

Systemic seed treatments & soil insecticides for pumpkin insect management



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January 2007**



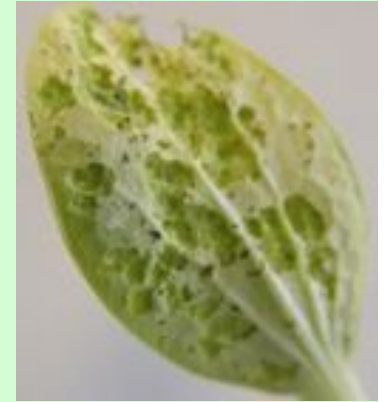
Cucumber beetles

Important damage:

- Chew seedlings
- Transmit bacterial wilt
- Chew on fruit surface

Less critical damage:

- Chew on flowers
- Larvae chew on roots



Bacterial wilt of cucurbits

- **Vectored by cucumber beetles**
 - Transmitted in feces
 - Enters via wound in plant
- **Hosts:**
 - Well-known killer of cukes & melons
 - Recently adapted to kill squash & pumpkins, but slower to kill
- **Cotyledon stage most susceptible**



Soil-applied systemic insecticides for cucurbit crops

- **Furadan since mid-1980's**
- **New group: the neonicotinoids**
 - **Admire in 2000**
 - **Platinum in 2001**

Neonicotinoid insecticides

First a.i.: imidacloprid

- **Soil applied: Admire**
 - First: 1995 for potato
 - Cucurbits added in 2000
- **Foliar sprays: Provado**
 - First: 1995 for potato
 - Not for cucurbits
- **Commercial seed treatment**
 - **Gaucho**, 2001 (corn, snap bean)
 - Not for cucurbits
- **Hopper-box seed treatment**
 - **Latitude & Concur**, 2003 (corn)
 - Not for cucurbits

Neonicotinoid products on veg/fruit

<i>A.I.</i>	<i>Soil</i>	<i>Foliar</i>	<i>Seed</i>
imidacloprid	Admire	Provado	Gaucha Latitude Concur
thiamethoxam	Platinum	Actara	Cruiser
acetamiprid	-	Assail	-
thiacloprid	-	Calypso	-
clothianidin	-	Clutch	Poncho
dinotefuran	Venom	Venom	-

Neonicotinoid products on cucurbits

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dinotefuran	Venom	Venom	-

Admire applied in-furrow provides excellent control of striped cucumber beetle on pumpkin seedlings



Admire 2F on cucurbits

- Label rate = 16 - 24 fl. oz. per acre
($\$74$ - $110/A$)

<u>row spacing</u>	<u>Rate (fl. oz.) /1000 ft.</u>
8 ft	2.9 - 4.4
6 ft	2.2 - 3.3
4 ft	1.5 - 2.2
3 ft	1.1 - 1.7

Pumpkin Trial, 2002

Early seeded (23 May): Significant difference in beetle damage & beetle density at 1-3 leaf stages

Late seeded (11 June): No significant differences

<i>Date, stage</i>	<i>Trtmt</i>	<i>Damage (scale 1-4)</i>	<i>Number beetles/ plant</i>	
			<i>Live</i>	<i>Dead</i>
6/5 1-leaf	check	3.7 A	3.0 A	0.02 A
	Admire at-plant	2.1 B	0.3 B	15.7 A
6/13 3-leaf	check	4.0 A	0.55 A	0.05 B
	Admire at-plant	2.2 B	0.23 A	15.8 A

Use of at-plant soil systemic insecticide on pumpkin

- **Recommended:**
 - **If plant early**
 - **If yours is only cucurbit field in area**
- **Not recommended:**
 - **If plant late**
 - **If field later than other cucurbits**

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Cruiser rates tested (a.i. = thiamethoxam)

<i>mg a.i. per seed</i>	<i>2005</i>	<i>2006</i>
0.05	✓	
0.25	✓	
0.40	✓	✓
0.75		✓

Trials 2005 & 2006

- **Field**
 - **Pumpkin**
 - **Pickle**
 - **Zucchini (2005 only)**
- **Lab**
 - **Germination**
 - **Beetle bioassays**

