Deep transfer learning for single-cell drug response prediction

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Background: drug response prediction at the bulk level









Genomics of Drug Sensitivity in Cancer <u>Drug Combinations</u>

As referenced for the independation of drug combination data generated at the Welcome Sanger Institute.

Examples of computational tools for bulk data:

deepDR (Zeng, Xiangxiang, et al. "deepDR: a network-based deep learning approach to in silico drug repositioning." Bioinformatics 35.24 (2019): 5191-5198.) Dr. Zhongming Zhao

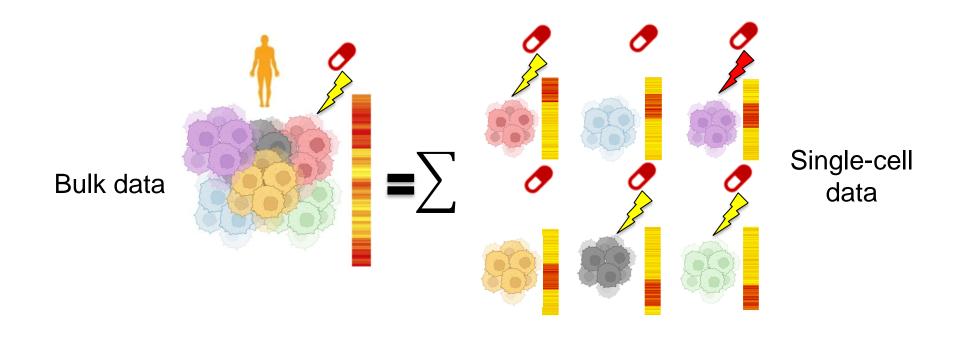
VAEN (Jia, Peilin, et al. "Deep generative neural network for accurate drug response imputation." Nature Communications 12.1 (2021): 1740.) Dr. Zhongming Zhao

DeepDR (Chiu, Yu-Chiao, et al. "Predicting drug response of tumors from integrated genomic profiles by deep neural networks." BMC Medical Genomics 12.1 (2019): 143-155.) Dr. Yidong Chen

DeepDep (Chiu, Yu-Chiao, et al. "Predicting and characterizing a cancer dependency map of tumors with deep learning." Science Advances 7.34 (2021): eabh1275.) Dr. Yidong Chen

Challenges in predicting drug response at the single-cell level





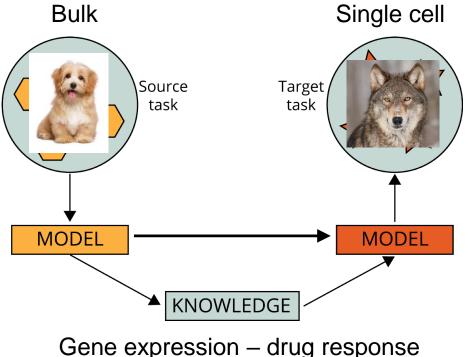
How to predict single-cell level drug response?

- High heterogeneity -- cannot directly apply tools designed for bulk data
- Not enough single-cell data with drug response labels for model training/validation

scDEAL: deep transfer learning for single-cell drug response prediction



Deep transfer learning



- Train a model that can learn gene expression-drug response relation at the bulk level;
- Transfer the trained model to predict single-cell drug response

nature communications

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Article

https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-022-34277-7

Deep transfer learning of cancer drug responses by integrating bulk and single-cell RNA-seq data



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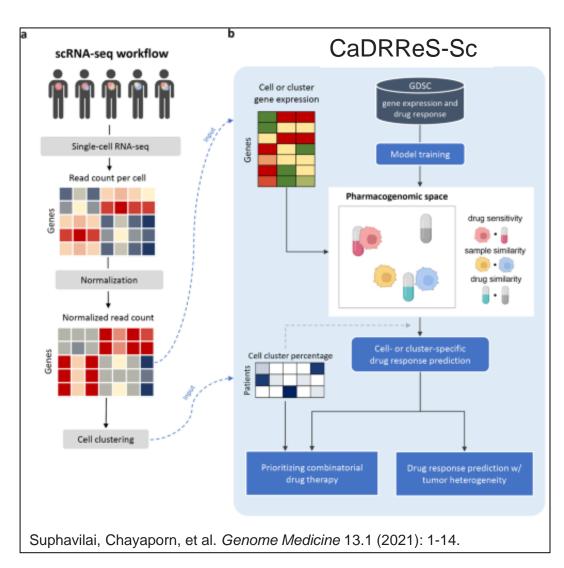
Published online: 30 October 2022

