



Progressions from

Objectives for Development & Learning

Birth Through Third Grade



Widely Held Expectations

Below are the ranges for objectives with color-coded progressions for development and learning.

Objectives and Dimensions	Ranges (color-coded)									
SOCIAL–EMOTIONAL										
1. Regulates own emotions and behaviors										
a. Manages feelings	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
b. Follows limits and expectations	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
c. Takes care of own needs appropriately	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
2. Establishes and sustains positive relationships										
a. Forms relationships with adults	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
b. Responds to emotional cues	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
c. Interacts with peers	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
d. Makes friends		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
3. Participates cooperatively and constructively in group situations										
a. Balances needs and rights of self and others	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
b. Solves social problems	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
PHYSICAL										
4. Demonstrates traveling skills	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
5. Demonstrates balancing skills	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
6. Demonstrates gross-motor manipulative skills	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
7. Demonstrates fine-motor strength and coordination										
a. Uses fingers and hands	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
b. Uses writing and drawing tools		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
LANGUAGE										
8. Listens to and understands increasingly complex language										
a. Comprehends language	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
b. Follows directions	■	■	■	■	■	■	■			

■

 Birth to 1 year

■

 1 to 2 years

■

 2 to 3 years

■

 Preschool 3 class

■

 PreK 4 class

■

 Kindergarten

■

 First Grade

■

 Second Grade

■

 Third Grade

Objectives and Dimensions	Ranges (color-coded)									
9. Uses language to express thoughts and needs										
a. Uses an expanding expressive vocabulary	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
b. Speaks clearly	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
c. Uses conventional grammar	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
d. Tells about another time or place		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
10. Uses appropriate conversational and other communication skills										
a. Engages in conversations	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
b. Uses social rules of language	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
COGNITIVE										
11. Demonstrates positive approaches to learning										
a. Attends and engages	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
b. Persists	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
c. Solves problems	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
d. Shows curiosity and motivation	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
e. Shows flexibility and inventiveness in thinking		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
12. Remembers and connects experiences										
a. Recognizes and recalls	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
b. Makes connections	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
13. Uses classification skills		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
14. Uses symbols and images to represent something not present										
a. Thinks symbolically	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
b. Engages in sociodramatic play		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
LITERACY										
15. Demonstrates phonological awareness, phonics skills, and word recognition										
a. Notices and discriminates rhyme		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
b. Notices and discriminates alliteration		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■

- Birth to 1 year
- 1 to 2 years
- 2 to 3 years
- Preschool 3 class
- PreK 4 class
- Kindergarten
- First Grade
- Second Grade
- Third Grade

Objectives and Dimensions	Ranges (color-coded)									
c. Notices and discriminates discrete units of sound										
d. Applies phonics concepts and knowledge of word structure to decode text										
16. Demonstrates knowledge of the alphabet										
a. Identifies and names letters										
b. Identifies letter–sound correspondences										
17. Demonstrates knowledge of print and its uses										
a. Uses and appreciates books and other texts										
b. Uses print concepts										
18. Comprehends and responds to books and other texts										
a. Interacts during reading experiences, book conversations, and text reflections										
b. Uses emergent reading skills										
c. Retells stories and recounts details from informational texts										
d. Uses context clues to read and comprehend texts										
e. Reads fluently										
19. Demonstrates writing skills										
a. Writes name										
b. Writes to convey meaning										
c. Writes using conventions										
MATHEMATICS										
20. Uses number concepts and operations										
a. Counts										
b. Quantifies										
c. Connects numerals with their quantities										
d. Understands and uses place value and base ten										
e. Applies properties of mathematical operations and relationships										
f. Applies number combinations and mental number strategies in mathematical operations										

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Objectives and Dimensions	Ranges (color-coded)									
21. Explores and describes spatial relationships and shapes										
a. Understands spatial relationships										
b. Understands shapes										
22. Compares and measures										
a. Measures objects										
b. Measures time and money										
c. Represents and analyzes data										
23. Demonstrates knowledge of patterns										
SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY										
24. Uses scientific inquiry skills	No evidence yet Emerging Meets program expectations									
25. Demonstrates knowledge of the characteristics of living things										
26. Demonstrates knowledge of the physical properties of objects and materials										
27. Demonstrates knowledge of Earth’s environment										
28. Uses tools and other technology to perform tasks										
SOCIAL STUDIES										
29. Demonstrates knowledge about self	No evidence yet Emerging Meets program expectations									
30. Shows basic understanding of people and how they live										
31. Explores change related to familiar people or places										
32. Demonstrates simple geographic knowledge										
THE ARTS										
33. Explores the visual arts	No evidence yet Emerging Meets program expectations									
34. Explores musical concepts and expression										
35. Explores dance and movement concepts										
36. Explores drama through actions and language										
ENGLISH LANGUAGE ACQUISITION										
37. Demonstrates progress in listening to and understanding English	Progressions included, but not age-level designations									
38. Demonstrates progress in speaking English										

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Third Grade

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Objective 1 Regulates own emotions and behaviors

a. Manages feelings

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			Uses adult support to calm self <ul style="list-style-type: none">Calms self when touched gently, patted, massaged, rocked, or hears a soothing voiceTurns away from source of overstimulation and cries but is soothed by being picked up		Comforts self by seeking out special object or person <ul style="list-style-type: none">Gets teddy bear from cubby when upsetSits next to favorite adult when sad		Is able to look at a situation differently or delay gratification <ul style="list-style-type: none">When the Block area is full, looks to see what other areas are availableScowls and says, "I didn't get to paint this morning." Pauses and adds, "I have an idea. I can paint after snack."		Controls strong emotions in an appropriate manner most of the time <ul style="list-style-type: none">Asserts, "I'm mad. You're not sharing the blocks!"Says, "I'm so excited! We're going to the zoo today!" while jumping up and down		Manages strong emotions using known strategies <ul style="list-style-type: none">When feeling overwhelmed, talks with teacher about a plan for completing an assignmentFinds a quiet place in the classroom to read after a disagreement with a friendTalks to a friend about being reprimanded by the teacher		Demonstrates patience with personal limitations; controls feelings based on how they will affect others <ul style="list-style-type: none">When practicing cursive writing, says, "I need to go slowly when I write the letter Q so I won't get frustrated."Smiles and says, "thank you" for a gift, and then later tells an adult, "I already read that book, and I didn't like it."	
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b. Follows limits and expectations

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			Responds to changes in an adult's tone of voice and expression <ul style="list-style-type: none">Looks when adult speaks in a soothing voiceAppears anxious if voices are loud or unfamiliarTouches the puddle of water when adult smiles encouragingly		Accepts redirection from adults <ul style="list-style-type: none">Moves to the sand table at suggestion of adult when there are too many at the art tableInitially refuses to go inside but complies when the teacher restates the request		Manages classroom rules, routines, and transitions with occasional reminders <ul style="list-style-type: none">Indicates that only four persons may play at the water tableCleans up when music is playedGoes to rest area when lights are dimmed		Applies basic rules in new but similar situations <ul style="list-style-type: none">Walks and uses a quiet voice in the libraryRuns and shouts when on a field trip to the parkListens attentively to a guest speaker		Understands and explains reasons for rules <ul style="list-style-type: none">Explains why running in the gym is safe but running in the hallway is notWhen playing a block-balancing game, says, "You have to sit back when it's not your turn so the table doesn't get bumped."		Demonstrates an understanding of the "big rule" concepts of safety, kindness, respect, and care for the objects and materials in the environment <ul style="list-style-type: none">Asks to stand on a chair to reach a high shelf, and says it's safe because the chair is sturdySuggests organizing a book drive after hearing about a fire at a nearby elementary school's library	

Objective 1 Regulates own emotions and behaviors

c. Takes care of own needs appropriately

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			Indicates needs and wants; participates as adult attends to needs <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Cries to show discomfort, hunger, or tiredness• Opens mouth when food is offered• Raises knees to chest when on back for diaper changing• Pulls off own socks• Raises arms while being lifted out of buggy		Seeks to do things for self <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Asserts own needs by pointing, gesturing, or talking• Holds hands under faucet and waits for adult to turn on water• Tries to zip jacket but throws to ground in frustration• Attempts to clean up toys		Demonstrates confidence in meeting own needs <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Washes hands and uses towel to dry• Stays involved in activity of choice• Uses materials, utensils, and brushes appropriately• Takes off coat and hangs it up• Puts away toys• Volunteers to feed the fish		Takes responsibility for own well-being <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Completes chosen task• Waits turn to go down slide• Creates a “Do not touch” sign for construction• Tells why some foods are good for you• Takes care of personal belongings		Practices skills to reach desired level of personal achievement <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Says, “I’m going to practice riding my bike every day so I can ride with my big brother.”• Re-ties shoes when first attempt results in laces that are too loose• Writes poetry both at school and at home, claiming, “The more I write, the better I get.”		Accurately identifies own strengths and challenges (self-assessment, self-appraisal); develops and works toward personal goals <ul style="list-style-type: none">• After watching another child play basketball, says, “I’m not good at basketball. I’m better at soccer.”• Completes self-assessment of math skills, checking off the ability to count by 2s, 5s, 10s, 20s, and 100s but not by 6s or 12s• Sets a goal for the amount of money to collect for the local animal shelter fundraiser and then solicits donations	