Seeds 2005



**‘Vlaspik’
& ‘Eureka’
pickling
cucumber**

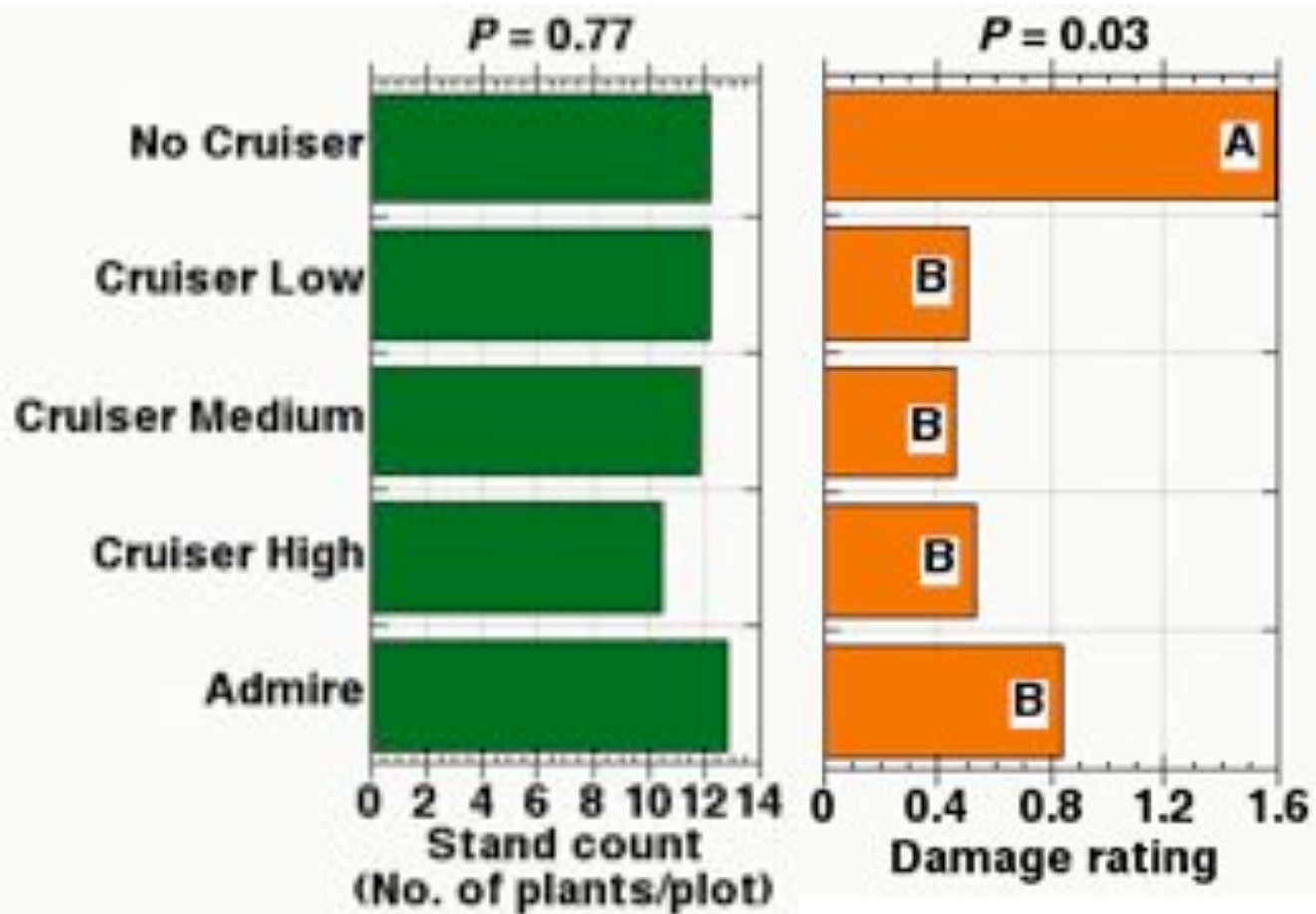
**‘Hybrid
Pam’
pumpkin**

**‘Spineless
Beauty’
zucchini**

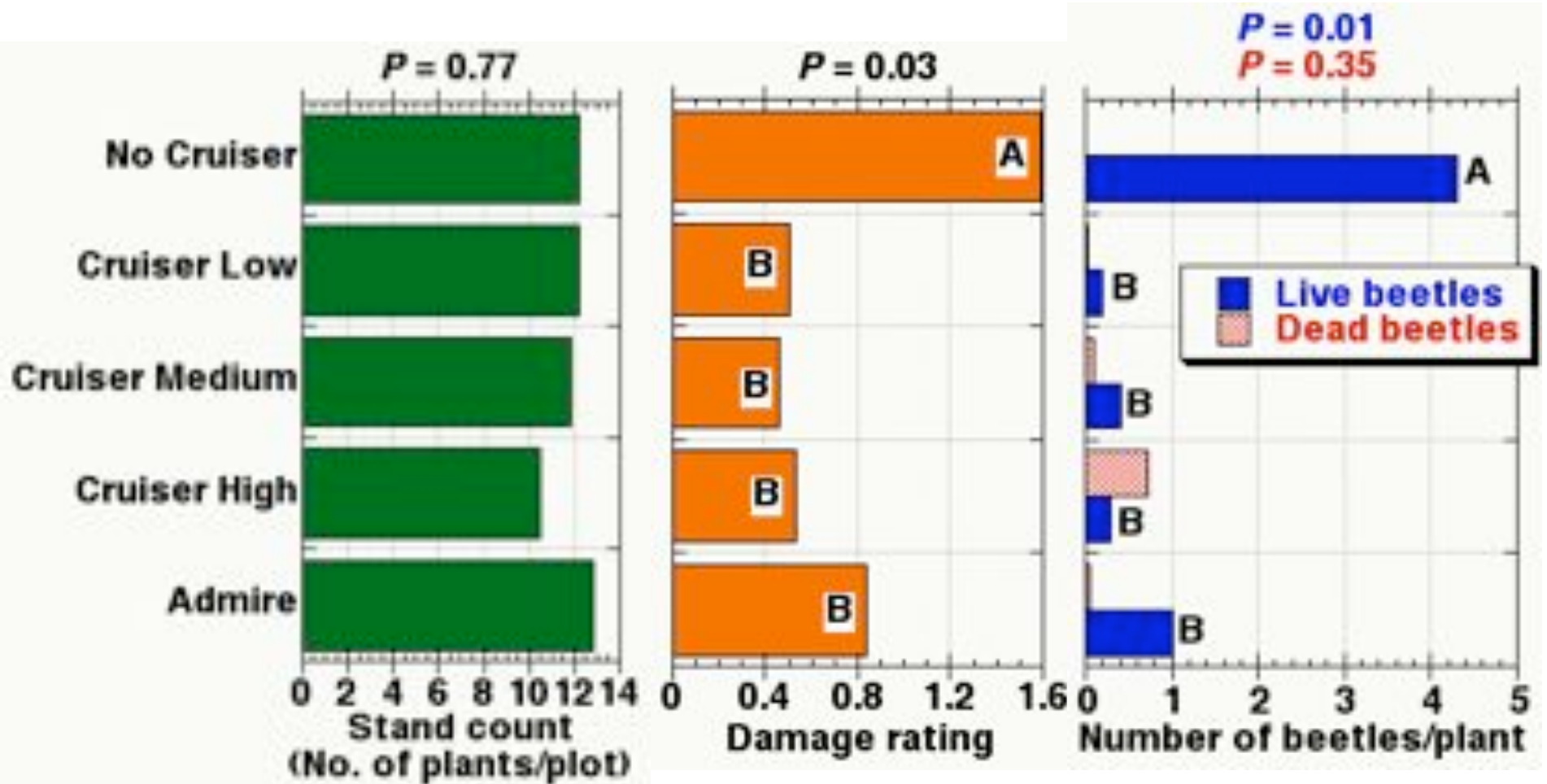
Pumpkin, two-leaf stage, Columbus, 6/8/05



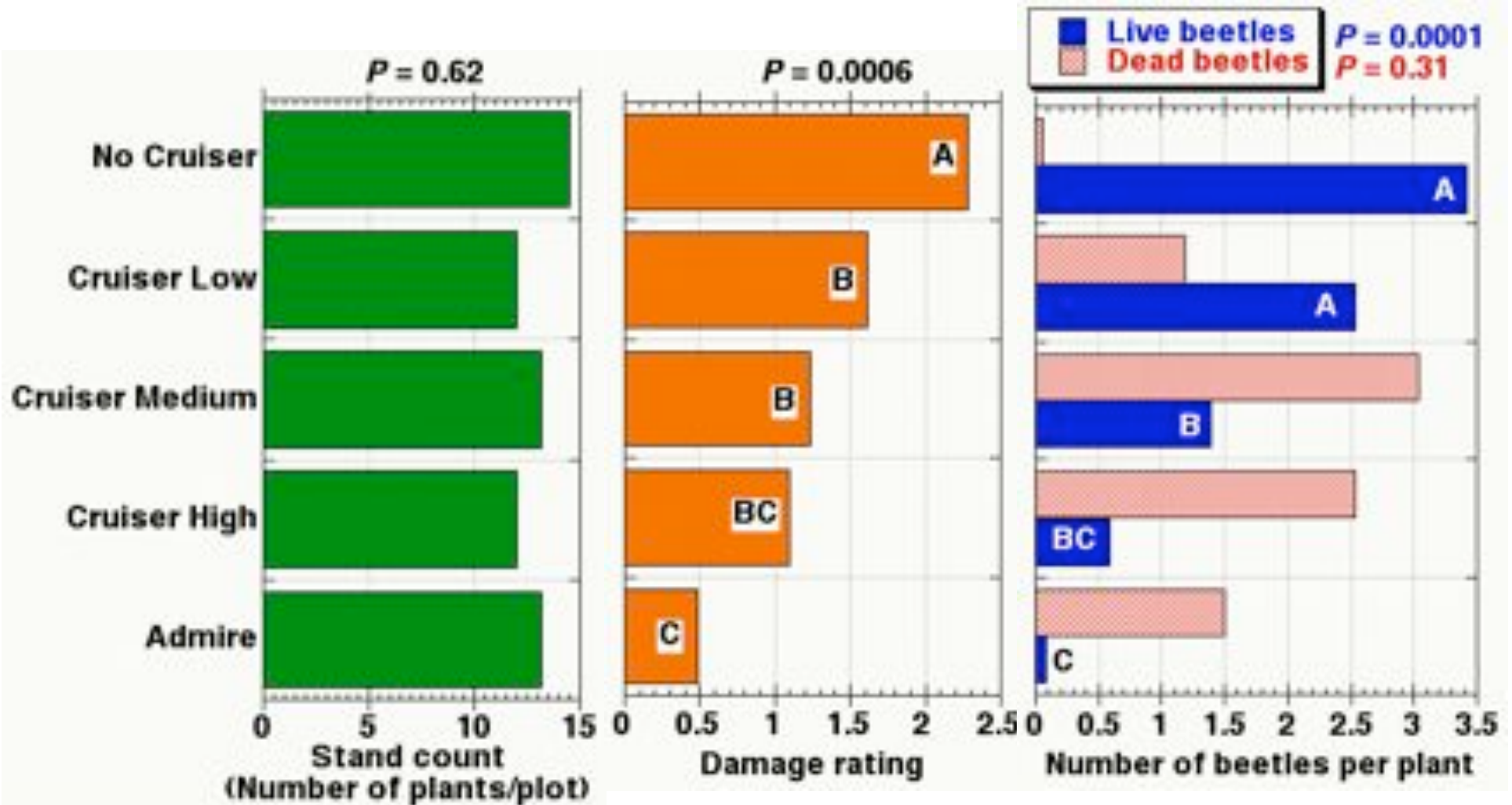
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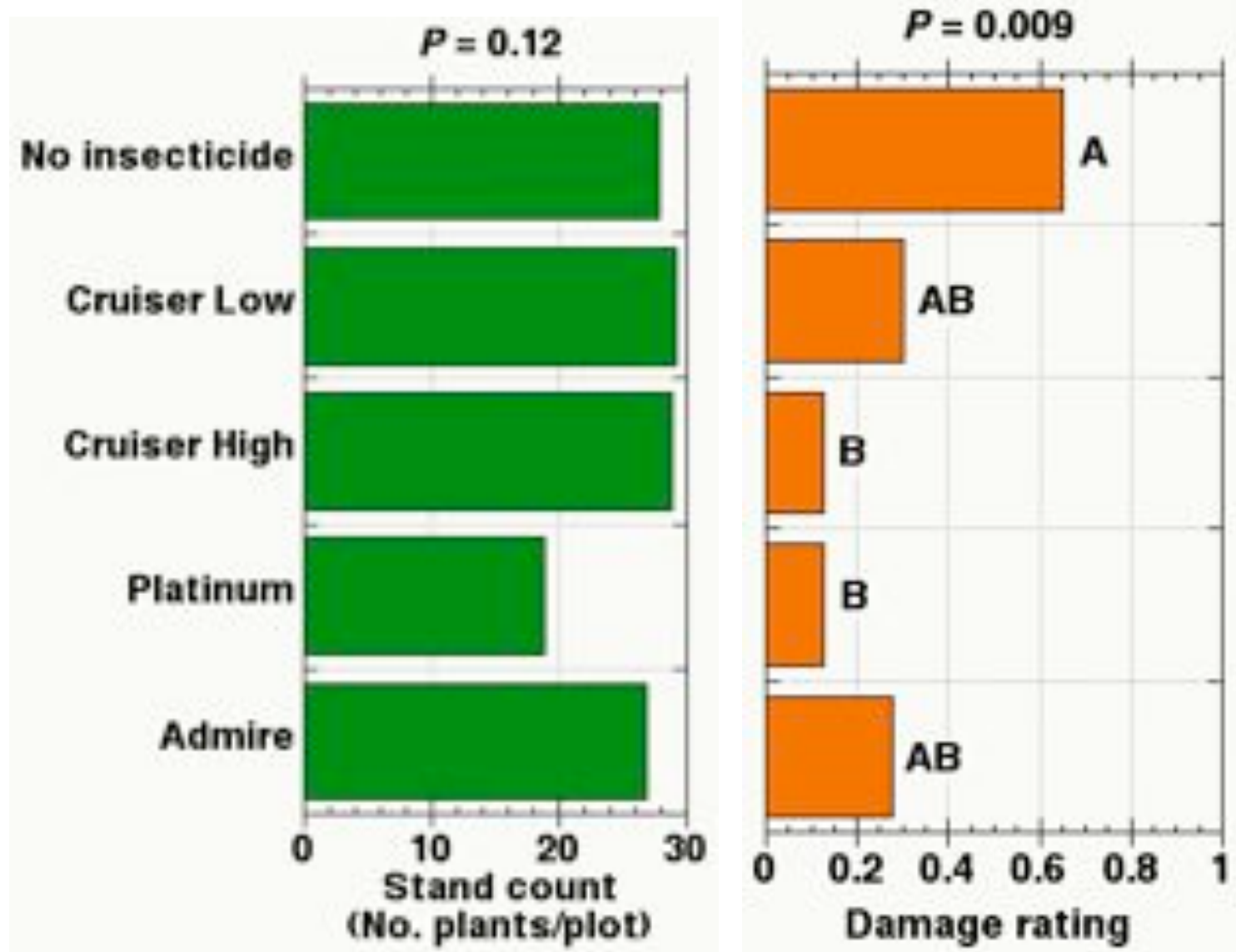
Pumpkin, two-leaf stage, Columbus, 6/8/05



