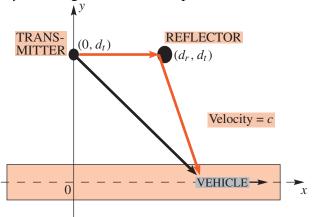
SP First ERRATA. These are mostly typos, but there are a few crucial mistakes in formulas. <u>Underline</u> is not used in the book, so I've used it to denote changes. *JHMcClellan, May 18, 2016*

- 1. page 10*, Figure 2-4, last line of text in figure: $\Longrightarrow \underline{x} = r \cos(\theta)$
- 2. page 13*, righthand column, last line of text, change 3 to 2, ... negative slope of $-\frac{2}{3}$ for $\frac{1}{2} < t \le \underline{2}$. Now ...
- 3. page 34*, Figure 2-21, The diagram of the original figure does not correspond to the equations given in the problem. The general formula for the distance off the reflector, d_2 , is $d_2 = d_r + \sqrt{(x-d_r)^2 + d_t^2}$. The figure should be replaced with the one below:



- 4. page 41, (bottom left), The CDROM citation should read: **LAB:** #3 AM and FM Sinusoidal Signals
- 5. page 44*, 2nd line, left hand column, change the sentence to read: Since $T_0 = 1/f_0$ is the smallest possible period, it is also the fundamental period.
- 6. page 49, equation (3.25) Orthogonality Property
- 7. page 53, (2nd line of equations for a_k), denominator should be: $-j(2\pi/T_0)k$, so we would have

$$= \left(\frac{1}{T_0}\right) \frac{e^{-j(2\pi/T_0)k(\frac{1}{2}T_0)} - e^{-j(2\pi/T_0)k(0)}}{-j(2\pi/T_0)k}$$

8. page 56, 2nd line of equation(3.37), exponent in exponential needs changing, should be: $e^{-j(2\pi/T_0)kt}$. The entire line should read:

$$+\frac{1}{T_0}\int_{\frac{1}{2}T_0}^{T_0} (2(T_0-t)/T_0)e^{-j(2\pi/T_0)kt} dt$$

9. page 63, righthand column, line 18, (insert a space) ...signals, such as a Touch-Tone phone.

10. page 78, righthand column, 7 lines below equation (4.12) should read: ...arbitrary, but the ideal <u>D-to-C</u> converter always selects...

11. page 83, The CDROM citation should read:

LAB: #3 Chirp Synthesis from Chapter 3

12. page 91, The CDROM citation should read:

DEMO: Reconstruction Movies

- 13. page 111, The CDROM citation should read: LAB: #6 Digital Images: A/D and D/A
- 14. page 123*, The convolution table has a notation problem. $h_1[n]$ and $h_2[n]$ are swapped and we should have written $h_2[k]h_1[n-k]$. Also, in the equation above the table, we should write: $y[n] = h_2[n] * h_1[n]$.

n	n < 0	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	n > 6
$h_1[n]$	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
$h_2[n]$	0	0	1	1	1				
$h_2[0]h_1[n]$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$h_2[1]h_1[n-1]$	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
$h_2[2]h_1[n-2]$	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0
$h_2[3]h_1[n-3]$	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
h[n]	0	0	1	2	3	3	2	1	0

15. page 126, The CDROM citation should read:

LAB: #7 Sampling, Convolution, and FIR Filtering

16. page 132, 3rd line of Example 6-2, Missing $-\pi/3$ which should be colored. ... and $\angle H(e^{j\pi/3}) = -\pi/3$.