Objective 2 Establishes and sustains positive relationships

a. Forms relationships with adults

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Demonstrates a secure attachment to one or more adults <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Appears uneasy when held by a stranger but smiles broadly when mom enters room• Calms when a familiar adult offers appropriate comfort• Responds to teacher during caregiving routines		Uses trusted adult as a secure base from which to explore the world <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Moves away from a trusted adult to play with a new toy but returns before venturing into a new area• Looks to a trusted adult for encouragement when exploring a new material or physical space		Manages separations without distress and engages with trusted adults <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Waves good-bye to mom and joins speech therapist in a board game• Accepts teacher’s explanation of why she is leaving the room and continues playing		Engages with trusted adults as resources and to share mutual interests <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Talks with teacher every day about their pets• Asks librarian to help find a book about surfing• Readily asks teacher for help when struggling with a number game		Respectfully engages adult with a different viewpoint; considers adult’s alternative ideas when engaged in discussion <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Listens to adult share a viewpoint about a presentation and offers another opinion• Participates in discussion about ideas presented in an opinion article about NASA		

Objective 2 Establishes and sustains positive relationships

b. Responds to emotional cues

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			Reacts to others' emotional expressions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cries when hears an adult use an angry tone of voice Smiles and turns head to look at person laughing Moves to adult while watching another child have a tantrum 		Demonstrates concern about the feelings of others <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Brings a crying child's blanket to him Hugs a child who fell down Gets an adult to assist a child who needs help 		Identifies basic emotional reactions of others and their causes accurately <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "She's happy because her brother is here." "He's sad because his toy broke." Matches a picture of a happy face with a child getting a present or a sad face with a picture of a child dropping the banana she was eating 		Recognizes that others' feelings about a situation might be different from his own <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "I like riding fast on the trike, but Tim doesn't." Shows Meir a picture of a dinosaur but doesn't show it to Lucy because he remembers that she's afraid of dinosaurs 		Recognizes that people can experience more than one emotion at the same time <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Talks about a book character who is excited and worried about going to a new school Says, "When I broke my leg, I was really sad about it, but I was super excited to have everybody sign my cast!" Says, "I think Brian is disappointed that he didn't get the role of the pirate in the play, but I think he's still happy about playing one of the shipmates." 		Uses situational context and past experiences when interpreting another's feelings; gauges reactions of others to determine response <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remembers that a friend prefers to be left alone when upset and waits to be approached before talking to her When a classmate is embarrassed about not knowing the answer to a homework question, says discreetly, "I figured out the answer. Do you want me to tell you?" Notices someone alone on the playground and invites her to play 	

Objective 2 Establishes and sustains positive relationships

c. Interacts with peers

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			Plays near other children; uses similar materials or actions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sits next to child playing an instrument Imitates other children building with blocks Looks at other child's painting and chooses the same color 		Uses successful strategies for entering groups <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Watches what other children are doing for a few minutes and then contributes an idea Asks, "Can I run with you?" 		Initiates, joins in, and sustains positive interactions with a small group of two to three children <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sees group pretending to ride a bus and says, "Let's go to the zoo on the bus." Enters easily into ongoing group play and plays cooperatively 		Interacts cooperatively in groups of four or five children <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Takes turns being "it" during tag game on the playground Invites multiple peers to join in play 		Works with a group toward a shared goal; participates in group games with rules <ul style="list-style-type: none"> As a member of a group, decides on a board game and compromises in order to make the game go smoothly On the playground, collects "treasure" and builds a snow fort around it, with a small group of children taking turns as guards, builders, and treasure seekers 		Fluidly alternates between the roles of leader and follower in order to sustain play <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When preparing for a soccer game, says, "I'm going to be the goalie," but later changes positions when a teammate asks to be the goalie Says, "You got to be the choreographer yesterday. I want a turn today." 	

Objective 2 Establishes and sustains positive relationships

d. Makes friends

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			Seeks a preferred playmate; shows pleasure when seeing a friend <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Leaves Library area to greet another child upon his arrival Seeks preferred child to sit next to at group time 		Plays with one or two preferred playmates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Builds block tower with another child during choice time and then looks at books with same child later in the day Joins same two friends for several days to play a running game outside 		Establishes a special friendship with one other child, but the friendship might only last a short while <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Talks about having friends and what friends do together Seeks out particular friend for selected activities on a regular basis 		Maintains friendships for several months or more; forms friendships around similar play interests <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Finds her friend's favorite purple marker and gives it to her Works through a conflict and remains friends after a disagreement Chooses to play with a child who also likes to pretend he is a dragon 		Forms friendships based on personal qualities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "Teddy is my friend because he's really nice, and he's funny." Explains that a good friend is someone who is helpful and kind 		Forms friendships based on mutual trust and assistance; understands that friendship can still exist when disagreements occur <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "Tai and I are friends because he doesn't tease me when I get upset. He doesn't let other kids tease me, either." Chooses to play alone after disagreeing with a friend, but seeks out that friend later in the day Says, "My friend, Kami, and I are going to sit next to each other in music, because she can help me count out my part, and I can help her read the notes." 	
	Red bar	Orange bar	Yellow bar	Green bar	Blue bar	Purple bar	Pink bar	Grey bar	Brown bar					

Objective 3 Participates cooperatively and constructively in group situations

a. Balances needs and rights of self and others

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			Responds appropriately to others' expressions of wants <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gives another child a ball when asked Makes room on the sofa for a child who wants to look at the book with him 		Takes turns <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Waits behind another child at the water fountain Says, "It's your turn now; the timer is up." 		Initiates the sharing of materials in the classroom and outdoors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gives another child the gold marker to use but asks to use it again when the other child is done Invites another child to pull the wagon with her 		Cooperates and shares ideas and materials in socially acceptable ways <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Moves to make space for someone else to work at the table Pays attention to group discussions, values the ideas of others, and contributes own ideas in a respectful manner 		Completes cooperative projects with other children <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "Let's split up the questions and take turns using the book to find the answers." Disagrees with another child by saying, "I don't think that's the right answer. Let's see if we can figure it out." Works with a partner to complete a project about Egypt by dividing the research and writing 		Accurately completes self-assessment of role in group work <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "I didn't do as much work on this as Connor did. He worked really hard." Completes a written self-assessment after a group science project 	
	Red bar	Orange bar	Yellow bar	Green bar	Blue bar	Purple bar	Pink bar	Grey bar	Brown bar					

b. Solves social problems

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			Expresses feelings during a conflict <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Screams when another child touches his crackers Gets quiet and looks down when another child pushes her 		Seeks adult help to resolve social problems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Goes to adult crying when someone takes the princess dress she wanted to wear Calls for the teacher when another child grabs the molding dough at the same time he does 		Suggests solutions to social problems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "You ride around the track one time, then I'll take a turn." Says, "Let's make a sign to keep people from kicking our sand castle like we did in the Block area." Asks teacher to make a waiting list to use the new toy 		Resolves social problems through basic negotiation and compromise <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "If I let you use the ruler, will you let me use the hole-punch?" Responds, "Hey, I know! You two can be the drivers to deliver the pizza." 		Seeks conflict resolutions based on interest in maintaining the relationship in the future <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "I'll let you keep the best bracelet I made today in art since you gave me my favorite swing on the playground." Says, "Maybe we should play a different game for now because I told Henry and Myra we wouldn't start playing tag until they are ready. I don't want them to be mad at me." 		Considers multiple viewpoints when solving conflicts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Thinks about each person's feelings and wants when solving a problem Asks friend to explain his viewpoint before sharing a solution 	

Objective 4 Demonstrates traveling skills

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Moves to explore immediate environment <ul style="list-style-type: none">Rolls over several times to get toyCrawlsCruisesTakes a few stepsTakes steps, pushing a push-toy or chairMoves from crawling to sitting and back again		Experiments with different ways of moving <ul style="list-style-type: none">Walks across roomUses a hurried walkWalks backwardsPushes riding toy with feet while steeringUses a walker to get to the tableMarches around room		Moves purposefully from place to place with control <ul style="list-style-type: none">RunsAvoids obstacles and people while movingStarts and stops using wheelchairWalks up and down stairs alternating feetClimbs up and down on playground equipmentRides tricycle using pedalsGallops but not smoothly		Coordinates increasingly complex movements in play and games <ul style="list-style-type: none">Runs smoothly and quickly, changes directions, stops and starts quicklySteers wheelchair into small playground spacesJumps and spinsMoves through obstacle courseGallops and skips with easePlays "Follow the Leader," using a variety of traveling movements		Uses a variety of traveling movements, varying speed, pathways, and direction <ul style="list-style-type: none">Gallops quickly in a zigzag lineHops 15 feet in a straight line, both forward and backwardSkips in a curved line around obstacles, e.g., conesWalks on two feet and two hands (bear crawl), traveling forward, backwards, and sideways		Coordinates multiple complex movements while traveling <ul style="list-style-type: none">Runs down the field with a partner, tossing a football back and forthMoves around the stage to perform a choreographed danceRuns while kicking a ball forwardWalks forward while throwing and catching a ballJogs forward while dribbling a ball with one hand		