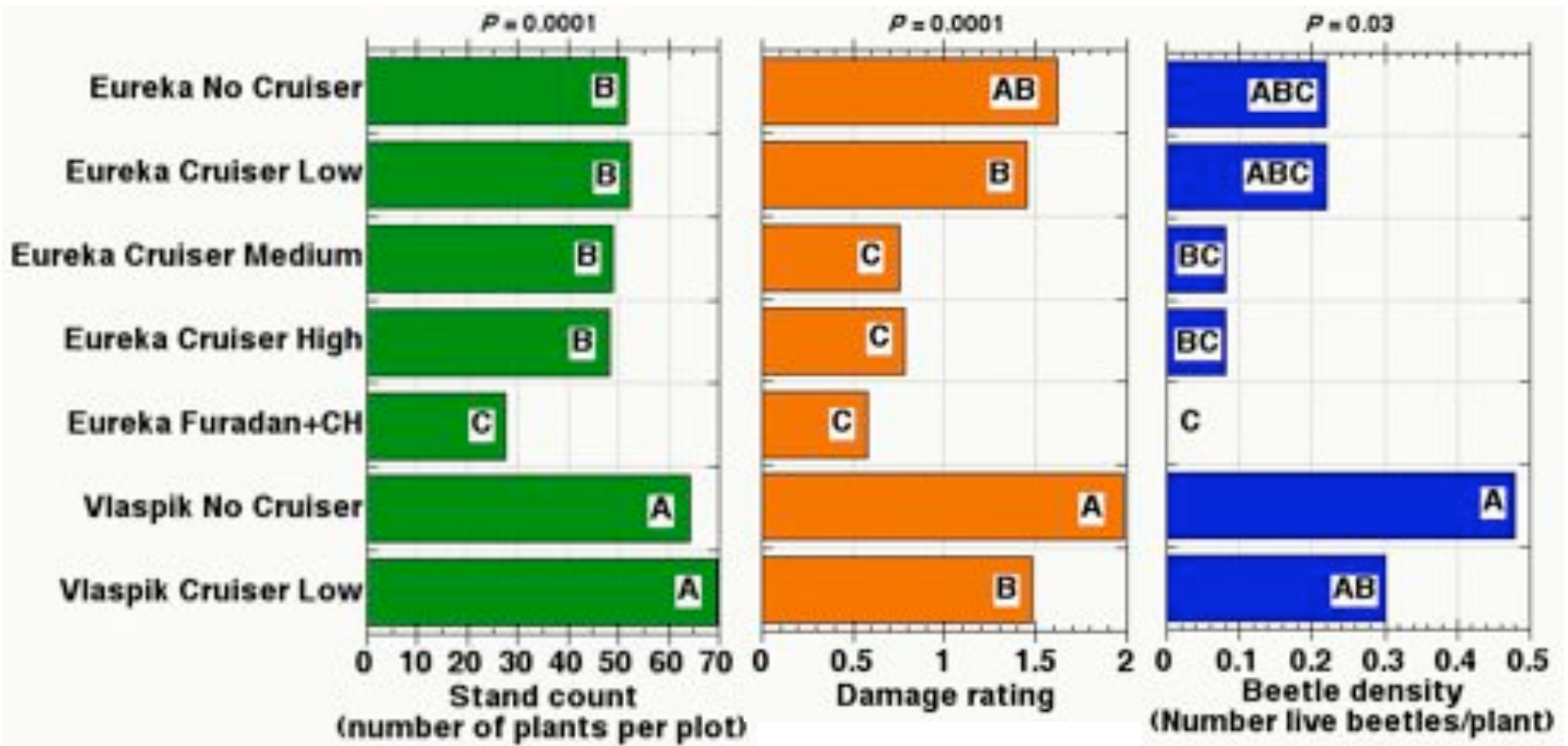
Zucchini, two-leaf stage, Columbus, 6/8/05



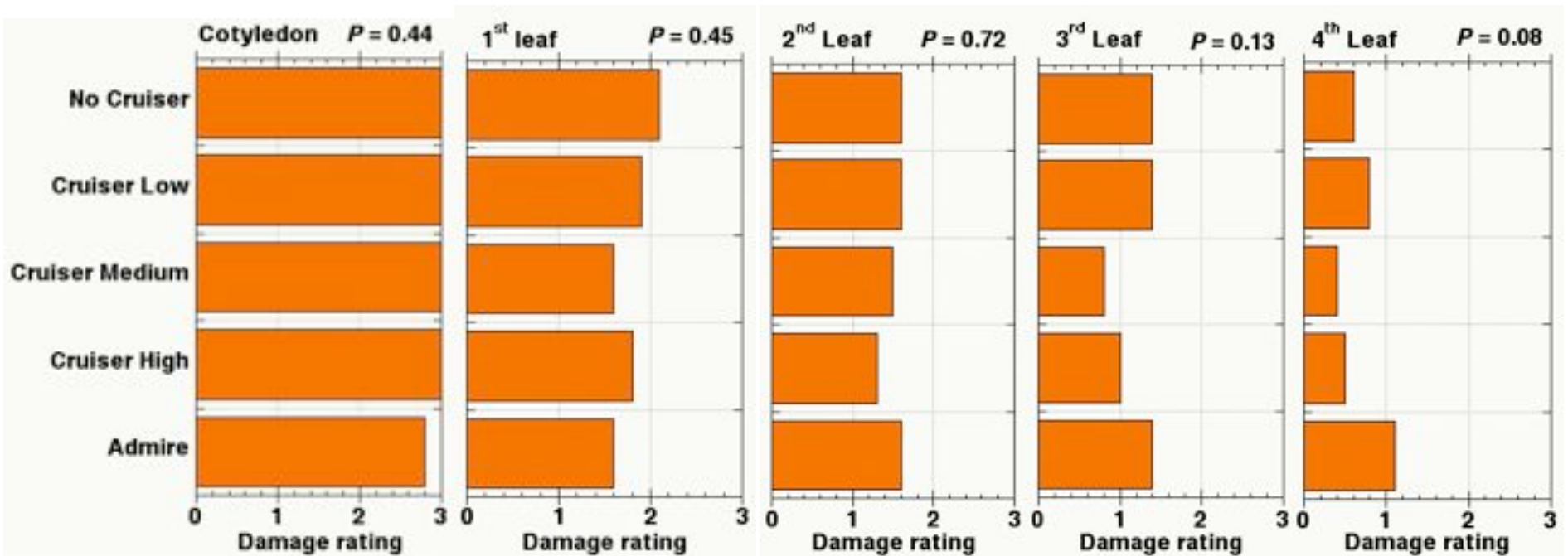
Pumpkin, 1- to 2-leaf stage, Clark County, 6/20/05



Pickles, one-leaf stage, Fremont, 6/14/05



Pumpkin, four-leaf stage, Columbus, 6/14/05 (22 days after seeding)



Lab Bioassay

- Greenhouse plug plants
- Small cage (2 qt deli dishes)
- 1 rep = 1 plant & 3 - 5 beetles
- 5 - 8 replicates per treatment
- Damage & mortality evaluated after 48 hours