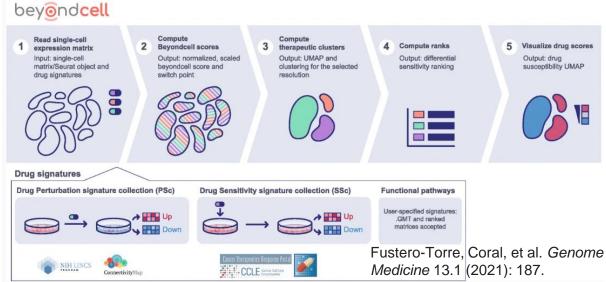
Junyi Chen^{1,6}, Xiaoying Wang^{2,6}, Anjun Ma ^{1,3} ⊠, Qi-En Wang⁴, Bingqiang Liu², Lang Li¹, Dong Xu ⁵ & Qin Ma ^{1,3} ⊠

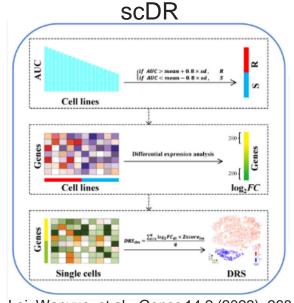
Prof. Qin Ma

Recently published tools

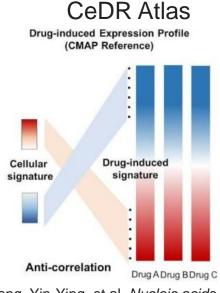












Wang, Yin-Ying, et al. Nucleic acids research 50.D1 (2022): D1164-D1171.

Data availability and preprocessing





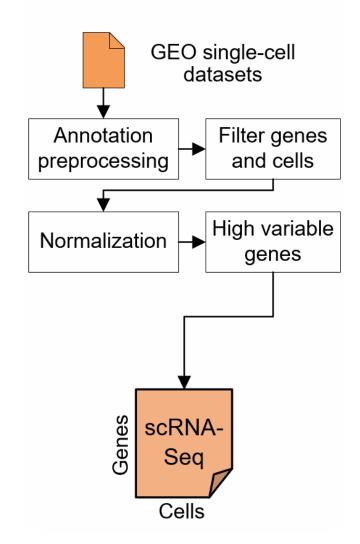


Genomics of Drug Sensitivity in Cancer

Drug Combinations

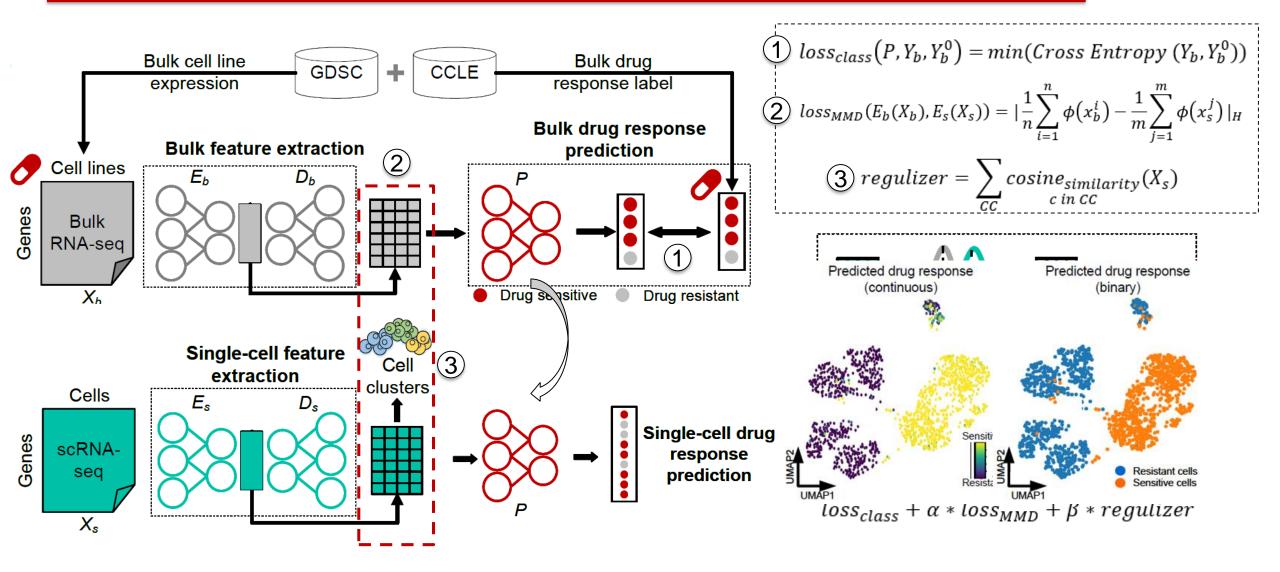
| | # cell lines | # drugs | # genes |
|-----------|--------------|---------|---------|
| GDSC | 804 | 192 | 17,419 |
| CCLE | 476 | 1,448 | 19,177 |
| GDSC+CCLE | 1,280 | 1,557 | 15,962 |