Objective 5 Demonstrates balancing skills

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Balances while exploring immediate environment <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sits propped up• Rocks back and forth on hands and knees• Sits a while and plays with toys• Sits and reaches for toys without falling		Experiments with different ways of balancing <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Squats to pick up toys• Stands on tiptoes to reach something• Gets in and out of a chair• Kneels while playing• Straddles a taped line on the floor• Sidesteps across beam or sandbox edge		Sustains balance during simple movement experiences <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Walks forward along sandbox edge, watching feet• Jumps off low step, landing on two feet• Jumps over small objects• Holds body upright while moving wheelchair forward		Sustains balance during complex movement experiences <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hops across the playground• Hops on one foot then the other• Walks across beam or sandbox edge forward and backwards• Attempts to jump rope		Demonstrates how to balance on different body parts (feet, hands, knees, elbows) at varying levels (e.g., up high, down low) while making different poses <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Balances on different bases of support, e.g., two hands and one foot, one hand and one foot, elbow and knee• Holds balances very still for 3 to 5 seconds• Balances in different body shapes, e.g., round, narrow, wide• Travels and stops in balanced positions• Performs inverted balances, e.g., balances on head and two feet as base of support		Balances on apparatus with control and stability <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Walks across beam, turns, and walks in different direction• Walks across log on playground or other apparatus, jumps in air, lands, and continues walking• Holds balance on apparatus for 3 to 5 seconds• Moves in and out of different balances by stretching, curling, and twisting		Designs and performs movements that combine traveling and balance into a smooth, flowing sequence with intentional changes in direction and speed <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Travels, stops, and holds a pose for 3 seconds, then continues to travel• Creates a travel–balance sequence on different bases of support; sequence includes three balances with different bases and at least two different types of traveling movements• Sets travel–balance sequence to music, matching music to movements• Mirrors partner in following a travel–balance sequence	

Objective 6 Demonstrates gross-motor manipulative skills

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Reaches, grasps, and releases objects <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reaches for object Pushes ball Drops objects Grasps a rolled ball or other object with two hands Bats or swipes at a toy 		Manipulates balls or similar objects with stiff body movements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Carries a large ball while moving Flings a beanbag Throws a ball or other object by pushing it with both hands Catches a large, bounced ball against body with straight arms Kicks a stationary ball 		Manipulates balls or similar objects with flexible body movements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Throws a ball or other object Traps thrown ball against body Tosses beanbag into basket Strikes a balloon with large paddle Kicks ball forward by stepping or running up to it 		Manipulates balls or similar objects with a full range of motion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Steps forward to throw ball and follows through Catches large ball with both hands Strikes stationary ball Bounces and catches ball Kicks moving ball while running 		Manipulates balls or similar objects, propelling them away from the body (throwing) and receiving and controlling them (catching) with increased accuracy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Catches ball at different levels and places around the body Watches ball, reaches for it, and pulls it in to complete catch Kicks for accuracy at target with varying degrees of force Throws at moving target, e.g., partner Throws and catches ball over net with partner Keeps eyes on ball, watching it into the hands 		Manipulates balls or similar objects with accuracy, fluidity, and control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contacts ball with foot directly behind center while dribbling around cones Kicks ball back and forth with partner while traveling Punts (drop kicks) ball below center to send it upward and forward, watching ball until it contacts foot Strikes beach ball to partner over low net using hand Dribbles ball continuously, switching hands Dribbles while traveling and looking up 		Manipulates and controls balls or similar objects with rackets, paddles, bats, and other long-handled implements, e.g., golf club, hockey stick, lacrosse stick <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Strikes ball with paddle, controlling the ball's direction, force, and pathway Tosses ball to self and strikes it with bat While traveling, stops and controls ball with hockey stick Uses sidearm swinging motion to strike ball forehand or backhand 	

Objective 7 Demonstrates fine-motor strength and coordination

a. Uses fingers and hands

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			Reaches for, touches, and holds objects purposefully <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Bats or swipes at a toy• Transfers objects from one hand to another• Releases objects voluntarily• Rakes and scoops objects to pick them up• Picks up food with fingers and puts in mouth• Bangs two blocks together• Crumples paper		Uses fingers and whole-arm movements to manipulate and explore objects <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Places shape in shape sorter• Points at objects and pokes bubbles• Releases objects into containers• Uses spoon and sometimes fork to feed self• Dumps sand into containers• Unbuttons large buttons• Rotates knobs• Tears paper		Uses refined wrist and finger movements <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Squeezes and releases tongs, turkey baster, squirt toy• Snips with scissors• Strings large beads• Pours water into containers• Pounds, pokes, squeezes, rolls clay• Buttons, zips, buckles, laces• Uses hand motions for "Itsy Bitsy Spider"• Turns knobs to open doors• Uses eating utensils• Sews lacing cards• Cuts along straight line		Uses small, precise finger and hand movements <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Uses correct scissors grip• Attempts to tie shoes• Pushes specific keys on a keyboard• Arranges small pegs in pegboard• Strings small beads• Cuts out simple pictures and shapes, using other hand to move paper• Cuts food• Builds a structure using small plastic building bricks		Uses smooth finger and hand movements <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Stays within the lines while following a maze• Outlines/traces shapes using smooth, even strokes• Pours liquid during science experiment into small opening without spilling		Manipulates grade-appropriate tools and intricate materials with control and precision <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Cuts complex pictures and shapes, leaving edges smooth• Folds paper to make an origami creature• Uses tiny pieces to make a detailed miniature world for a social studies project• Uses keyboarding skills to compose a short story on the computer	

b. Uses writing and drawing tools

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
			Grasps drawing and writing tools, jabbing at paper		Grips drawing and writing tools with whole hand but may use whole-arm movements to make marks		Holds drawing and writing tools by using a three-point finger grip but may hold the instrument too close to one end		Uses three-point finger grip and efficient hand placement when writing and drawing		Demonstrates control and appropriate pressure when using writing and drawing tools; writes legibly		Moves writing or drawing utensils fluidly across the page with increasing speed and accuracy; produces letters and number symbols having accurate formation, size, proportion, slant, and spacing; may use cursive writing	

Objective 8 Listens to and understands increasingly complex language

a. Comprehends language

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Shows an interest in the speech of others <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Turns head toward people who are talking Recognizes familiar voice before the adult enters the room Looks at favorite toy when adult labels and points to it Responds to own name 	Identifies familiar people, animals, and objects when prompted <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Picks up cup when asked, "Where's your cup?" Goes to sink when told to wash hands Touches body parts while singing "Head, Shoulders, Knees, and Toes" 		Responds appropriately to specific vocabulary and simple statements, questions, and stories <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Finds his favorite illustration in a storybook when asked Listens to friend tell about cut finger and then goes to the Dramatic Play area to get a Band-Aid Responds using gestures to compare the sizes of the three leaves 			Responds appropriately to complex statements, questions, vocabulary, and stories, asking questions when needed; offers opposites for frequently occurring verbs and adjectives; understands the difference between similar action verbs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Answers appropriately when asked, "How do you think the car would move if it had square wheels?" Builds on classmates' ideas about how to fix a broken wagon and asks questions in order to better understand plans Acts out the life cycle of a butterfly after the teacher reads a story about it and demonstrates <i>sip</i>, <i>drink</i>, and <i>slurp</i> to show how a butterfly eats Plays a "hot, cold" game by giving and following directions with the words <i>hot</i> and <i>cold</i> 		Checks for understanding of material presented orally by asking questions and making comments; demonstrates understanding of the differences between verbs and adjectives that are somewhat similar; uses context clues (e.g., known words, facial expressions, gestures) to determine meaning of unknown words or phrases from grade-level material <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Watches a webcast of a famous speech and then asks questions about the content during class discussion Listens to a classmate describe a fossil he found; asks and answers questions about the fossil in a follow-up conversation Listens to another child explain why she used so many colors in her painting and says to the art teacher, "This one has so many colors. Mine looks kind of plain, but I can add some more paint to make it look exciting." 		Demonstrates understanding of topic by asking clarifying questions and by recounting details from discussions or other information presented orally; indicates differences between closely related verbs and adjectives; determines meaning of unknown words using context clues from grade-level material <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Following a discussion of the weather, writes a story with a classmate, and says, "Since it's a sunny day, we should write that the sun is <i>dazzling</i>." Listens to a tour guide explain a mural on a city building and asks questions about some of the images and the issues they represent; later, shares the ideas in the mural with a peer 		Uses knowledge from discussion to explain ideas and opinions about the topic; explains the main idea when presented with information in a variety of oral formats; uses context to understand literal and non-literal meanings; understands the difference between related words that describe states of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., <i>might</i>, <i>must</i>, <i>will</i>) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> After watching a video, answers questions concerning the main idea about how robots are used and offers supporting details; asks questions about robots during discussion and elaborates on others' understanding of the topic When listening to a classmate read, comments that the phrase <i>had a ball</i> means they had a great time After listening to the teacher read a mystery, says, "I suspected the mailman committed the crime, but Luis believed it was the lifeguard." 	