Bioassay

- **Damage rating: scale 0 to 3**



1 = light

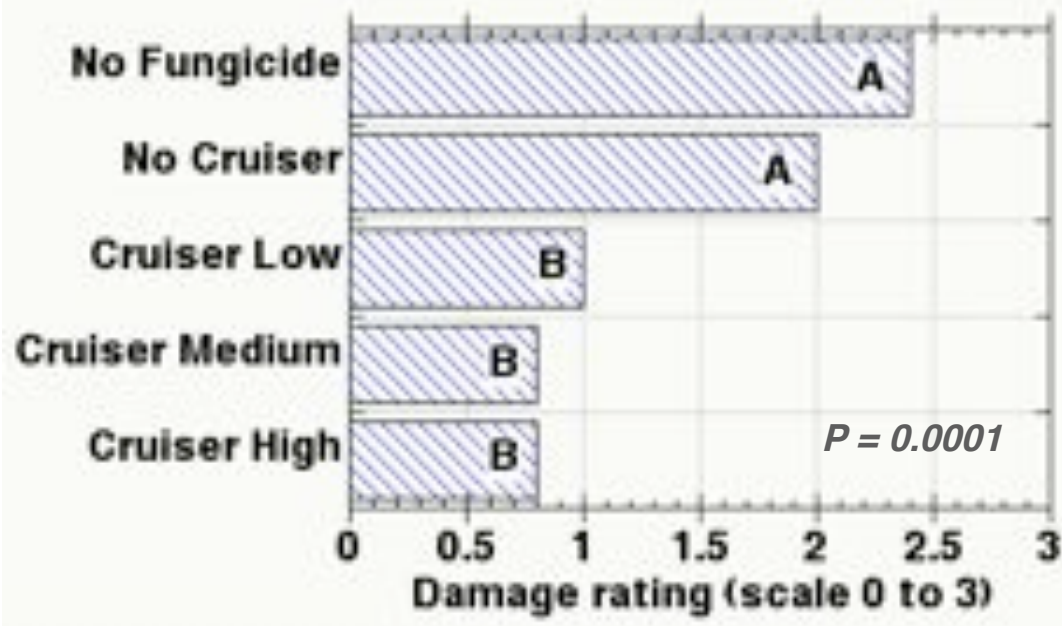


2 = moderate

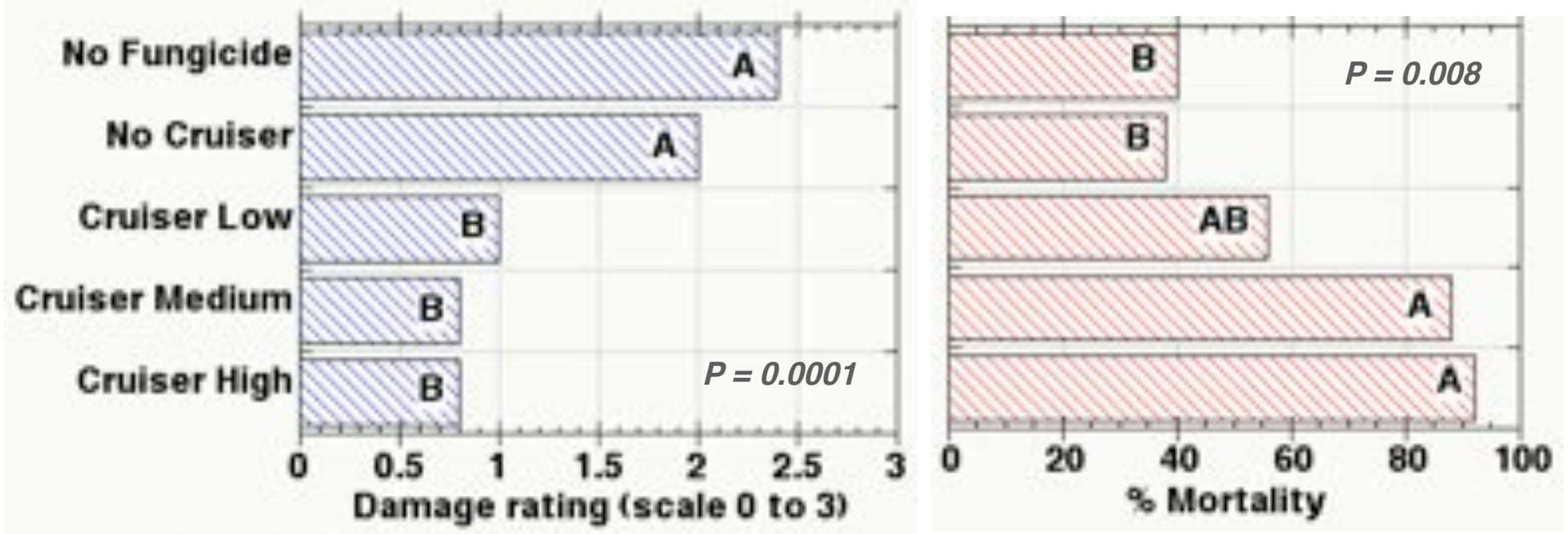


3 = heavy

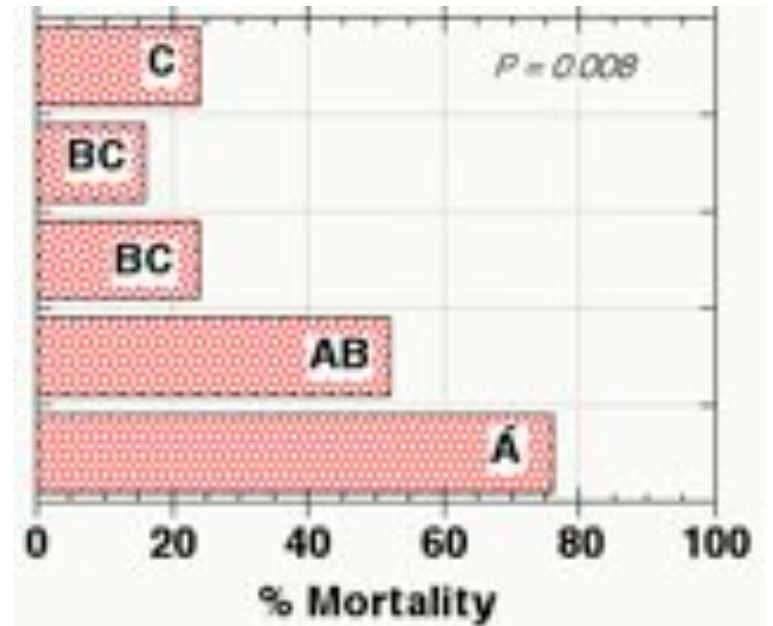
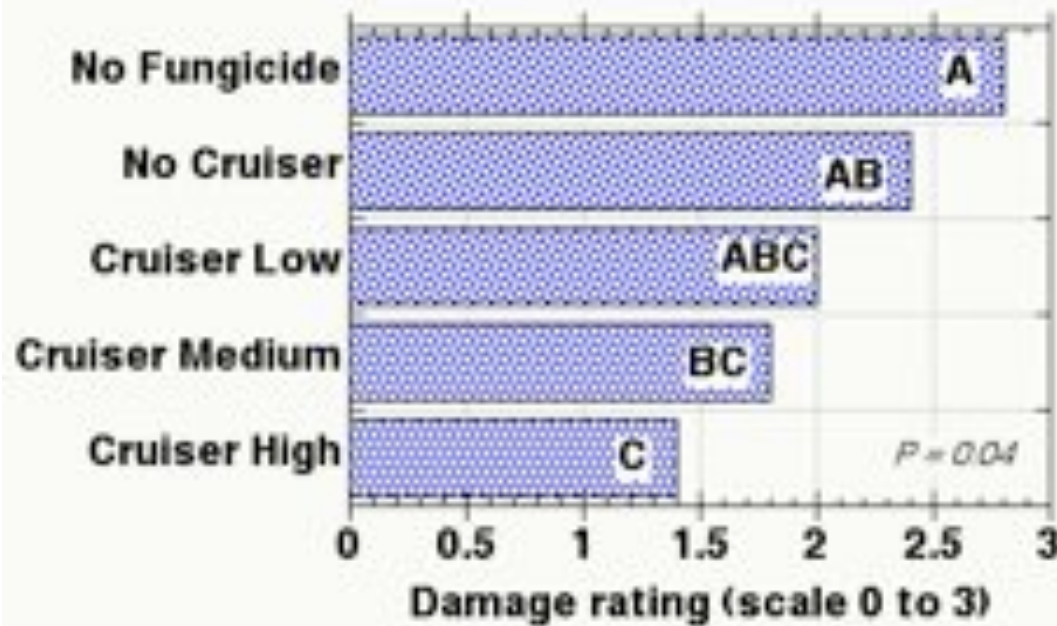
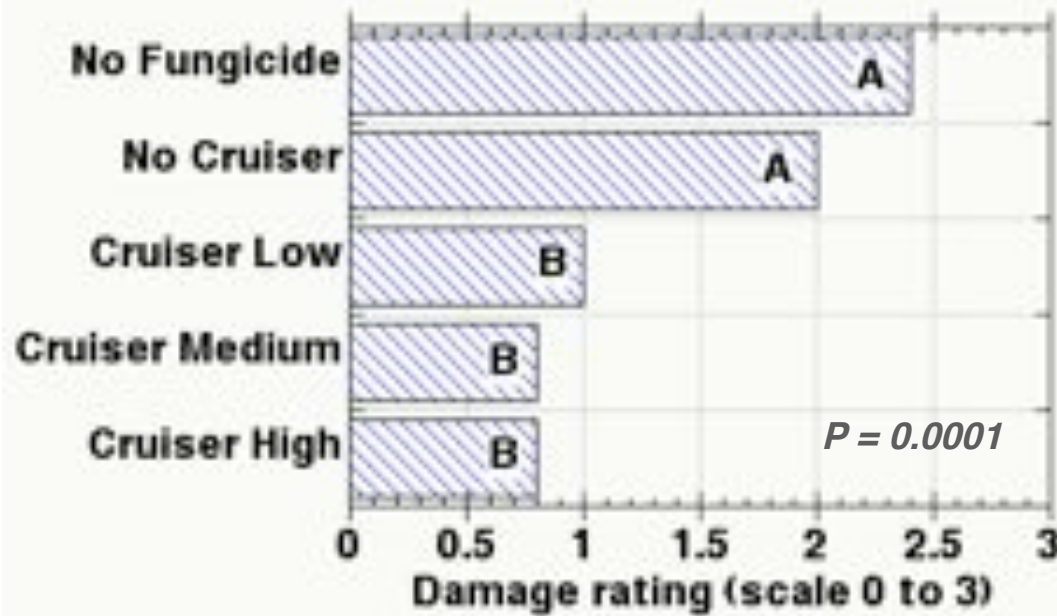
Bioassays on pickles: striped cucumber beetle



Bioassays on pickles: striped cucumber beetle



Bioassays: striped vs spotted cucumber beetle



Conclusions, 2005

- **Cruiser seed treatment looks promising; as good as Admire for cotyledon to 2-leaf stage pumpkin**
- **Concern that control not lasting past 2-leaf stage at rates tested**
- **Rate higher than 0.4 mg AI/seed should be tested**

Seeds 2006

**‘Gold
Bullion’
pumpkin**

**‘Vlaspik’
pickling
cucumber**



Seed insecticides tested in 2006

<i>A.I.</i>	<i>Mfr.</i>	<i>mg a.i. per seed</i>
thiamethoxam (Cruiser)	Syngenta	0.40, 0.75
L-1497-A	Bayer	0.565, 0.75, 1.13
fipronil (Regent)	BASF	0.75

