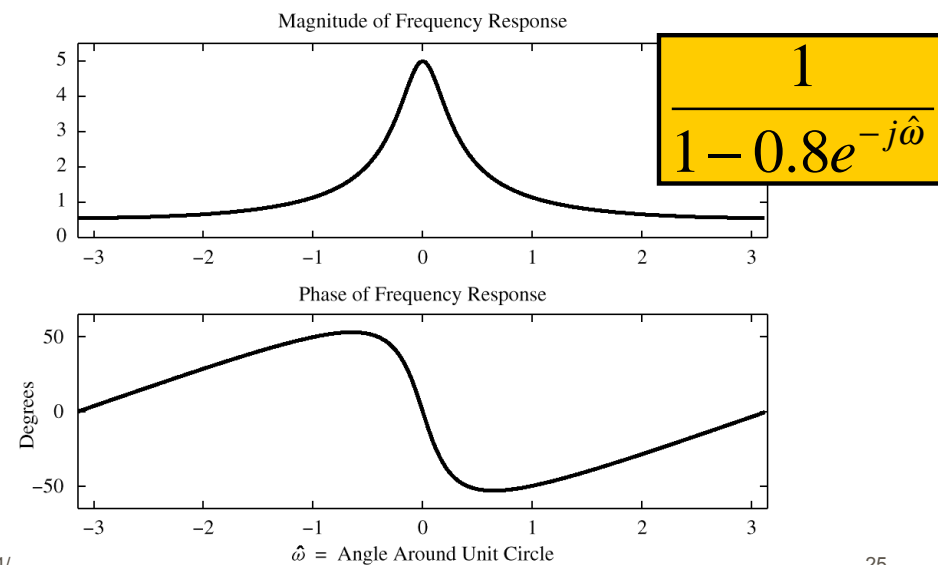
$$|H(e^{j\hat{\omega}})|^2 = \left| \frac{1}{1 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}}} \right|^2 = \frac{1}{1 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}}} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - 0.8e^{j\hat{\omega}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{1 + 0.64 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}} - 0.8e^{j\hat{\omega}}} = \frac{1}{1.64 - 1.6 \cos \hat{\omega}}$$

$$@ \hat{\omega} = 0, |H(e^{j\hat{\omega}})|^2 = \frac{1}{0.04} = 25 \quad @ \hat{\omega} = \pi?$$

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# FREQ. RESPONSE from H(z)