Objective 8 Listens to and understands increasingly complex language

b. Follows directions[illegible]

Objective 9 Uses language to express thoughts and needs

a. Uses an expanding expressive vocabulary

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15					
	Vocalizes and gestures to communicate <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Coos and squeals when happy• Cries after trying several times to get toy just out of reach• Waves hands in front of face to push away spoon during a feeding• Uses hand gestures to sign or indicate "more"			Names familiar people, animals, and objects <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Says, "Nana," when grandmother comes into the room• Names the cow, horse, chicken, pig, sheep, and goat as she sees them on the trip to the farm			Describes and tells the use of many familiar items <ul style="list-style-type: none">• When making pancakes, says, "Here is the beater. Let me beat the egg with it."• Responds, "We used the big, red umbrella so we both could get under it."			Incorporates new, less familiar, or technical words (acquired through texts and conversations) in everyday conversations; correctly uses new meanings for familiar words <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Uses a communication device to say, "My bird went to the vet. He has a disease. He's losing his feathers." Answers more questions about the bird when asked• After hearing the word in a story, says, "I'm not sure I can put it together. It's <i>complicated</i>. What do you think?"• When waiting in line during a jump rope activity, says, "That's funny. We're waiting for our <i>turn</i> to <i>turn</i> the rope."			Incorporates new grade-appropriate words (acquired through texts and conversations); clearly describes and explains events, ideas, and feelings using relevant details <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Describes to the teacher how to play the game he learned in speech class earlier that day• Takes a new student to the listening center and shows him how to use the equipment; explains the procedure for signing in			Incorporates new grade-appropriate words (acquired through texts and conversations); uses several descriptive words to relay detailed and specific information <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Changes the sentence from "The cat was sleeping" to "The gigantic, orange cat was lazily sleeping on the windowsill."• When recounting an event, includes details that help the listener visualize the experience			Incorporates new grade-appropriate words (acquired through texts and conversations); uses conversational and academic words and phrases; correctly uses abstract nouns <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Says, "I went to my sister's dance recital. She was really nervous, so I gave her lots of <i>encouragement</i>."• Gives a persuasive speech about the arts in school after reading a news story that presented two sides of the argument• Writes a poem, and then uses a thesaurus to revise word choice and enhance meaning	
	[Red bar]		[Orange bar]	[Yellow bar]		[Green bar]	[Blue bar]	[Purple bar]	[Pink bar]	[Grey bar]	[Brown bar]									

Objective 9 Uses language to express thoughts and needs

b. Speaks clearly[illegible]

Objective 9 Uses language to express thoughts and needs

c. Uses conventional grammar

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		<p>Uses one- or two-word sentences or phrases</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Asks, "More?"Says, "Daddy go."Uses one word, "Juice," to mean, "I want some juice."		<p>Uses three- to four-word sentences; may omit some words or use some words incorrectly</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Says, "Bed no go."Says, "Daddy goed to work."Responds, "I want banana," when asked what she wants for snack		<p>Uses complete, four- to six-word sentences</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Says, "I chose two books."Says, "We are going to the zoo."Says, "Momma came and we went home."		<p>Uses long, complex sentences and follows most grammatical rules; uses common verbs and nouns (including plural nouns)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">During class discussion about an upcoming field trip, says, "We are going to the zoo to see the animals. We'll learn where they live and what they eat."Notifies when sentences do not make sense; tries to correct them		<p>Generates a variety of sentence types; matches correct subject/verb agreement; uses most parts of speech correctly, including nouns (common, proper, and possessive), verbs (past, present, and future), pronouns (personal, possessive, and indefinite), adjectives, conjunctions (e.g., <i>and</i>, <i>but</i>, <i>or</i>, <i>so</i>, <i>because</i>), articles (e.g., <i>a</i>, <i>an</i>, <i>the</i>), and demonstratives (e.g., <i>this</i>, <i>these</i>, <i>that</i>); identifies root words in frequently occurring forms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Draws a picture and says, "This is what my bike looks like. My sister Julia and I ride our bikes after school every day. Julia's bike is red with blue stripes! My brother only rides his sometimes because he plays baseball, too."Demonstrates an action word and gives the past, present, and future tense when promptedWhen prompted, circles the root word in <i>baked</i>, <i>trying</i>, and <i>sees</i>		<p>Uses multiple types of less frequently occurring nouns, including collective and irregular plural nouns; uses reflexive pronouns, past tense of frequently occurring irregular verbs, adjectives, and adverbs; rearranges sentences to produce and expand compound sentences</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Says, "I told the dentist that I floss and brush my teeth by myself very carefully. She let me choose a bunch of pretty stickers from the sticker bin."Cuts and separates the words from a sentence strip and creates a new sentence		<p>Produces simple, compound, and complex sentences for multiple purposes; identifies and explains the functions of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in a sentence; uses regular and irregular verbs, plural nouns, and simple verb tenses; uses correct subject/verb and pronoun/antecedent agreement; uses comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs; uses coordinating and subordinating conjunctions; recognizes differences between written and spoken English</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Says, "I like the water fountain in the cafeteria. It has really cold water. The other fountains at school aren't as good."Says, "I'm so much taller than my younger sister. It makes sense, though, since she's had the least amount of time to grow."When given the verb <i>sing</i>, is able to produce the phrases, "I sing," "I sang," and "I sung."Says, "When I wrote a letter to Louis Sachar, I started with, 'Dear Mr. Sachar,' but if I'm walking up to someone, I just say, 'Hello.'"	

Objective 9 Uses language to express thoughts and needs

d. Tells about another time or place

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Makes simple statements about recent events and familiar people and objects that are not present <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "Got shoes." Hears helicopter, stops and says, "'copter." Tells, "Gran lives far away." 		Tells simple stories about objects, events, and people not present; lacks many details and a conventional beginning, middle, and end <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dictates a simple story with few connections between characters and events Says, "I've got new shoes. I went to the shoe store." 		Tells stories about other times and places that have a logical order and that include major details <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tells about past experiences, reporting the major events in a logical sequence Says, "I went to the shoe store with Gran. I got two pairs of new shoes." 		Tells elaborate stories that refer to other times and places <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dictates an elaborate story of a recent visit to the bakery, including details of who, what, when, why, and how Tells many details as he acts out a recent trip to the shoe store 		Tells stories with clear sequence of events, including a climax and resolution <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tells teacher about a bird's nest and eggs found at home in an outdoor bucket; includes details about how the nest was found, what happened when the mother bird returned, and how her family moved the bucket to keep the birds safe When recalling a football game, gives details about first- and second-half scores as well as events that took place late in the game 		Accurately and thoroughly retells previously heard stories or information <ul style="list-style-type: none"> After hearing a storyteller on a field trip, retells the story to a younger sibling with accuracy Listens to a webcast of Robert Munsch telling a story from his childhood, and then shares the story including humorous elements 	

Objective 10 Uses appropriate conversational and other communication skills

a. Engages in conversations

[illegible]

b. Uses social rules of language

Language	Objectives for Development & Learning, Birth Through Third Grade	19
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Objective 11 Demonstrates positive approaches to learning

a. Attends and engages

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Pays attention to sights and sounds <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Watches the teacher walk across the room• Turns head toward sound of mother's voice		Sustains interest in working on a task, especially when adults offer suggestions, questions, and comments <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Takes small blocks from adult and continues to drop them into a container• Continues ring stacking when the teacher says, "You're putting the biggest ones on first."• Continues the play about going to a restaurant after the teacher offers a menu		Sustains work on age-appropriate, interesting tasks; can ignore most distractions and interruptions <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Makes relevant contributions to group discussion about class pet• Focuses on making a sign for a building while others are rolling cars down a ramp nearby		Sustains attention to tasks or projects over time (days to weeks); can return to activities after interruptions <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Returns to block construction over several days, adding new features each time• Pauses to join in problem-solving discussion at adult's request, then returns to art project		Selectively focuses attention based on task difficulty and shifts attention toward teacher's goal; demonstrates concentrated effort <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Concentrates to sound out unknown words• Notices the loud construction work outside but focuses attention back to the task at hand when reminded by the teacher		Concentrates on tasks for extended periods but may become restless, especially during activities viewed as less interesting; repeatedly practices activities thought to be enjoyable <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Focuses attention as classmates read aloud• Attends at the beginning of the school program, but begins to wiggle as the program becomes less interesting• Plays a long board game until its conclusion• Practices playing kickball in order to improve skills		Directs attention based on previous performance and concentrates on activities that require additional study <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Looks up unfamiliar words that require more information for understanding• Begins doing math work first because that is the most difficult for him• Systematically scans reading material looking for key words	

Objective 11 Demonstrates positive approaches to learning

b. Persists

[illegible]

Objective 11 Demonstrates positive approaches to learning

c. Solves problems

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Reacts to a problem; seeks to achieve a specific goal <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Grunts when cube gets stuck in shape sorter• Reaches for a toy that is just out of reach• Blows on warm cereal after seeing someone blow on cereal		Observes and imitates how other people solve problems; asks for a solution and uses it <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Seeks help opening a stuck cap; pulls one end as teacher pulls the other• Asks another child to hold his cup while he pours milk		Solves problems without having to try every possibility <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Looks at an assortment of pegs and selects the size that will fit in the hole• Tells another child, "Put the big block down first, or the tower will fall down."		Thinks problems through, considering several possibilities and analyzing results <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Considers new information before trying a strategy: "If I put this box on top, I can see if they are the same size."• Thinks about a book character's problem and suggests solutions• Thinks of different ways to hang a paper chain in the doorway and then tries the best idea		Solves a wide range of problems using a variety of strategies; attempts to solve problems independently before asking for assistance from adults or peers <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Uses a board as a lever to lift a heavy object• Makes a reasonable estimate of the answer to a math problem, thinks aloud, and then works backward to obtain the correct answer• Repeats an experiment several times to see if the results are the same		Plans, considers various alternatives, and combines skills and strategies needed to solve problems <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Makes alphabet tabs to help organize the books so they are easier to locate• Thinks through the process and then makes a list of the steps needed to conduct the experiment• Bargains and trades cards with a friend to get the ones needed for a collection		