Note, tests coordinated & supported by IR-4

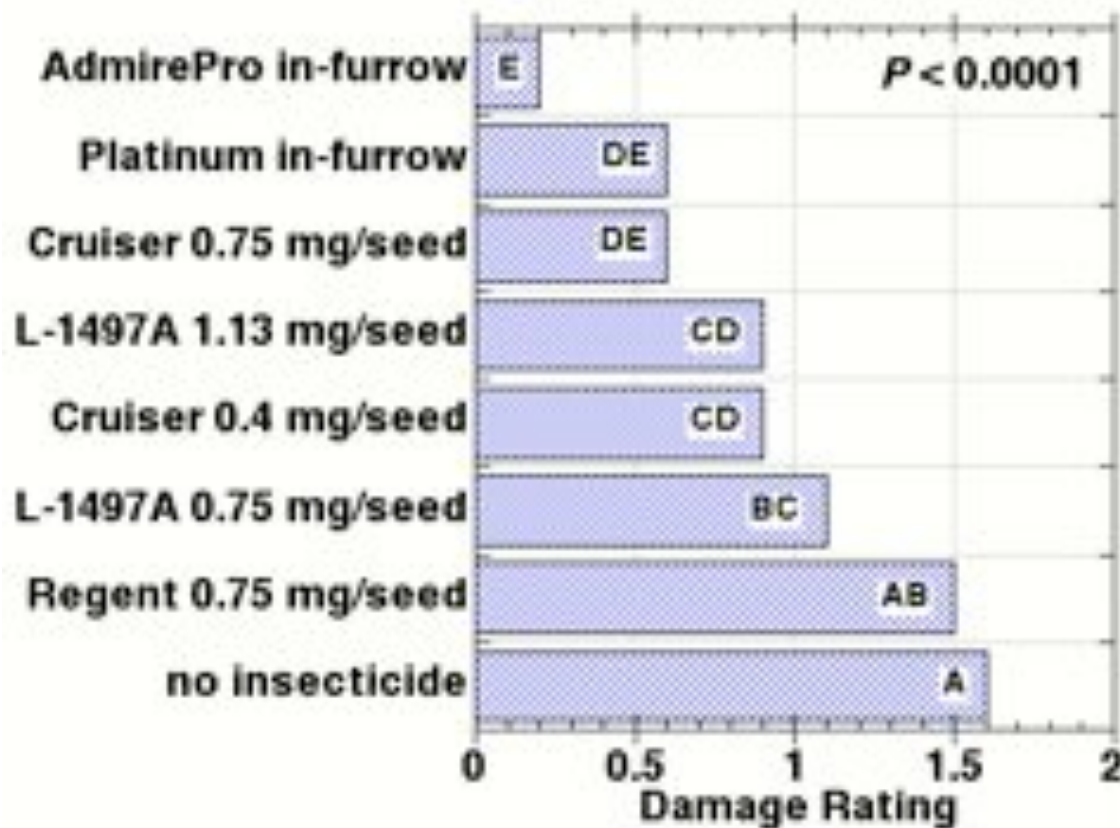
Pumpkin trial at Columbus

- **Direct seeded 5/23/2006**
- **Treatments:**
 - **2 in-furrow insecticide treatments: Admire & Platinum**
 - **5 seed insecticide treatments**
 - **No-insecticide control**
- **All treatments with Thiram on seed**
- **Spacing 1' in-row, 7.5' between rows**
- **Thinned to 3' in-row at vine-tip**

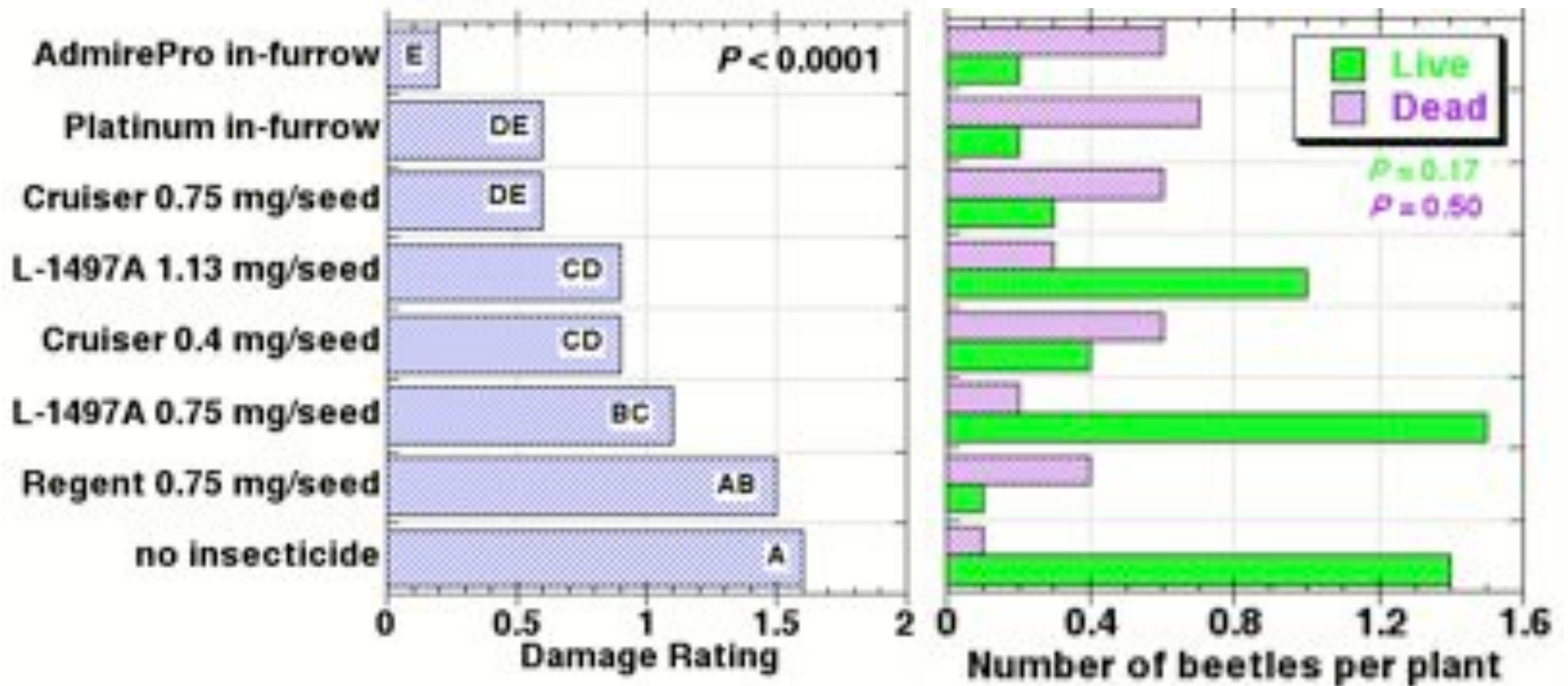
Pumpkin trial at Columbus

- Split emergence, before & after hot dry spell in late May
 - Early emerging plants:
low beetle pressure
 - Late emerging plants:
moderate beetle pressure
- Damage evaluated at cotyledon & 2-leaf stage
- Yield measured in September

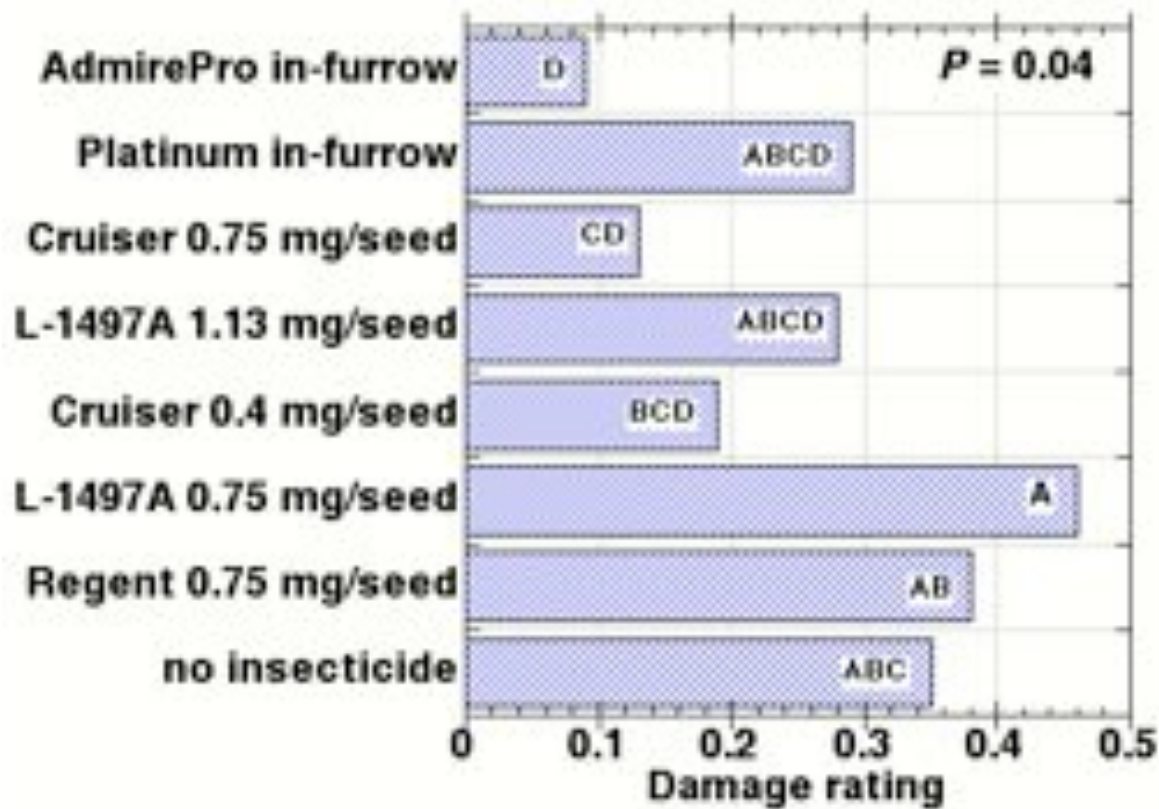
Field Trial 2006: Pumpkin 'Gold Bullion', late-emerging plants, 2-leaf stage, 6/19/06



