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### **Bat Houses: Criteria for Success**

- 1) Roost chambers 20 inches tall and 14 inches wide
  - o The tall, wider, and more chambers the better
- 2) Bat's want to be warm and dry!
  - All seams must be sealed
  - Paint outside of house
    - Dark brown, gray, or green with avg. July temps of 85-95 degree
- 3) Houses need direct sunlight (morning sun)
  - o 6-10 hours
- 4) Mount high enough (12-20 ft)
  - o Enough space to fly (20-30 ft from branches, etc.)
- 5) Mount on a pole or side of building within 1.4 mi of
  - o Best success in areas of mixed habitat, or along forest edge
- 6) Clean out every 2-3 winters (Nov. March)

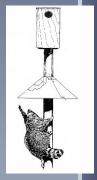
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# Other species attracted to bluebird boxes: Tree Swallow House Wren Chickadee

### Bluebird Nest Boxes: Criteria for Success

- Material: cedar and pine have water resistant properties
- Stain outside to extend longevity or go natural
- Entrance hole should be 1 3/8" diameter
- Include drainage holes and ventilation
- Consider adding a predator guard
- Place in open area (field, prairie, grassland, or shurbland)
- Monitor your boxes!
  - To keep them clean
  - o It's fun!

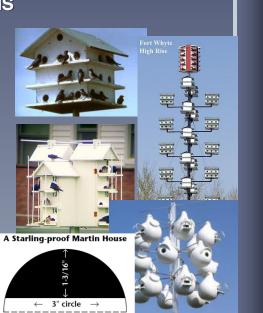


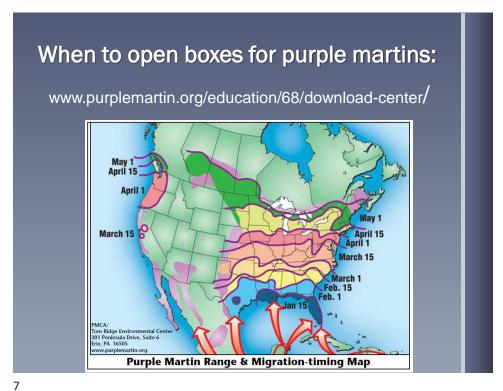


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# **Nest Boxes for Birds**

- Purple martin nest boxes
  - House should contain 12-20 compartments
  - Light in color to reflect sun
  - 50 feet from trees or buildings
    - They like a clear flight path
  - Mounted 10-15 feet on pole
  - Good success from gourds with starling guards





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### Nest Boxes for Squirrels: Criteria for Success

- Use natural (untreated) pine, fir, or cedar
- Do not stain or paint interior or exterior
- Flying Squirrels
  - Make sure access hole is no larger than 1 ½"
  - o Install sheet metal around edges to prevent gnawing
- Gray and Fox Squirrels
  - Access hole of 3" in diameter
- Create a hinge side-access door for cleaning
- Additional option: predator (raccoon guard)
  - o Place block of wood (1 x 2") inside & below access hole





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### Nest Boxes for Squirrels: Criteria for Success

- Place nest boxes in mature forest stands with hard mast producing trees
  - At least 60 feet in from the edge of woodlot and clearings
- Placement height:
  - Flying squirrels
    - Minimum 10 feet in tree at least 6 inches diameter
  - Gray and Fox Squirrels
    - At least 30 feet in tree at least 10 inches in diameter
- If possible, do not place near branches
  - Limits predators access
- 3-4 boxes per acre
  - o Provides other nesting sites and secondary nesting sites
- Clean out boxes every 2-3 years in early winter









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## Wood Duck Nest Box: Criteria for Success

- Wood ducks prefer ponds surrounded by woodlands
- Place single box in pond away from shoreline
  - o 6-8 feet above water
    - Keep in mind spring water levels
- Can also place box in woods with shrub cover
- Place 2-4" wood shavings in bottom of box
- Use a predator guard





# American Kestrel and Screech Owl Nest Box





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# Kestrel & Screech Owl Nest Boxes: Criteria for Success

### Kestrel

- Place box in open area
  - Space boxes 1 mile apart
- Mount 10-30 feet high on sign post
- Clean and prep before breeding season (late Feb – March)
  - Add 3-4" wood chips to bottom of box
  - Clean at end of nesting season (August)
- Watch for Starlings
  - 5-7 pale blue eggs

### Screech Owl

- Place box in mature forest stands
- Mount ~10 feet high
- Breeding season: Feb-March
  - Place 1-2" wood chips on bottom of box
  - Clean at end of nesting season (August)
- Gray and fox squirrels may use box
- Optional : perch on outside of box

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