Objective 11 Demonstrates positive approaches to learning

d. Shows curiosity and motivation

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Uses senses to explore the immediate environment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turns in direction of a sound • Moves closer to touch an object • Shakes or bangs a toy to make it work 		Explores and investigates ways to make something happen <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enjoys taking things apart • Turns faucet on and off • Tilts a ramp to find out if a car will go down faster 		Shows eagerness to learn about a variety of topics and ideas <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seeks answers to questions about the storm • Shows interest in learning how the firefighter's clothes protect him 		Uses a variety of resources to find answers to questions; participates in grade-appropriate research projects <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Locates informational book on insects to identify butterfly seen outside • Asks visiting musician clarifying questions about her instrument • Explores a number of Mercer Mayer books; works with others to write opinions about the books 		Shows enthusiasm for learning new things and looks for opportunities to gain new knowledge and skills; asks open-ended questions about surroundings and everyday events <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shows excitement when the silkworms arrive and eagerly observes and documents changes over time • Requests that the music teacher help the class learn a new dance • Asks <i>What would happen if...?</i> questions when listening to an expert speak about nutrition 		Shows interest in an increasing range of phenomena outside of direct experiences by generating questions and researching the topic <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Makes observational drawings of different cloud formations seen while on the play yard • Asks questions, looks for books in library, and seeks information from other sources after a family from Iceland moves in next door • Contributes to group writing project about the Amazon rainforest after reading multiple books on the subject 		Asks thoughtful and increasingly complex questions; builds knowledge through research projects; contributes to discussions by applying previously gathered information about a topic <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Spends time taking apart discarded objects to see what is inside and how they work • Plans a research project after watching a video about how a potter creates his pottery and reading a book about Native American pottery • Participates in discussion about local volunteer opportunities after researching a community service project that distributes coats during winter 		

Objective 11 Demonstrates positive approaches to learning

e. Shows flexibility and inventiveness in thinking

[illegible]

Objective 12 Remembers and connects experiences

a. Recognizes and recalls

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Recognizes familiar people, places, and objects; looks for hidden object where it was last seen <ul style="list-style-type: none">Looks for food dropped from high chairUncovers bear after adult covers it with a blanketSays or signs names of common objects when sees them		Recalls familiar people, places, objects, and actions from the past (a few months before); recalls one or two items removed from view <ul style="list-style-type: none">Looks for horse used a few months ago in bin of toy animalsIdentifies one or two objects taken away while playing "What's Missing?"Shows fear of a bee after having been stung		Tells about experiences in order, provides details, and evaluates the experience; recalls three or four items removed from view <ul style="list-style-type: none">Identifies four objects taken away while playing "What's Missing?"Says, "We went to the baseball game. We sat way up high. We ate peanuts and drank lemonade. I really liked it a lot but my sister didn't."		Uses a few deliberate strategies to remember information <ul style="list-style-type: none">Creates an observational drawing of a fire truck and then refers to it later while building with blocksTells the teacher, "I'm putting my book in my backpack so I'll remember to take it home."		Begins to use rehearsal strategies, but may need adult prompts/cues; is able to describe details of people, places, things, and events from memory <ul style="list-style-type: none">Repeats the message to the principal over and over after the teacher says, "You may repeat it quietly to yourself while you walk down the hall."Outlines the shape of the word as he says the wordWhen talking about a nearby community center, includes details about the people who work there, the games they play, and the books and toys that are available		Uses rehearsal strategies spontaneously to remember information; uses awareness of routines to think ahead; remembers about five pieces of information at a time <ul style="list-style-type: none">Spells the words over and over until she has them memorized to use later as she writes her storyTells the group, "We need to be finished with our project before lunch because the Spanish teacher comes today and we won't have time in the afternoon to finish."Follows directions for a simple five-step science experimentRetells a Tomi DePaola story including relevant and descriptive details but omitting unnecessary parts of the story		Begins to use semantic grouping strategies to help remember, but may need adult cues or instruction on how to be efficient; recognizes inconsistencies and incompleteness of information <ul style="list-style-type: none">Tells his friend, "This is something we'll need to remember later to finish our work. I'll write it down where we have things about mammals."After reading science text, groups new words into previously known categories to help remember meaningsStates, "This paragraph doesn't make sense. They left out what the people eat and how they get and prepare their food!"Reads a book about the Iditarod and determines which information to include in an oral report on the subject	

Objective 12 Remembers and connects experiences

b. Makes connections

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Looks for familiar persons when they are named; relates objects to events <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turns head toward door when her teacher says, "Bethany, Mommy is here." • Throws paper away when teacher says, "Please put this in the trash." 		Remembers the sequence of personal routines and experiences with teacher support <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Goes to attendance chart with parent upon arrival • Gets a paper towel after teacher says, "What do we do next, after we wash our hands?" 		Draws on everyday experiences and applies this knowledge to a similar situation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • After hearing A <i>Chair for My Mother</i> read aloud says, "My Nana has a chair like the one Rosa and her family bought." • Uses traffic-directing signals on the bike track after seeing a police officer demonstrate them • Divides crayons into "fair share" groups after watching a teacher do it the day before 		Generates a rule, strategy, or idea from one learning experience and applies it in a new context <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proposes a one-way sign for entering and exiting the cubby area after a neighborhood walk where children discussed one-way street signs • Tallies friends' favorite ice cream flavors after learning how to make tally marks to count how many people wear shoes with buckles 		Connects the past with the present using general time estimates between events; connects time with specific daily events and salient events with the months and seasons <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Places his first birthday, learning to ride a tricycle, going to kindergarten, and attending first grade in the correct sequence on the timeline • Says, "My birthday is in the spring, in April. Sometimes it's cool on my birthday and sometimes it's kind of warm." • Says, "We always have music in the afternoon, except on Wednesdays, and then we have music in the morning." 		Provides general descriptions of events to occur in the future; links material learned previously and in other contexts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tells about the major family events planned for the summer • Says, "We won't do that again for five more days." • During a class discussion of Mars, shares information learned from a book and from a guest speaker 		Associates people and events with the past, present, and future; begins to organize and compile information from multiple sources to create a useful document connecting events <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Completes a timeline of transportation in the past, present, and future • Says, "Remember Samson? He was in second grade with us." • Writes a short report on past and present life in the local community using information from books, photographs, maps, videos, web sites, and interviews 	

Objective 13 Uses classification skills

[illegible]

Objective 14 Uses symbols and images to represent something not present

a. Thinks symbolically

[illegible]

b. Engages in sociodramatic play

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
			Imitates actions of others during play; uses real objects as props • Holds a toy phone to ear • Wraps a blanket around a doll and then rocks it		Acts out familiar or imaginary scenarios; may use props to stand for something else • Puts beads in a muffin tin, places tin in oven, and asks, "Who wants some cupcakes?" • Uses a short rope as a fire hose • Pretends to be the birthday boy at the party and blows out the candles on the pegboard "cake" after others sing "Happy Birthday"		Interacts with two or more children during pretend play, assigning and/or assuming roles and discussing actions; sustains play scenario for up to 10 minutes • Pretends to be the bus driver, and tells the other children, "You can be the passengers. Give me your tickets, and I will give you change."		Plans and negotiates complex role-play; joins in detailed conversation about roles and actions; play may extend over several days • Joins in elaborate play about taking a dog to the veterinarian, assigning roles, switching roles, creating props, and returning to the play day after day		Creates rich dialogue, props, costumes, scenery, and sound effects to support role-play • Role-plays characters who have moral dilemmas and story lines with organized plots • Creates masks, scenery, and sound effects that convey an ominous feeling to use during an enactment of <i>Jack and the Beanstalk</i>		Composes a complex play and uses body, voice, and/or technology to communicate characters' personal thoughts, feelings, actions, and sounds; uses symbolic play themes or props to create games with rules • Records thunder, drum beats, and clapping to use as sound effects in a dramatization • Evolves playing "store" into playing a "money bags" game with mutually agreed upon rules		Acts out real-life (including social issues) and fanciful scenarios through improvised and planned dramatic play and performances; manages and directs play during student-created dramatizations • Creates and directs a performance (skit, puppet show, or story dramatization with make-up and disguise) for the kindergarten class • Improvises a pantomime skit and asks friends to describe what it is about	

Objective 15 Demonstrates phonological awareness, phonics skills, and word recognition

a. Notices and discriminates rhyme

[illegible]

b. Notices and discriminates alliteration

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
			Sings songs and recites rhymes and refrains with repeating initial sounds <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sings, "I'm bringing home a baby bumble bee..." 		Shows awareness that some words begin the same way <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "Max and Maya...our names start the same!" 		Matches beginning sounds of some words <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Groups objects or pictures that begin with the same sound Picks up a toy bear when asked, "What begins the same way as box, baby, and bike?" 		Isolates and identifies the beginning sound of a word <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "/m-m-/", "when asked "What is the first sound of the word milk?" Responds, "/t/, after being asked, "What's the beginning sound of toy, toe, and teeth?" 	