| | Drug | GEO access | Cells | Cancer type |
|--------|------------|-------------------|-------|------------------------|
| Data 1 | Cisplatin | GSE117872 | 548 | Oral squamous |
| Data 2 | Cispiatifi | | 568 | cell carcinomas |
| Data 3 | Gefitinib | GSE112274 | 507 | Lung cancer |
| Data 4 | Docetaxel | GSE140440 | 324 | Prostate Cancer |
| Data 5 | Erlotinib | GSE149383 | 1,496 | Lung cancer |
| Data 6 | I-BET-762 | GSE110894 | 1,419 | Acute myeloid leukemia |



The design of the scDEAL framework





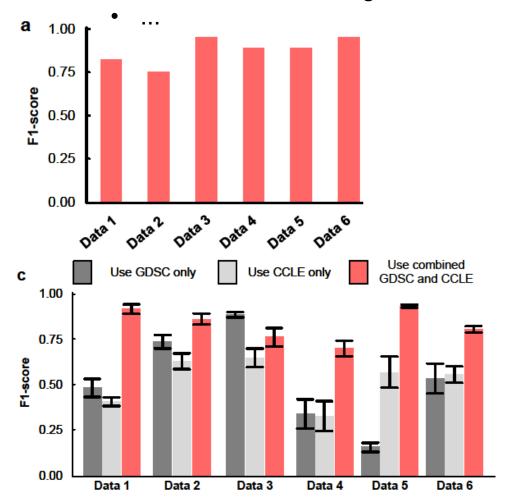
- The prediction is for one drug at a time
- scDEAL is label free no cell cluster or experimental labels required

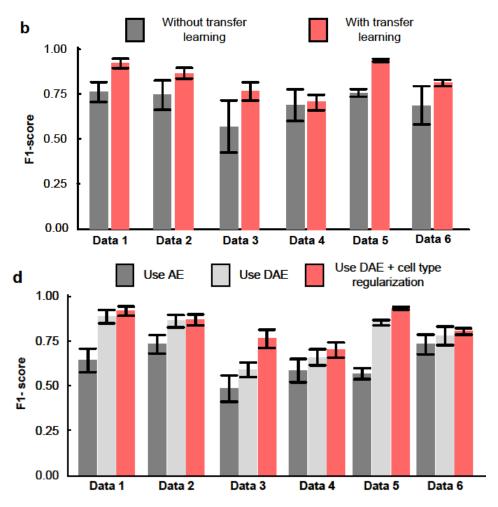
Benchmark evaluation and model validation



Define single-cell drug response labels based on sample information, e.g.:

- Without treatment/DMSO all sensitive
- Treatment after a short time all sensitive
- Treatment after a long time all resistant