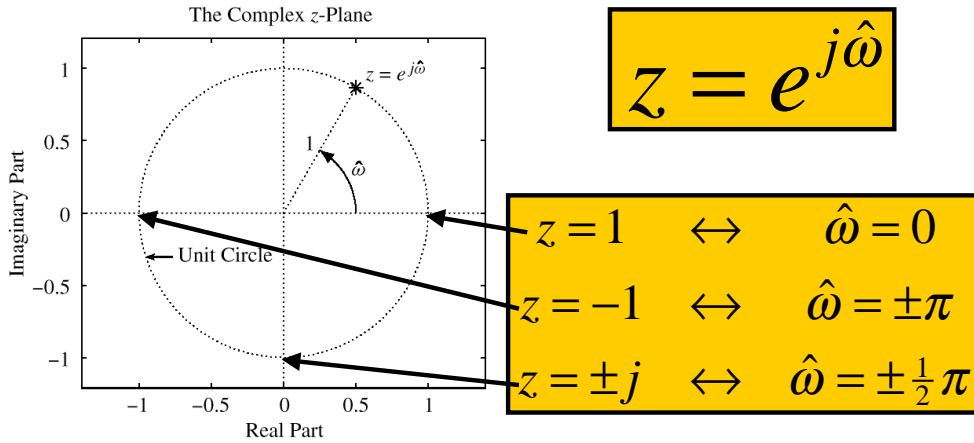


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# UNIT CIRCLE

## MAPPING BETWEEN $z$ and $\hat{\omega}$

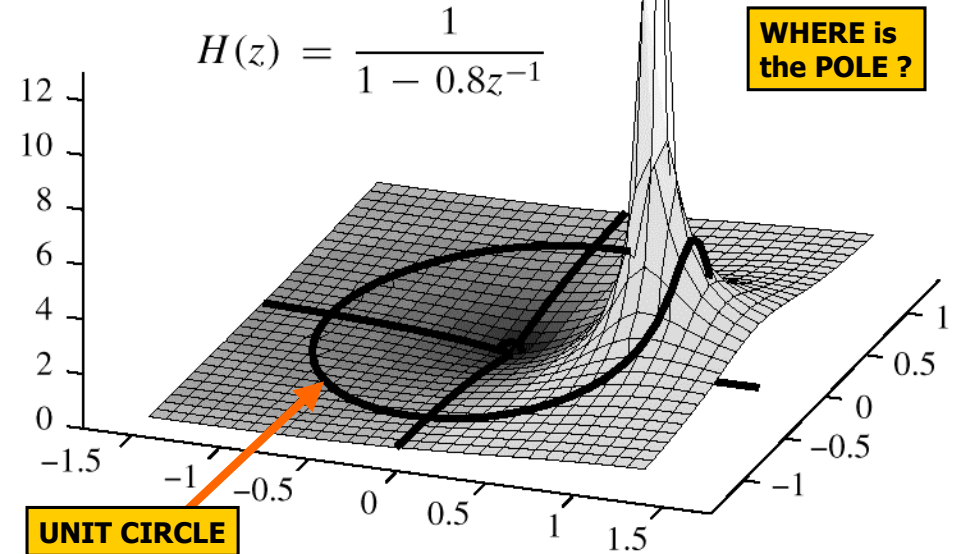


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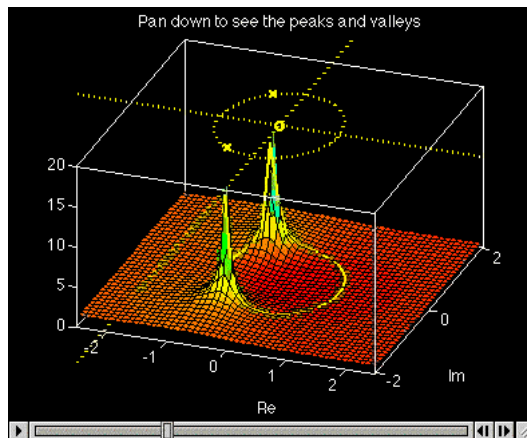
## 3-D VIEWPOINT: EVALUTE $H(z)$ EVERYWHERE