Objective 15 Demonstrates phonological awareness, phonics skills, and word recognition

c. Notices and discriminates discrete units of sound

[illegible]

Objective 15 Demonstrates phonological awareness, phonics skills, and word recognition

d. Applies phonics concepts and knowledge of word structure to decode text

[illegible]

Objective 16 Demonstrates knowledge of the alphabet

a. Identifies and names letters

[illegible]

b. Identifies letter–sound correspondences

[illegible]

Objective 17 Demonstrates knowledge of print and its uses

a. Uses and appreciates books and other texts

[illegible]

Objective 17 Demonstrates knowledge of print and its uses

b. Uses print concepts

[illegible]

Objective 18 Comprehends and responds to books and other texts

a. Interacts during reading experiences, book conversations, and text reflections

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Contributes particular language from the book at the appropriate time <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "You're not big enough," when teacher pauses in <i>The Grouchy Ladybug</i> 		Asks and answers questions about the text; refers to pictures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Responds, "He was mad. He threw his hat down." 		Identifies story-related problems, events, and resolutions during conversations with an adult <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When prompted, says, "George got put in jail. He ran out the open door and got out." 		Engages in teacher-led reading activities using emergent reader books and other simple texts; focuses on major characters, events, and information; describes relationships between text and illustrations; makes comparisons, inferences, and draws conclusions; identifies the author's supporting points <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shares the illustration of Camilla looking like a pill from <i>A Bad Case of Stripes</i> and talks about what happened and why it's funny Says to a friend, "In this book, Olivia needs help, but in the other book, she's helping someone else." Says, "I think the author drew the illustrations using bright colors because he's describing spring, when flowers bloom and the grass turns green." After reading a new version of <i>The Three Little Pigs</i>, makes props and retells the story incorporating the major details and differences between the new and older versions 		Uses print and illustrations in first-grade-level texts to describe individuals, events, ideas, narration, connections, and information <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "I like roller coasters, so I'm like Junie in the book, not like her brother, who's afraid of roller coasters." Says, "The chart on page 10 shows us why it's good to recycle at school." Says, "The author likes winter time even though it is very cold. She says building a snowman is fun so we will like winter." Chooses a phrase from a poem and talks about the emotions it conveys 		Uses second-grade-level texts to make comparisons and connections; identify the main focus/main points, ask and answer who, what, where, when, and how questions about key details; describe characters' points of view and responses to events; explain how words, phrases, or images/illustrations supply meaning <ul style="list-style-type: none"> During Readers' Theater, reads aloud using different voices to reflect different settings, characters, and characters' emotions Discusses similarities and differences between/among versions of <i>Jack and the Beanstalk</i> that were written by authors from Iceland, Egypt, and Vietnam After reading a science selection, contributes to group writing of a step-by-step procedure for the science experiment 		Uses third-grade-level texts to ask and answer questions referencing appropriate illustrations and specific text; makes comparisons between texts by the same author or on the same topic; explains how characters' actions contribute to events; differentiates own viewpoint with those in text <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Discusses information about the moon's surface, atmosphere, and key events of the astronauts obtained from a website and from a science text Presents similarities and differences, referring to specific text and photos in the two sources Compares the settings of two <i>Boxcar Children</i> books by saying, "This story takes place in a candy factory, and this one happens at a baseball game." After reading a biography of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., creates a timeline of his life and related historical events After reading a book about the rainforest, answers questions about the author's reasons for and opinions about saving the rainforest 	

b. Uses emergent reading skills

c. Retells stories and recounts details from informational texts

Literacy

Objective 18 Comprehends and responds to books and other texts

d. Uses context clues to read and comprehend texts

[illegible]

e. Reads fluently

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
			Reads and comprehends emergent reader texts and other print materials <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reads part of an emergent reader text proficiently, requesting teacher help with words not understood • Reads the names of the children in the class from the teacher's attendance roster 		Fluent reads and comprehends first-grade-level texts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reads a simple text about sea turtles easily and with understanding on successive readings • Reads and answers a simple word problem during math instruction 		Fluent reads and comprehends second-grade-level texts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses a smooth, conversational style while reading a familiar e-book to friends • Reads a school newspaper article about the proposed new playground 		Fluent reads and comprehends third-grade-level texts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reads a poem aloud, reflecting the mood portrayed in the selection • Reads an informational book on inventors after independently reading a chapter storybook about the life of Thomas Edison 	
	Red Orange Yellow Green Blue Purple									
		Purple	Magenta	Magenta	Magenta					
							Brown	Brown	Brown	

Objective 19 Demonstrates writing skills

a. Writes name

[illegible]

Objective 19 Demonstrates writing skills

b. Writes to convey ideas and information

[illegible]

Objective 19 Demonstrates writing skills

c. Writes using conventions

[illegible]

Objective 20 Uses number concepts and operations

a. Counts

[illegible]

Objective 20 Uses number concepts and operations

b. Quantifies

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		<p>Demonstrates understanding of the concepts of one, two, and more</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Says, "More apple," to indicate he wants more pieces than givenTakes two crackers when prompted, "Take two crackers."		<p>Recognizes and names the number of items in a small set (up to five) instantly; combines and separates up to five objects and describes the parts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Looks at the sand table and says instantly, without counting, "There are three children at the table."Says, "I have four cubes. Two are red, and two are blue."Puts three bunnies in the box with the two bears. Counts and says, "Now I have five."		<p>Makes sets of 6–10 objects and then describes the parts; identifies which part has more, less, or the same (equal); counts all or counts on to find out how many</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Says, "I have nine cars in a row. I only need one more to get to 10!"Says, "I have eight big buttons, and you have eight little buttons. We have the same."Tosses 10 puff balls at the hoop. When three land outside, says, "More went inside."Puts two dominoes together, says, "Five dots," and counts on: "Six, seven, eight. Eight dots all together."		<p>Solves simple equal share problems; makes sets of 11–20 objects and then describes the parts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Cuts a banana in half and says to a friend, "Now, we each have a fair share because we each have the same."Uses two-sided counters to determine different number combinations for 14Counts the students in the circle, and says, "There were 12 of us from Mrs. Holt's class, and four more kids came. That means there are 13, 14, 15, 16 of us playing dodge ball."		<p>Answers how much questions about wholes partitioned into equal-size shares of two and four; verbally labels each part and describes its relationship to the whole</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Cuts a paper pizza into two equal parts; gives one part to a friend and says, "We have equal amounts. We each have half of the pizza."Divides a clay length into four equal parts when asked by the teacher to make fourths. Signs, "It's three fourths" when asked what three pieces of the whole represent		<p>Answers how much questions about wholes partitioned into equal shares of two (halves), four (fourths), and three (thirds); verbally labels each part and describes its relationship to the whole</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Divides a rectangle into two rows and two columns of equal size; colors in one part when asked to represent one fourth, colors in another part to show one halfSays, "When I put these four quarter pieces together, I have one whole. Four fourths equal a whole."Provides the correct response when the teacher shows pictures representing two thirds, two fourths, one half, etc.		<p>Compares fractions and explains them using physical models, pictorial representations, and number lines</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Partitions the space on a number line from 0 to 1 into six equal parts. Puts a red dot to indicate 4/6, a green dot to indicate 2/6, and a blue dot to indicate a whole. Signs, "That's six sixths."Given a plate divided into eighths, shows one piece for 1/8, three pieces for 3/8, and four pieces for 4/8. Then says, "Hey, these 4/8 are equal to one half because they are the same size!"	

Objective 20 Uses number concepts and operations

c. Connects numerals with their quantities

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Recognizes and names a few numerals <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Points to the 1 when the teacher says, "Where is the numeral 1?"• Notices numerals around the room and calls some of them by name		Identifies numerals to 5 by name and connects each to counted objects <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Says, "Five" as she attaches five clothespins to the 5 card• Tells her friend, "That's a 3, and there are three puppies on this page."		Identifies numerals to 10 by name and connects each to counted objects <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Shouts, "Seven," and jumps seven times when the teacher holds up the number 7 card• Says, "I put nine buttons in the 9 box."		Identifies numerals to 20 by name and connects each to counted objects; represents <i>how many</i> by writing one-digit numerals and some two-digit numerals <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Says, "I drew 15 flowers to go on page 15 of our number book."• Types in the numerals 1, 8, and 3 when sets of one, eight, and three figures appear on the computer screen• Counts out 16 bears and writes 16 on its corresponding card		Represents <i>how many</i> by writing one-, two-, and three-digit numerals to 120; uses relational symbols (<, >, =) to indicate relationships between whole numbers <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Counts out 63 crayons, writes 63, and signs, "I have 63 crayons."• Writes 118 when the teacher says, "There are 118 marbles in this jar. Write the number of marbles as a numeral."• Indicates the appropriate relational symbol when the teacher writes number pairs (e.g., 3 _ 7, 4 _ 4, 95 _ 77)		Represents <i>how many</i> by writing one-, two-, three-, and four-digit numerals to 1,000; uses relational symbols to compare and order whole numbers <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Counts the grouped pictures on the computer screen and types 384 to indicate <i>how many</i>• Writes 276 > 249, 248 > 100		Represents fractional quantities as parts of a whole (a/2, a/3, a/4, a/6, a/8); uses relation symbols (<, >, =) to show fractional comparisons <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Indicates 1/8 when the teacher holds up one part of a region partitioned into eight equal pieces; indicates 8/8 to represent the whole• Colors in two sixths of a paper pie and writes 2/6 to indicate the amount eaten• Looks at the number line, and says, "Two fourths is the same as one half," and then writes in words and symbols, <i>two fourths is equal to one half</i>; 2/4 = 1/2• Compares two number lines with unequal partitions and indicates that 2/6 of one is smaller than 2/4 of the other	
		</													