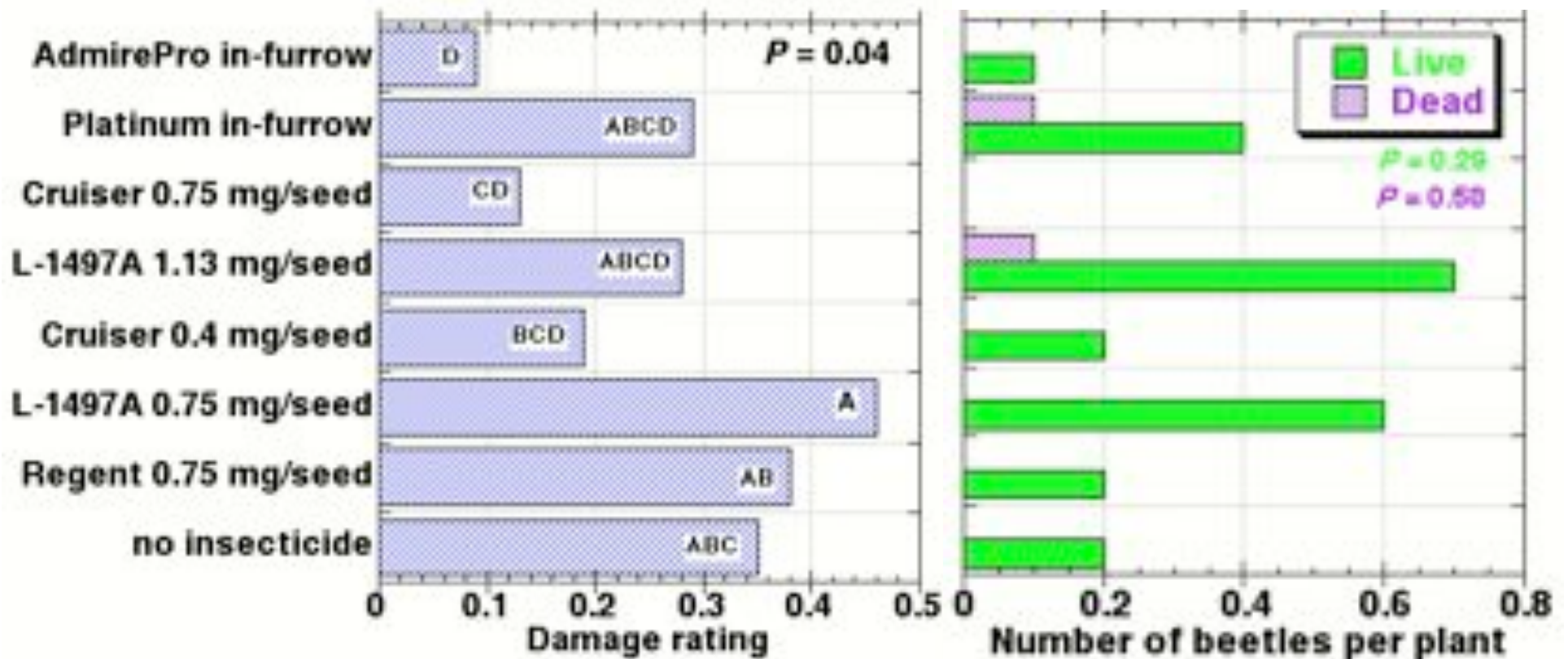
Field Trial 2006: Pumpkin 'Gold Bullion', late-emerging plants, 2-leaf stage, 6/19/06



Field Trial 2006: Pumpkin 'Gold Bullion', early-emerging plants, 2-leaf stage, 6/12/06



Field Trial 2006: Pumpkin 'Gold Bullion', early-emerging plants, 2-leaf stage, 6/12/06



Conclusions, Pumpkins

- **Damage least in Admire (in-furrow) plots**
- **Cruiser at high rate similar to Admire**
- **L-1497-A better at high than low rate**
- **Regent not effective**

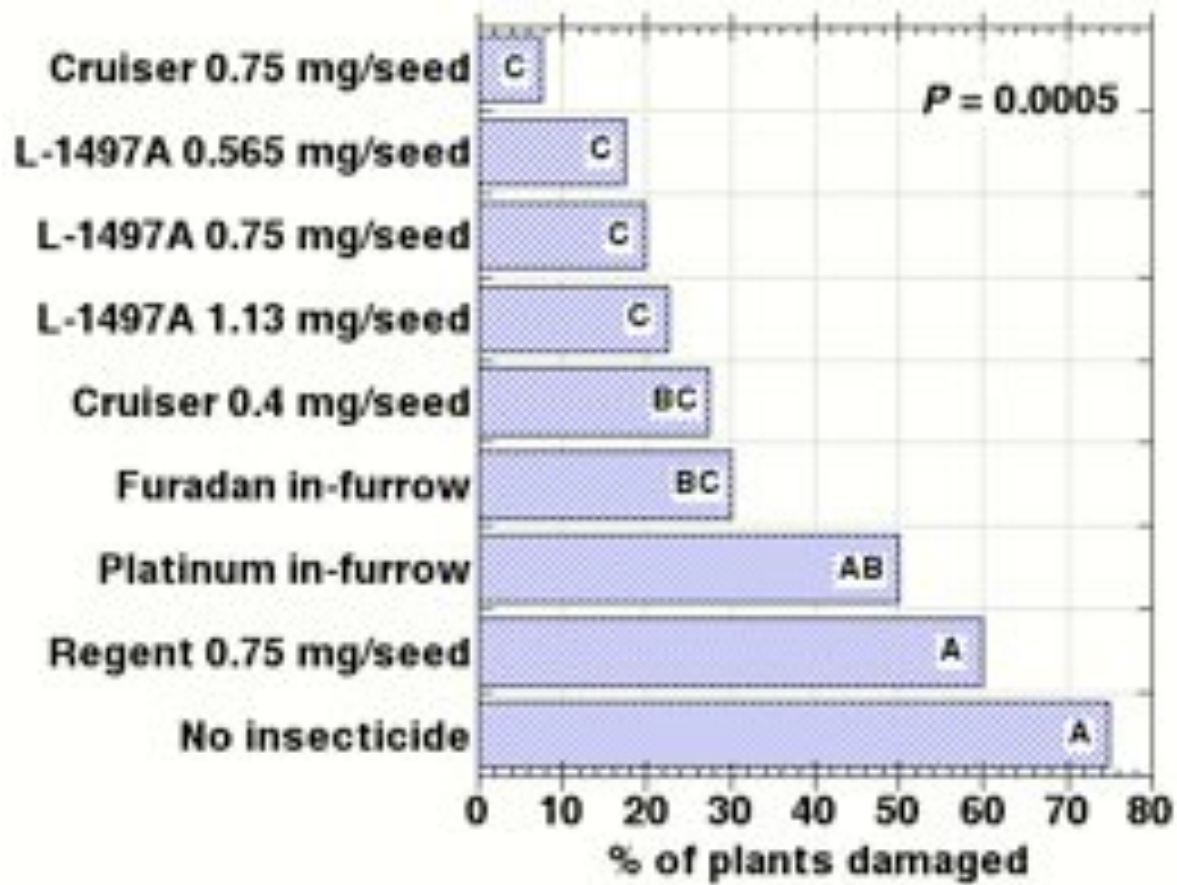
Pickle trial



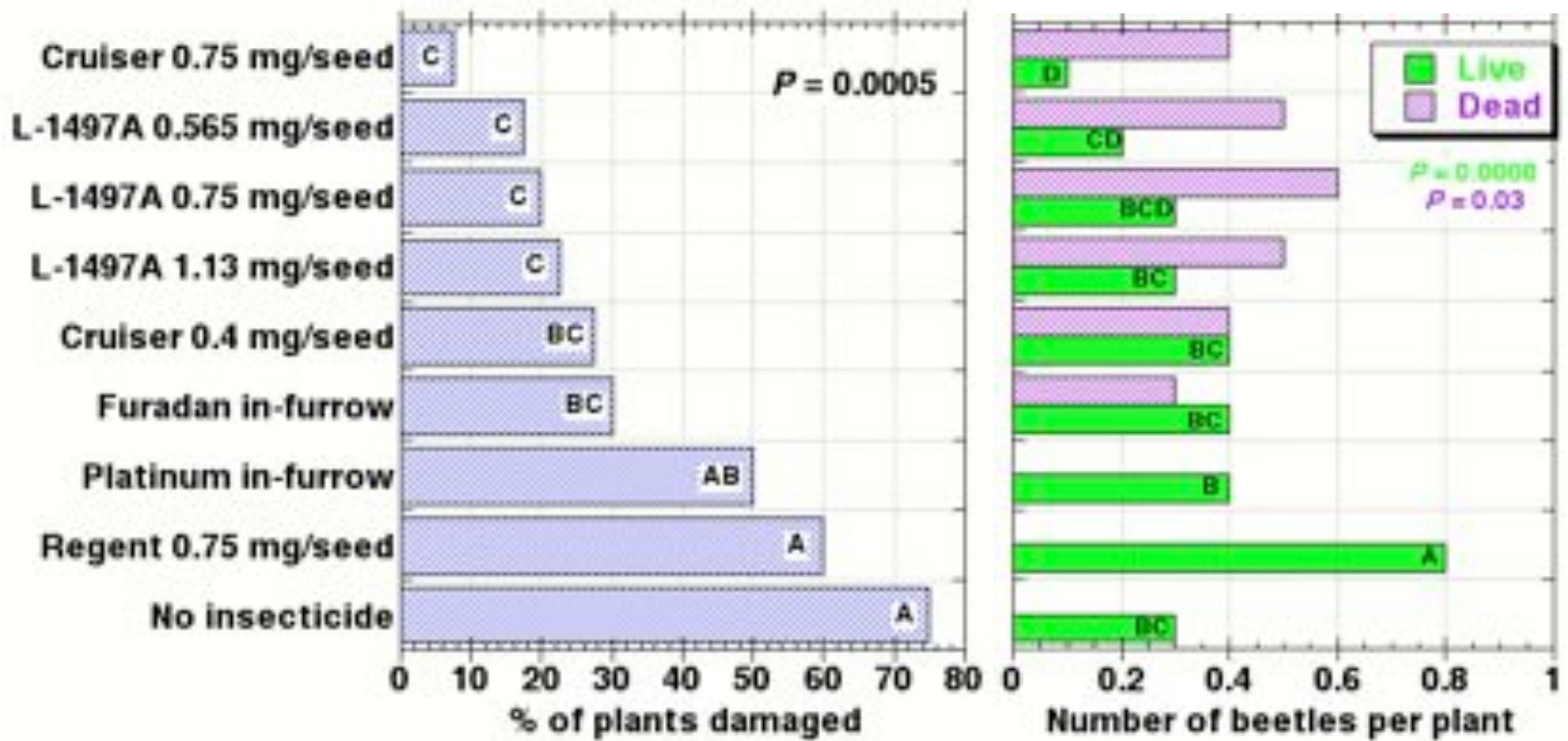
Pickle trial at Fremont

- **Direct seeded 6/6/2006 (2nd try)**
 - 2 in-furrow insecticide treatments:
Platinum & Furadan
 - 6 seed insecticide treatments
 - Untreated control
- **Spacing 4” in-row, 30” between rows**
- **Beetles & damage evaluated 6/15 & 6/24**
- **Bacterial wilt evaluated 7/18 after blocking**