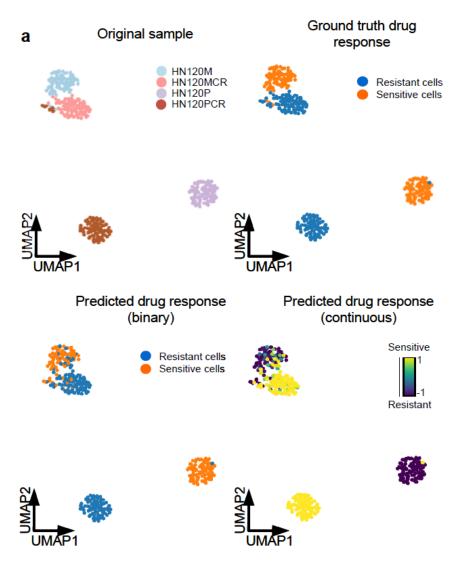


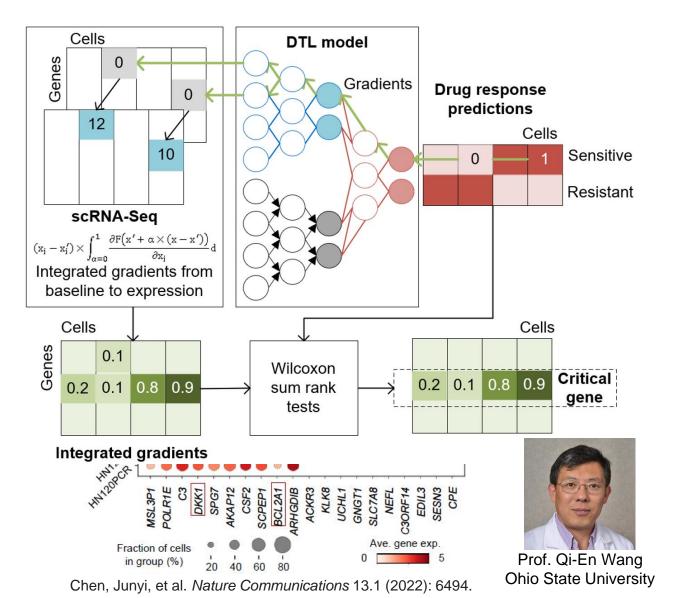
scDEAL accurately predicted Cisplatin response in OSCC and identify critical genes related to drug response



Sample: Oral squamous cell carcinoma (OSCC) (Data 1; 548 cells)

Treatment: Cisplatin



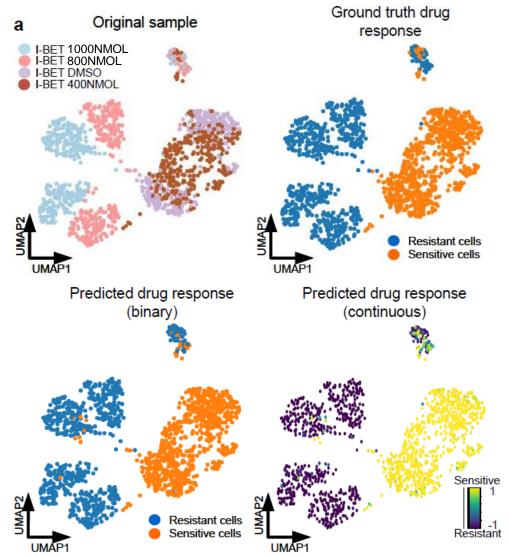


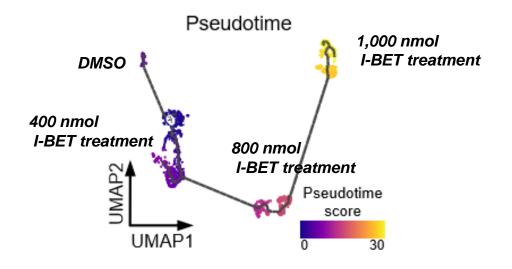
scDEAL predicted drug response align with treatment dosage

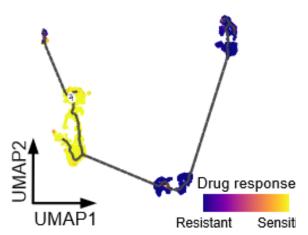


Sample: Acute myeloid leukemia (1,419 cells)

Treatment: BET inhibitor (I-BET)







Response probability

Chen, Junyi, et al. Nature Communications 13.1 (2022): 6494.

Summary and discussion



What did we do?

- We developed scDEAL, adapting a deep transfer learning model, for single-cell drug response prediction.
- scDEAL can accurately predict drug responses on different scRNA-seq data and identify critical genes responsible for drug response.

What's next?

- Optimization for cross-patient and cross-species prediction
- Include more single-cell modalities (e.g., DNA mutation and metabolites)
- Predict combinatory drug responses
- and more...

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