Objective 20 Uses number concepts and operations

d. Understands and uses place value and base ten

[illegible]

Objective 20 Uses number concepts and operations

e. Applies properties of mathematical operations and relationships

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		<p>Solves addition and subtraction word problems of whole numbers within 10 using a variety of strategies (counting objects or fingers, counting on, counting back); makes number pairs within 10</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses counters to represent the problem, "Kalinda had six crayons. She shared two with Sam. How many crayons does Kalinda have left?" • Draws seven flowers and then draws two more, and says, "Now I have nine. Seven plus two more equals nine." • Plays the "Spill the Six Beans" game and records the number combinations $6 = 2$ (red sides) + 4 (white sides); $6 = 5$ (white sides) + 1 (red side). 		<p>Solves three-number word problems with answers within 20 using addition properties (associative, commutative, and additive); solves addition and subtraction equations of different types with unknowns in various positions for amounts up to 20</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solves the problem using drawings, "Grady had three marbles and then he bought some more. Now he has 12 marbles. How many more marbles did he buy?" • Demonstrates an understanding of the commutative property of addition by saying, "I know that $8 + 5 = 13$ because $5 + 8 = 13$." • Accurately completes the equation $7 + \underline{\quad} = 11$; checks the answer using counting chips • Plays the "True or False?" game, accurately identifying addition and subtraction equations within 20 as true or false (e.g., $7 = 5 - 2$; $19 = 19$; $18 = 19 - 1$) 		<p>Solves one- and two-step word problems of various types using addition and subtraction (within 100) and explains strategies; uses repeated addition to find the number of objects presented in rectangular arrays (up to five rows and five columns)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Counts and records the number of markers at each table; adds the numbers together and then subtracts the dried-out markers from the total • Solves the word problem, "The bookshelf is 30 inches wide. The books already on it take up 10 inches of the space. How much space is left to put other books on the shelf?" • Makes four rows of five cubes each and writes $5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 20$ to represent the arrangement and sum of the equal addends 		<p>Solves, represents, and explains two-step word problems of various types (equal-sized groups, arrays, measurement quantities) using properties of whole number operations and multiplication/division inverse relationships; uses estimation strategies (mental number line, rounding) to determine if answers are reasonable</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solves multiplication problems using the commutative property of multiplication ($a \times b = b \times a$) and the associative property of multiplication ($[a \times b] \times c = a \times [b \times c]$) • Correctly writes the equation for and solves the word problem, "Rudy has 20 inches of yarn. How long must he cut each piece if he gives five friends equal lengths?" ($20 \div 5 = n$) • When shown six groups of eight stars, writes the equation $6 \times 8 = 48$ 	

Objective 20 Uses number concepts and operations

f. Applies number combinations and mental number strategies in mathematical operations

[illegible]

Objective 21 Explores and describes spatial relationships and shapes

a. Understands spatial relationships

	Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
			Follows simple directions related to position (<i>in, on, under, up, down</i>) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follows teacher’s directions to put the trash <i>in</i> the can • Raises hands <i>up</i> and <i>down</i> as the song directs 		Follows simple directions related to proximity (<i>beside, between, next to</i>) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follows teacher’s direction to put the cup <i>next to</i> the plate • Sits beside her friend when he says, “Sit <i>between</i> me and Laura.” 		Uses and responds appropriately to positional words indicating location, direction, and distance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Says, “Look for the surprise <i>behind</i> the tree.” • Moves game piece <i>backward</i> when playmate gives directions 		Uses and makes simple sketches, models, or pictorial maps to locate objects <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Constructs a map of the play yard using landscape toys • Uses a map of the classroom to find the hidden treasure 	

Objective 21 Explores and describes spatial relationships and shapes

b. Understands shapes

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Matches two identical shapes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Puts a circular puzzle piece in the circular space • Places shapes in a shape-sorting box 		Identifies a few basic shapes (circle, square, triangle) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Looks at a wheel and says, "A circle." • Names shape pieces as he puts them on a shape lotto card 		Describes basic two- and three-dimensional shapes by using own words; recognizes basic shapes when they are presented in a new orientation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Says, "It's a ball 'cause it rolls." • Puts hand in feely box and says, "It has three sides and three points. It's a triangle." 		Shows that shapes remain the same when they are moved, turned, flipped, or slid; breaks apart or combines shapes to create different shapes and sizes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Says, "It's still a triangle no matter how I turn it." • Cuts apart a rectangle to make two squares and says, "Both of these squares have four sides." 		Distinguishes essential attributes of triangles, rectangles, squares, trapezoids, half circles, and quarter circles; visualizes and creates known shapes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognizes cardboard shapes in the feely bag by touch, describes their defining characteristics, and asks others to guess the shape • When asked to make a square, quickly puts together two right triangles 		Uses essential attributes to label and create quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes; visualizes and predicts the results of combining and taking apart two-dimensional and three-dimensional shapes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Using a geoboard, creates a "mystery shape" (pentagon) by following teacher's verbal directions; when complete, indicates the shape is a pentagon and tells why • Tells friend, "I think it will make a hexagon if I put these six triangles together. Let's try it and see. Hey, it works! Now let's see what shape it makes if I add six more triangles, one on each side." 		Classifies known shapes into higher and subordinate categories; provides rationale for classifications; divides shapes into parts with equal areas and expresses the parts as unit fractions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses essential attributes to generate examples and non-examples of known two-dimensional shapes • Creates Venn diagrams that show relationships between different quadrilaterals (e.g., squares, rectangles, rhombuses); explains the classifications • After dividing a rectangular "farm" into three equal parts, says, "The farmer has corn planted in one third of the area of his farm. He likes potatoes the best, so he used two thirds of the area to plant potatoes." 	

Objective 22 Compares and measures

a. Measures objects

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Makes simple comparisons between two objects <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pours sand or water from one container to another Indicates which ball is bigger when shown a tennis ball and a beach ball 		Compares and orders a small set of objects as appropriate according to size, length, weight, area, or volume <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Puts blocks side by side in order of length Lays two short blocks on top of a long block to see if it's the same length Holds a dry sponge and a wet sponge and determines which weighs more 		Uses multiples of the same unit to measure; uses numbers to compare; knows the purpose of standard measuring tools <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Measures by using paper clips, cubes, string, hands, feet or other objects Measures block tower with linking cubes and says, "I made mine 15 cubes high!" Stands on scale while pretending to be in a doctor's office 		Uses measurement words and some standard measurement tools accurately <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "We need two cups of flour and one cup of salt to make dough." Says, "If I add three more tiles to this side of the scale, they'll be the same." 		Measures length accurately and expresses the measurement in whole numbers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compares the length of several objects using cardboard strips, carefully placing them with no gaps and overlaps Measures using the meter stick and says, "This is 5 centimeters long." 		Measures and compares the length of two objects using standard length units <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Estimates that the table will fit into a space, but when she measures the space, says, "It won't fit. The table is 1 foot and 3 inches too long." 		Solves one-step word problems related to measurement of liquid volume, mass, area, and perimeter <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solves the problem, "If Gilberto had 12 liters of water, how many more liters would he need to buy to have 26 liters?" Uses centimeter grid paper to indicate a 3 by 4 and a 4 by 3 square area; multiplies and says, "The area of both is 12 units because I multiplied one length by the other length." Counts the squares and says, "See, both of them are 12." 	

Objective 22 Compares and measures

b. Measures time and money

[illegible]

Objective 22 Compares and measures

c. Represents and analyzes data

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Knows a few ordinal numbers <ul style="list-style-type: none">Responds, "I'm first to use the computer. Then you're next."Says, "I was first. Justin was last."Says, "I sat in the biggest chair first, then the middle-size chair and the little chair third. I'm like Goldilocks."		Creates and reads simple graphs; uses simple comparison and ordinal terms to describe findings <ul style="list-style-type: none">Looks at a picture graph and says, "Most kids like grapes. It has nine people. Apples are second. Eight kids like apples."Tallies the number of classmates who have shoelaces on their shoes and the number who have hook-and-loop fasteners		Organizes, represents, and analyzes data with up to three categories; uses simple numerical summaries (counts, tallies) and ordinal terms to describe findings <ul style="list-style-type: none">Surveys the class and makes a graph indicating favorite yogurt flavors (vanilla, blueberry, or strawberry)Reads a simple bar graph and says, "The trucks are first because they have the most; there are 14 trucks. The cars are the second most because there are 13. SUVs are third. There are only 10 of them."		Organizes, represents, and interprets data with up to four categories; describes data points; asks and answers questions related to the total data set and to its parts <ul style="list-style-type: none">Measures the length of four objects and creates a four-row horizontal graph to represent the information. Explains what the graph represents; asks and answers questions related to the total data set and its partsWorks with several classmates to make 'snakes' of different lengths using whole-unit cubes. Measures each 'snake' and records the lengths on a number line (line plot). Later, tells the class the lengths referring to the line plot.		Reads and creates scaled picture or bar graphs where each picture/ bar represents more than one data point; uses the graph to ask and answer questions <ul style="list-style-type: none">Looks at a scaled picture graph (one picture = two persons) and indicates 12 persons in total, 10 of whom ride the train and two of whom drive carsCreates a bar graph where each bar represents 10 individuals; colors in three bars and says, "There were 30 people who liked cats best and 20 who liked dogs. That's 10 more people who like cats."		