- 17. page 133, righthand column, 2nd line, algebraic steps in (6.6) show that y[n] can finally be expressed as a cosine signal.
- 18. page 153, righthand column, middle, *dsty* in the middle of the equation should be deleted.

$$H(e^{j2\pi(250)/1000})$$

$$= \frac{\sin(\pi(250)(11)/1000)}{\sin(\pi(250)/1000)} e^{-j2\pi(250)(5)/1000}$$

$$= 0.0909e^{-j\pi/2}$$

19. page 156, (bottom right), The CDROM citation should read:

LAB: #9 Encoding and Decoding Touch-Tones

20. page 174, Exercise 7.6, equation for w[n] should have minus sign instead of plus: w[n] = x[n] - x[n-1]

21. page 176, The CDROM citation should read:

DEMO: Three Domains - FIR

- 22. page 181, first paragraph of Section 7-7 should read:

 Now we can exploit our new knowledge to design filters with desirable characteristics. In this section, we will look at a special class of bandpass filters (BPFs) that are all close relatives of the running-sum filter.
- 23. page 192, Figure P-7.6(b), output (above the arrow on the far right) should be w[n], not y[n].
- 24. page 195, in Problem **P-7.17**, part (a). The exponent has two extra parentheses that should be deleted; the exponent should be:

$$H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = [2b_0 \sin(2\hat{\omega}) + 2b_1 \sin(\hat{\omega})]e^{j\pi/2 - j\hat{\omega}2}$$

- 25. page 219*, Example 8-11 (caption), **Example 8-11: Long Division**
- 26. page 241*, in Problems **P-8.13** and **P-8.14**, S_6 is wrong. The upper limit on the summation needs to be 3, not 2; otherwise, no match is possible.

$$S_6: y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{3} x[n-k]$$

- 27. page 242, Problem **P-8.17**, ...five possible impulse responses (J–N).
- 28. page 250*, Figure 9-5 (caption), <u>Scaled unit-impulse signal is symbolized...</u>
- 29. page 264, Figure 9-13(a), Label on y-axis contains a "gamma," should be: $x(\tau)$
- 30. page 264, Figure 9-13(b), Label on y-axis appears to have a light gray vertical bar after the equals sign. This is only visible in the PDF file. Should be: $g(\tau) = x(-\tau)$
- 31. page 295, The CDROM citation should read: LAB: #13 Numerical Evaluation of Fourier Series
- 32. page 296, line 1 beneath Fig. 10-6 should read: which we can rewrite as y(t) = ...
- 33. page 302, The CDROM citation should read: LAB: #15 Fourier Series (Ch. 12)
- 34. page 312*, The following derivation should be written on two lines instead of three; otherwise, the equals sign is ambiguous.

$$|X(j\omega)| = \left| \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)e^{-j\omega t} dt \right|$$

$$\leq \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |x(t)e^{-j\omega t}| dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |x(t)| dt$$

- 35. page 319*, line 8, righthand column, (insert comma) necessary condition, for having a Fourier transform.
- 36. page 326, line 11, righthand column, ...we showed in (10.3)...
- 37. page 329*, equation in righthand column is missing T^2 ,

$$y(t) = x(t) * h(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{T^2}{(\omega T/2)} \left(\frac{\sin(\omega T/2)}{(\omega T/2)}\right)^2 e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

or T could be removed from the denominator and it could be written as:

$$y(t) = x(t) * h(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin(\omega T/2)}{(\omega/2)} \right)^2 e^{j\omega t} d\omega$$

- 38. page 349*, Figure 12-4(b), input signal to first block should be x(t), instead of x[n]
- 39. page 351, line 1, righthand column, remove the words "filtersFrequency selective" so that it reads: ... *frequency selective* filters. In this section,...
- 40. page 354*, Figure 12-9, 2nd line of caption, (subscript not italic) ...to give the output signal $y_{lp}(t)$.
- 41. page 355, The CDROM citation should read: LAB: #14 Design with Fourier Series
- 42. page 364, Figure 12-20, misspelled word inside the first block: Half-Wave Rectifier
- 43. page 368*, equation (12.40), second line is missing n; it should be:

$$= x(t) \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - \underline{n} T_s)$$

44. page 369*, Example **12-5**, first equation is missing a k inside the δ function:

$$P(j\omega) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2\pi}{T_s}\right) \delta(\omega - \underline{k}\omega_s)$$