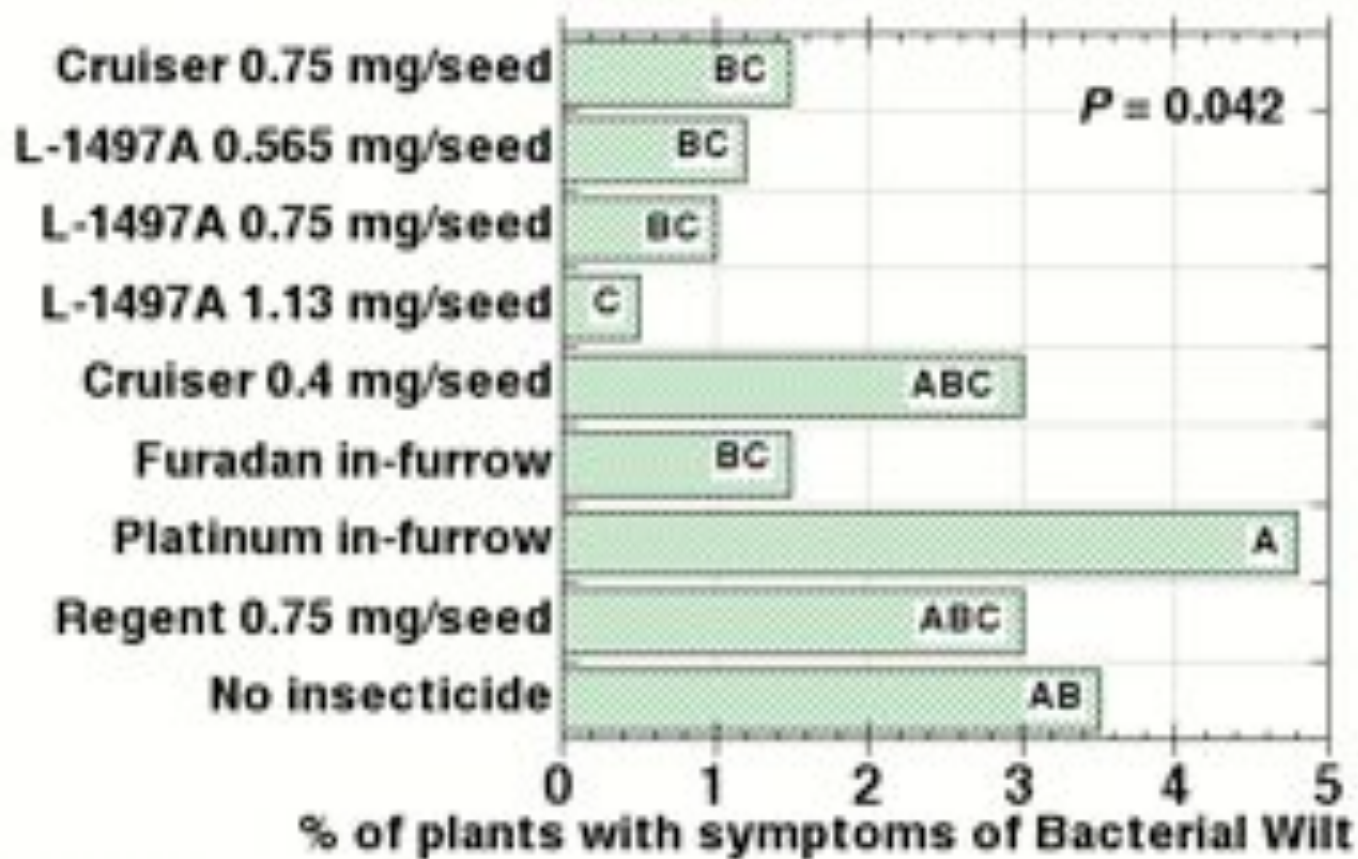
Field Trial 2006: Pickling Cucumber 'Vlaspik'



Field Trial 2006: Pickling Cucumber 'Vlaspik'



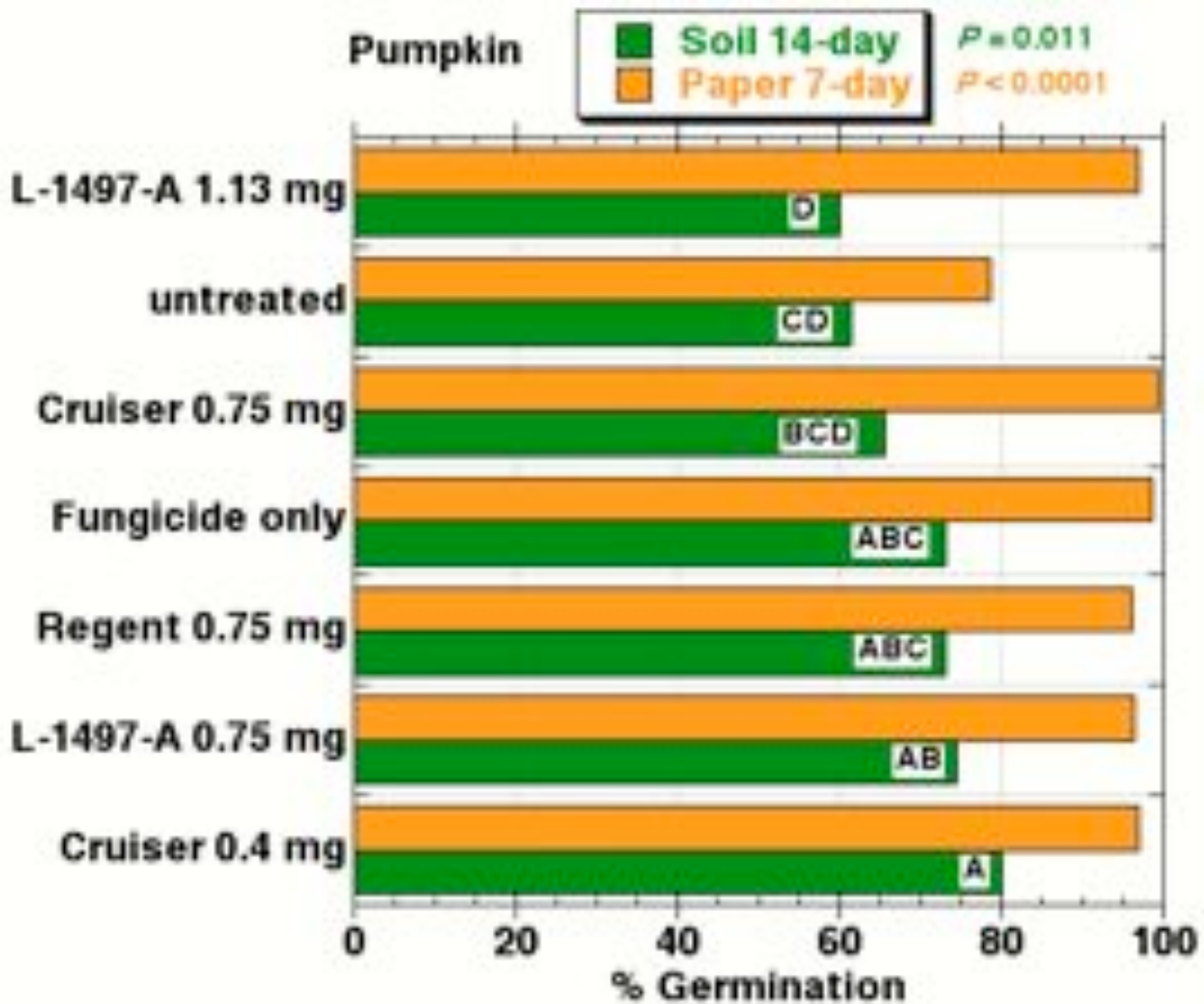
Field Trial 2006: Pickling Cucumber 'Vlaspik'