Objective 23 Demonstrates knowledge of patterns

Not Yet	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		Shows interest in simple patterns in everyday life <ul style="list-style-type: none">Notices that a special song is played whenever it is time to clean upPoints to the tiles in the bathroom and says, "They go this way, that way, this way, that way."		Copies simple repeating patterns <ul style="list-style-type: none">Beats a drum as the teacher does, e.g., loud, soft; loud, soft; loud, soft; etc.Strings beads as her friend does, e.g., red, blue, blue; red, blue, blue; red, blue, blue; etc.		Extends and creates simple repeating patterns <ul style="list-style-type: none">Makes a repeating movement pattern, e.g., stomp, stomp, clap, clap; stomp, stomp, clap, clap; etc.When shown pattern of cubes, e.g., red, blue, blue, red; red, blue, blue, red; etc., adds to it correctly		Recognizes, creates, and explains more complex repeating and simple growing patterns <ul style="list-style-type: none">Says, "If I add one to three, it's the next number: four. If I add one to four, it's the next number: five."Extends the growing pattern by adding one cube like a staircase, e.g., one cube, two cubes, three cubes, four cubes, etc.		Notifies more complex patterns in numbers; identifies the core unit of patterns; represents patterns using numerical and letter symbols <ul style="list-style-type: none">Says, "I see patterns on the '00 to 99 chart.' All the numbers in the ones place in each column are the same. They go from zero to nine."Circles every second number on the number line in red and then circles every fifth number in blue; uses the visual patterns to assist in skip countingLooks at a photo of a gate with a distinct pattern and writes A-B-B to represent the core unit pattern of one large fleur-de-lis and two small fleurs-de-lis; continues the pattern notation by writing A-B-B-A-B-B-A-B-B		Uses number patterns to count and to solve problems; uses and explains patterns in counting and addition <ul style="list-style-type: none">Explains that when you have a group with even numbers of objects, each member has "a partner" or can be pairedAccurately fills in the blanks when presented with 26, 22, 18, __, 10, __		Recognizes arithmetic patterns and explains them using properties of operations <ul style="list-style-type: none">Says, "Hey, if I add 3 + 3 + 3 + 3, that's the same thing as multiplying 3 x 4. Multiplying is faster."Explains that when you add zero to any number, the sum is still the same because zero is a place holder representing no amountRemarks that you can add numbers in any order and the sum remains the sameNotifies the relationship between a division problem and figuring out a fair share	

Objective 37 Demonstrates progress in listening to and understanding English

1	2 Beginning	3	4 Progressing	5	6 Increasing	7	8 Advancing	9
	<p>Observes others as they converse in English during play or other small-group experiences; may engage in similar activities by imitating behavior; attends to oral use of English</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Moves closer to the Dramatic Play area to watch a small group of children Sits across from two children who are stringing beads and talking, and begins stringing beads, too Watches another child hold up a cup to request milk and does the same Participates by doing hand movements while other children and the teacher sing in the new language 		<p>Responds to common English words and phrases when they are accompanied by gestures or other visual aids</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Joins a group in the Block area when one child motions with a hand to come, and says, "Come play." Goes to the sink when the teacher says it is time to brush teeth and pantomimes toothbrushing Nods when classmate says, "Hello." Sits by the teacher when she holds up a book and asks, "Would you like to read a book?" 		<p>Responds to words and phrases in English when they are not accompanied by gestures or other visual aids</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Goes to table when teacher says, "It's lunchtime. Take your seats at the tables." Puts the caps on the markers and then puts the markers on the shelf when reminded Points to ear when asked, "Where's your ear?" Picks up a car from a group of toys when asked, "Where's the car?" Picks up the puzzle with the puppy on it when another child says, "Let's do the puppy puzzle together." 		<p>Understands increasingly complex English phrases used by adults and children</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Responds by putting the correct block where directed when another child says, "Hey, put that square block over there by the horse to make the fence." Points to the correct piece when the teacher asks, "Which circle is the biggest?" Touches the car at the top of the tallest ramp when the teacher asks, "Which car do you think will roll the fastest?" 	

Objective 38 Demonstrates progress in speaking English

1	2 Beginning	3	4 Progressing	5	6 Increasing	7	8 Advancing	9
	<p>Repeats sounds and words in English, sometimes very quietly</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mouths the words of a song during circle time Echoes a word or phrase, e.g., says, "Monkey," while group chants "Five Little Monkeys Jumping on the Bed" After teacher says, "Up," child repeats, "Up." Repeats, "Mil, mil, mil," after the teacher asks, "Would you like more milk?" 		<p>Uses a few socially interactive terms in English appropriately; uses one or two words in English to represent a whole idea</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "Hi"; "Lookit"; "My turn"; and "Stopit." Hears someone nearby say, "Be careful!" and repeats phrase as a warning in a similar situation later Points at snack basket and says, "More crackers." Looks out the window and says, "Go outside." Says, "No, mine," when another child takes her toy truck 		<p>Develops multiword phrases by using socially interactive terms in English; adds new words to the phrase</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Says, "I do a ice cream"; "I want my mommy"; and "Lookit this, Teacher." Says, "How you do this flower?" Says, "Big, I gotta big." Says, "How do you gonna make dese?" 		<p>Uses increasingly complex grammar in English; makes some mistakes typical of young children</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develops entire sentences, e.g., "The door is a square," and "The house has a lot of windows." Uses questions and negatives, e.g., "Your name is what?" and "You no my mommy." Uses past and future tenses, e.g., "I goed to the park," and "I'll get it." Interacts in elaborate play schemes, "I be the mommy and you be the baby. Here's your bottle, Baby." 	

Objectives for Development & Learning

Social–Emotional

1. Regulates own emotions and behaviors
 - a. Manages feelings
 - b. Follows limits and expectations
 - c. Takes care of own needs appropriately
2. Establishes and sustains positive relationships
 - a. Forms relationships with adults
 - b. Responds to emotional cues
 - c. Interacts with peers
 - d. Makes friends
3. Participates cooperatively and constructively in group situations
 - a. Balances needs and rights of self and others
 - b. Solves social problems

Physical

4. Demonstrates traveling skills
5. Demonstrates balancing skills
6. Demonstrates gross-motor manipulative skills
7. Demonstrates fine-motor strength and coordination
 - a. Uses fingers and hands
 - b. Uses writing and drawing tools

Language

8. Listens to and understands increasingly complex language
 - a. Comprehends language
 - b. Follows directions
9. Uses language to express thoughts and needs
 - a. Uses an expanding expressive vocabulary
 - b. Speaks clearly
 - c. Uses conventional grammar
 - d. Tells about another time or place
10. Uses appropriate conversational and other communication skills
 - a. Engages in conversations
 - b. Uses social rules of language

Cognitive

11. Demonstrates positive approaches to learning
 - a. Attends and engages
 - b. Persists
 - c. Solves problems
 - d. Shows curiosity and motivation
 - e. Shows flexibility and inventiveness in thinking
12. Remembers and connects experiences
 - a. Recognizes and recalls
 - b. Makes connections
13. Uses classification skills
14. Uses symbols and images to represent something not present
 - a. Thinks symbolically
 - b. Engages in sociodramatic play

Literacy

15. Demonstrates phonological awareness, phonics skills, and word recognition
 - a. Notices and discriminates rhyme
 - b. Notices and discriminates alliteration
 - c. Notices and discriminates discrete units of sound
 - d. Applies phonics concepts and knowledge of word structure to decode text
16. Demonstrates knowledge of the alphabet
 - a. Identifies and names letters
 - b. Identifies letter–sound correspondences
17. Demonstrates knowledge of print and its uses
 - a. Uses and appreciates books and other texts
 - b. Uses print concepts
18. Comprehends and responds to books and other texts
 - a. Interacts during reading experiences, book conversations, and text reflections
 - b. Uses emergent reading skills
 - c. Retells stories and recounts details from informational texts
 - d. Uses context clues to read and comprehend texts
 - e. Reads fluently
19. Demonstrates writing skills
 - a. Writes name
 - b. Writes to convey ideas and information
 - c. Writes using conventions

Mathematics

20. Uses number concepts and operations
 - a. Counts
 - b. Quantifies
 - c. Connects numerals with their quantities
 - d. Understands and uses place value and base ten
 - e. Applies properties of mathematical operations and relationships
 - f. Applies number combinations and mental number strategies in mathematical operations
21. Explores and describes spatial relationships and shapes
 - a. Understands spatial relationships
 - b. Understands shapes
22. Compares and measures
 - a. Measures objects
 - b. Measures time and money
 - c. Represents and analyzes data
23. Demonstrates knowledge of patterns

Science and Technology

24. Uses scientific inquiry skills
25. Demonstrates knowledge of the characteristics of living things
26. Demonstrates knowledge of the physical properties of objects and materials
27. Demonstrates knowledge of Earth’s environment
28. Uses tools and other technology to perform tasks

Social Studies

29. Demonstrates knowledge about self
30. Shows basic understanding of people and how they live
31. Explores change related to familiar people or places
32. Demonstrates simple geographic knowledge

The Arts

33. Explores the visual arts
34. Explores musical concepts and expression
35. Explores dance and movement concepts
36. Explores drama through actions and language

English Language Acquisition

37. Demonstrates progress in listening to and understanding English
38. Demonstrates progress in speaking English