# MOVIE for $H(z)$ in 3-D

## POLES to $H(z)$ to Frequency Reponse

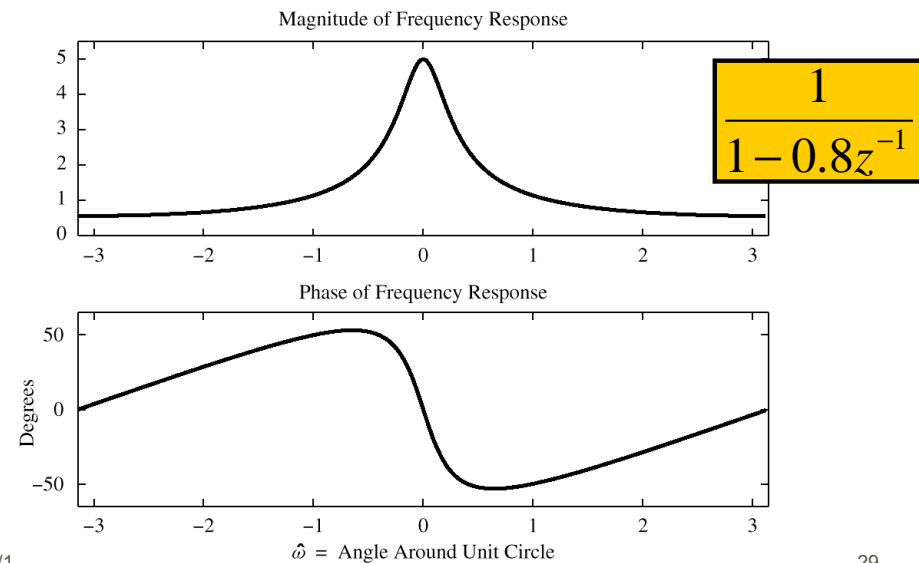
### TWO POLES SHOWN



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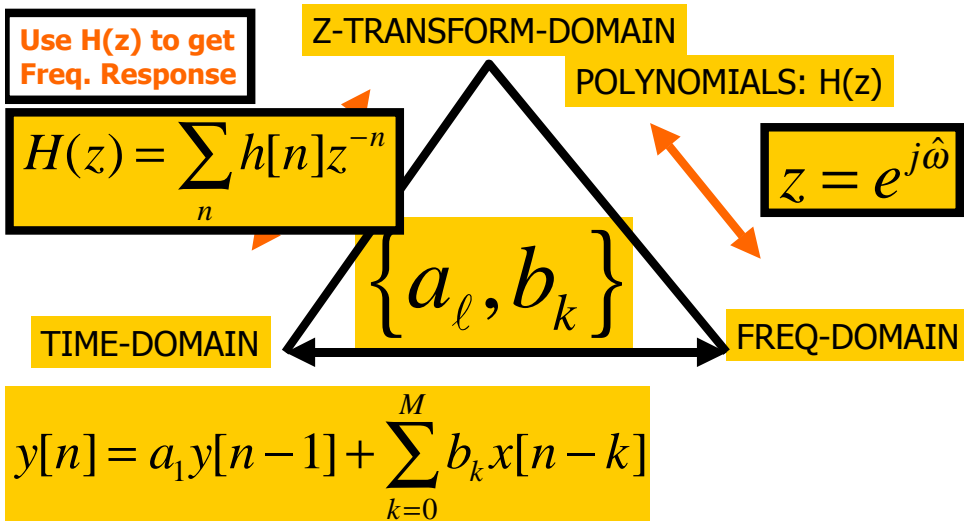
# FREQ. RESPONSE from 3-D



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# THREE DOMAINS

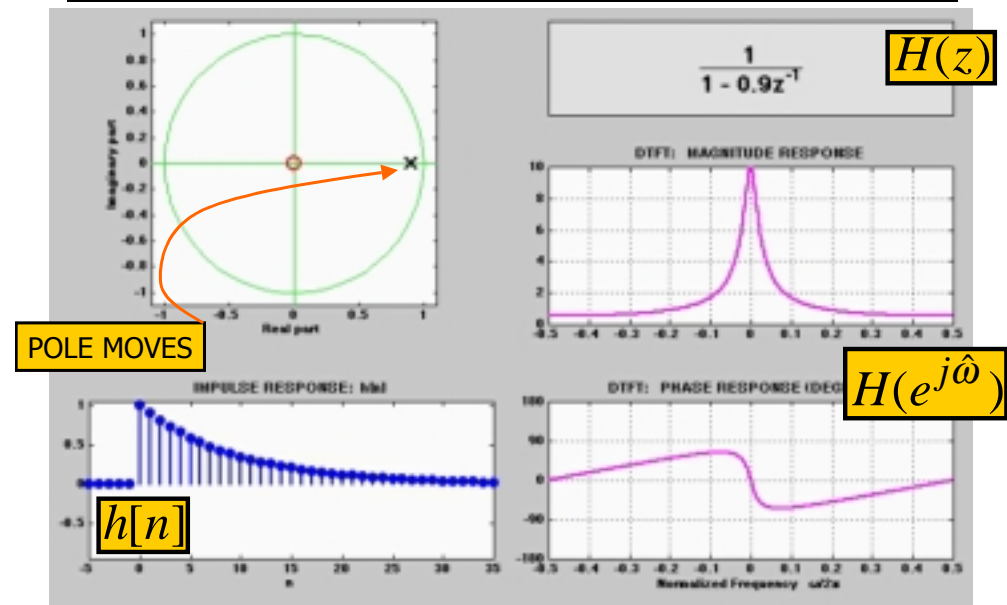


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# 3 DOMAINS MOVIE: IIR



# POP QUIZ

- Given:

$$H(z) = \frac{2 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}}$$

- Find the **Impulse Response**,  $h[n]$
- Find the output,  $y[n]$

- When  $x[n] = \cos(0.25\pi n)$

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# POP QUIZ: Invert Z

- Given:

$$H(z) = \frac{2 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}} = \frac{2}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}} + \frac{2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}}$$

- Find the **Impulse Response**,  $h[n]$ 
  - Use the DELAY PROPERTY

$$h[n] = 2(0.8)^n u[n] + 2(0.8)^{n-1} u[n-1]$$

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# SINUSOIDAL RESPONSE

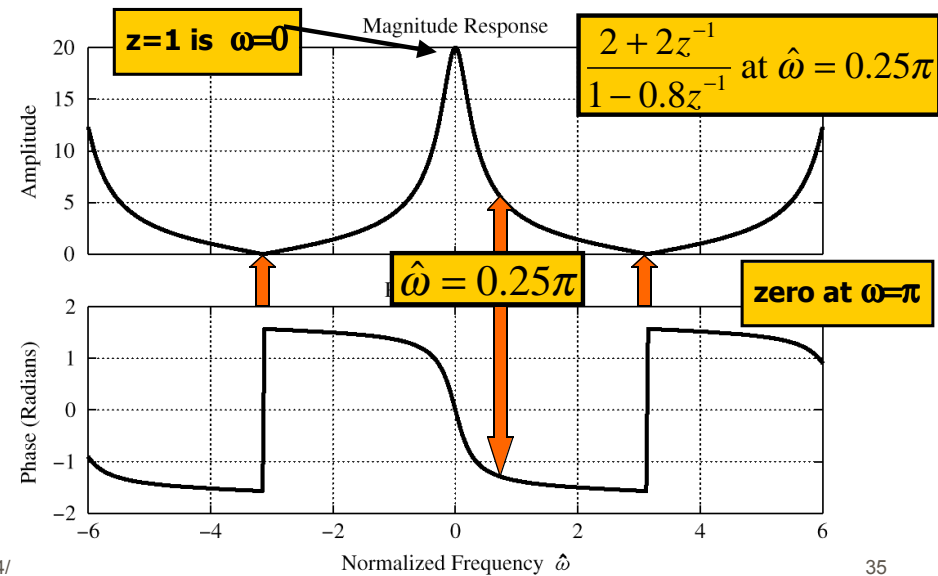
- $x[n] = \text{SINUSOID} \Rightarrow y[n]$  is SINUSOID
- Get MAGNITUDE & PHASE from  $H(z)$

if  $x[n] = e^{j\hat{\omega}n}$ , then

$$y[n] = \mathcal{H}(\hat{\omega})e^{j\hat{\omega}n}$$

$$\mathcal{H}(\hat{\omega}) = H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = H(z) \Big|_{z=e^{j\hat{\omega}}}$$

# Evaluate FREQ. RESPONSE



# POP QUIZ: Eval Freq. Resp.

- Given:

$$H(z) = \frac{2 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}}$$

- Find output,  $y[n]$ , when

$$x[n] = \cos(0.25\pi n)$$

- Evaluate at

$$z = e^{j0.25\pi}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{2 + 2\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + j\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{1 - 0.8e^{-j0.25\pi}} = 5.182e^{-j1.309}$$

$$y[n] = 5.182 \cos(0.25\pi n - 0.417\pi)$$