- 45. page 379, Figure 12-35(d), the rightmost label $2\pi\gamma$ contains an extraneous γ ; should be 2π
- 46. page 381*, Problem **P-12.2** has ω_{co1} and ω_{co2} switched, because the natural assumption is that ω_{co1} is the lower passband cutoff frequency, while ω_{co2} is the upper one. Thus, the natural assumption is that $\omega_{co1} < \omega_{co2}$. To correct this equation (12.76) should be changed to:

$$h_{\rm bp}(t) = \frac{\sin(\underline{\omega_{co2}}t)}{\pi t} - \frac{\sin(\underline{\omega_{co1}}t)}{\pi t}$$

47. page 383*, Problem **P-12.7** part (c), change minus sign to plus sign:

$$w(t) = \frac{1}{2}x_1(t)[1 + \cos(2\omega_c t)]...$$

- 48. page 383, Figure P-12.8, inside block (bad spacing) LTI System
- 49. page 384, Figure P-12.9, inside block (bad spacing) LTI System
- 50. page 385, Figure P-12.11(a), change summation index to k in the definition of p(t):

$$p(t) = \sum_{\underline{k} = -\infty}^{\infty} a_k e^{jk\omega_p t}$$

51. page 386, Problem **P-12.13**, change π to π/T_s in the definition of $H_r(j\omega)$:

$$H_r(j\omega) = \begin{cases} T_s & |\omega| \le \pi/T_s \\ 0 & |\omega| > \pi/T_s \end{cases}$$

- 52. page 387, Figure P-12.15(b), change 4 to 1 in the definition of the passband of $H(e^{j\hat{\omega}})$.
- 53. page 392, before equation (13.8), lefthand column, (insert space)equation (12.61) on p. 376, that the DTFT of...
- 54. page 410, top, lefthand column, section title should be: 13-8.2 Spectrograms in MATLAB
- 55. page 413*, Figure 13-20, Label on x-axis should be (sec) not (msec): Time (sec)
- 56. page 414*, Figure 13-22, Label on *x*-axis should be (sec) not (msec): Time (sec)
- 57. page 414*, Figure 13-23, Label on *x*-axis should be (sec) not (msec): Time (sec)
- 58. page 438*, Figure A-13 (caption), For the vectors shown, $|z_1| > 1$ and $|z_3| < 1$.
- 60. page 460, top line, lefthand column,
 Use the built-in MATLAB editor, or an external one...

Optional:

1. page 26, The suggested change in wording was not made:

Change LAB: #2, Adding Sinusoids and Complex Amplitudes

to LAB: #2 Introduction to Complex Exponentials.

Note: this change was made correctly on page 31.

2. page 46, The CDROM citation should read:

DEMO: Spectrograms: Simple Sounds: Square Wave

- 3. page 68, Problem **P-3.15** (b), top of the right hand column. It would make a better problem to define y(t) as $2x(t-T_0/4)$ because then the shifted square wave has its jumps at t=0 and $t=T_0/2$ like the example worked out in Section 3-6.1.
- 4. page 381, in Problems **P-12.2** and **P-12.3** it should be stated that $\omega_{co1} < \omega_{co2}$.
- 5. page 416, The CDROM citation should read:

DEMO: Ch 3, Spectrograms

CD-ROM Errata:

- 1. Exercise 2.2, p. 14 in the text: "Derive the equations for the shifted signal $x_2(t) = s(t+1)$." seems to point to a similar but different shifted triangular-signal on the SPFirst CD and also on the website. Fig. 2-8(c) in the book shows the correct signal for s(t+1), but the answer to Exercise 2.2, on CD and website, points to a .pdf file showing a different signal (base of 3-units instead of 2) with different slopes (m = 1 and m = -1/2 instead of m = 2 and m = -2/3) and having a different final equation when solving for s(t+1).
- 2. Exercise 3.8 solution is wrong because the k=3 term was evaluated incorrectly. The last two lines should be:

$$x_N(t) = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{\pi} e^{j50\pi t} - \frac{2}{\pi} e^{-j50\pi t} - \frac{2}{\underline{3^2\pi}} e^{j150\pi t} - \frac{2}{\underline{3^2\pi}} e^{-j150\pi t}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \cos(50\pi t) - \frac{4}{9\pi} \cos(150\pi t)$$

3. Exercise 7.6 solution was not consistent with the printed version (1st and 2nd printing) of the text. However, the error is with the text, so the solution is not changed.