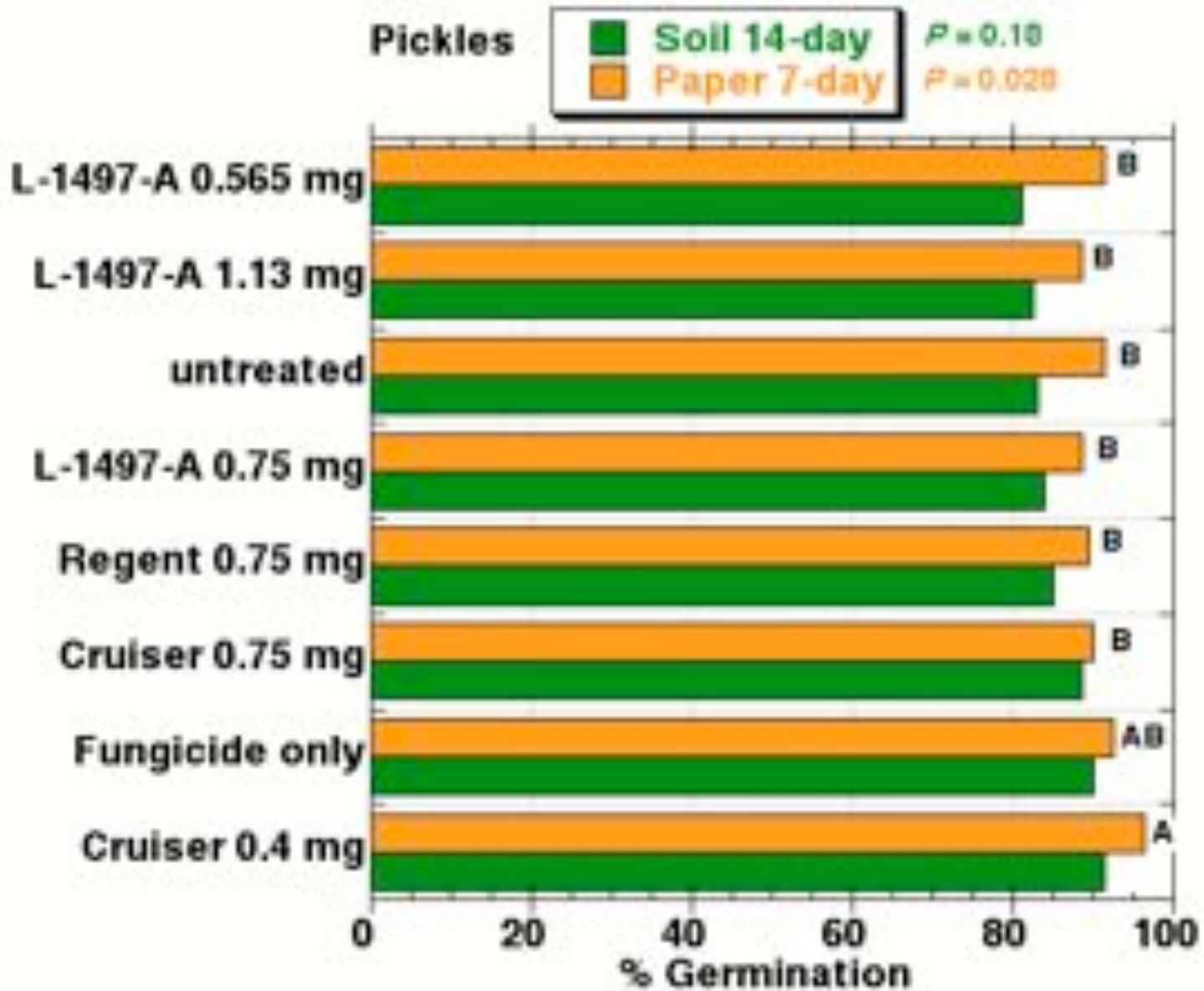
Conclusions, Pickles

- **Damage from beetle feeding:**
 - **Least in Cruiser high & L-1497-A plots**
 - **Not much rate effect for L-1497-A**
 - **Similar to untreated check in Platinum & Regent plots**
- **Bacterial wilt**
 - **Least in L-1497-A high plots**
 - **Most in Platinum plots**

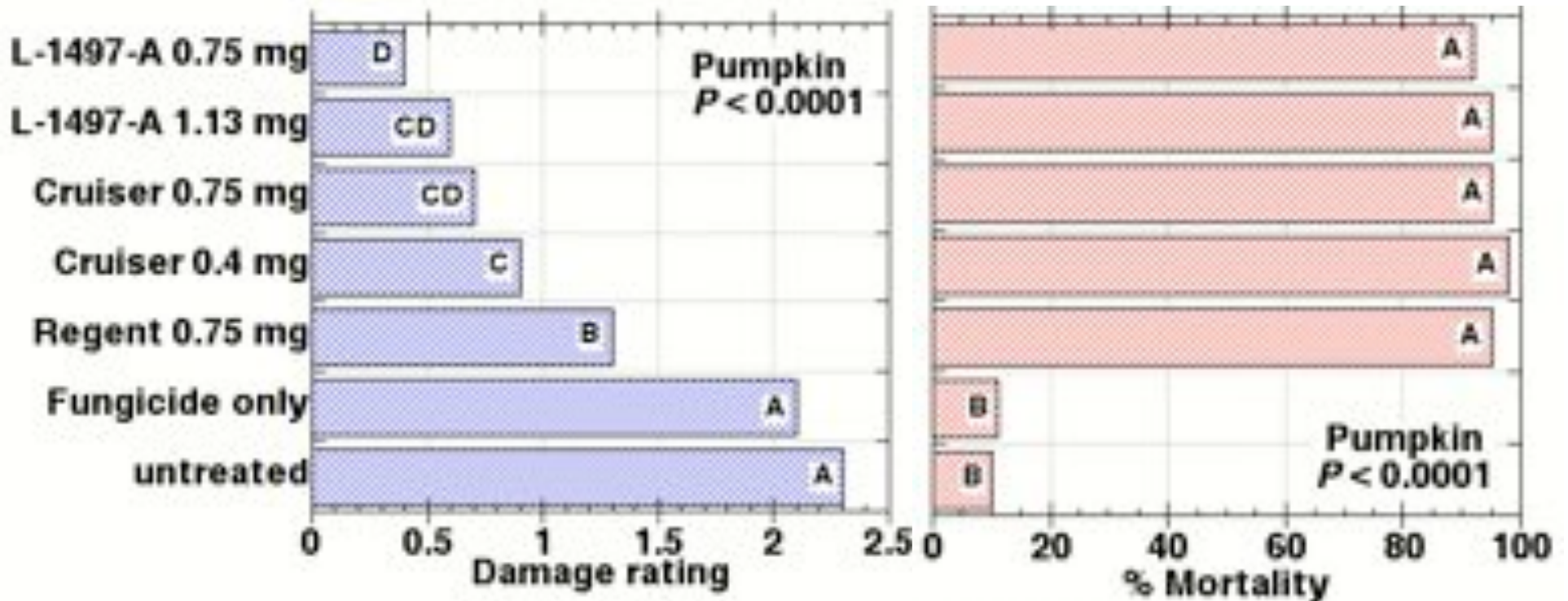
Germination Tests



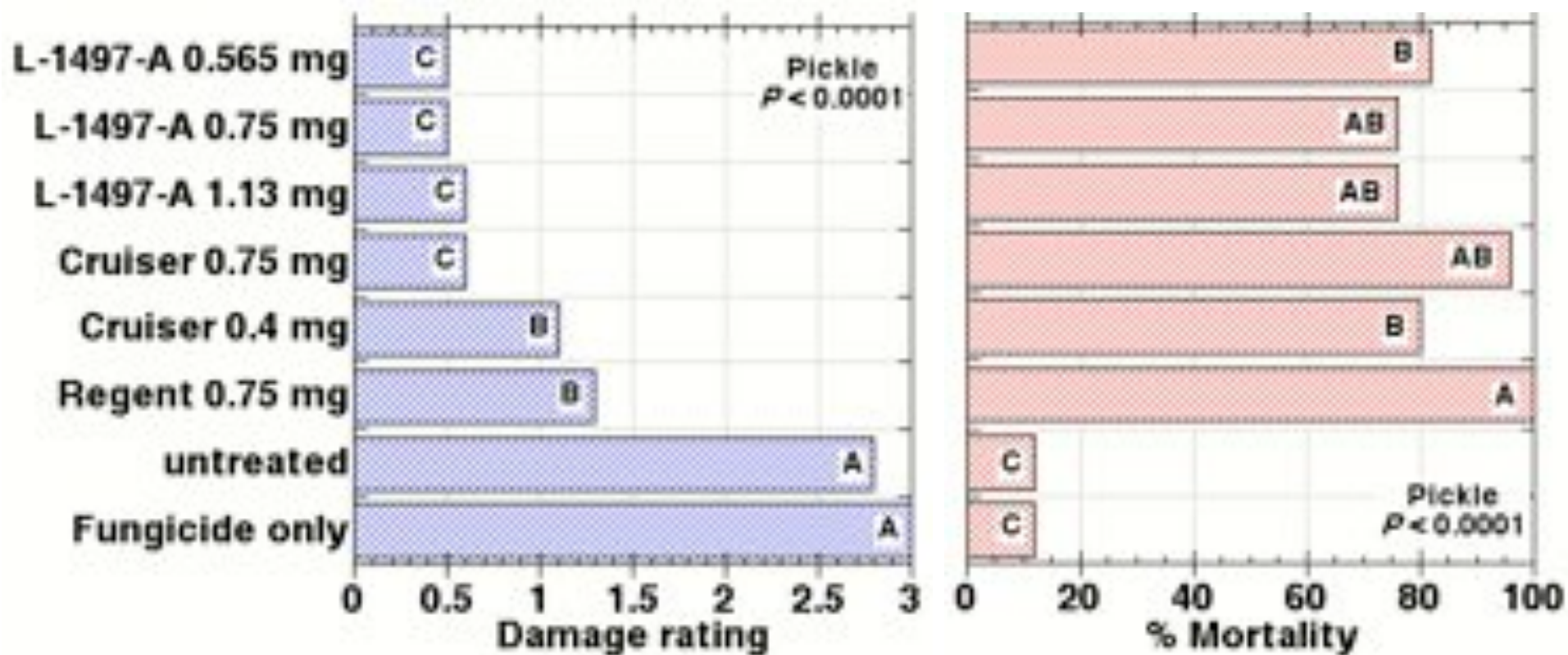
Germination Tests



Bioassays 2006: Striped Cucumber Beetle on Pumpkin 'Gold Bullion'



Bioassays 2006: Striped Cucumber Beetle on Pickling Cucumber 'Vlaspik'



Conclusions

- **Insecticide seed treatment looks promising**
 - As good as in-furrow, pumpkins
 - Better than in-furrow, pickles
- **Products vary:**
 - L-1497-A looks excellent; higher rate somewhat better than low rate
 - Cruiser at higher rate (0.75 mg/seed) better than lower rate (0.40 mg/seed)
 - Regent not as effective as others

Conclusions

- **Advantages of seed treatment**
 - **Convenience; easier application**
 - **Much lower rate of A.I. per acre**
 - **Cruiser 0.75 mg/seed vs Platinum 8 fl oz/A:**
 - **~25 times less (pumpkins at 3,000 seeds/A)**
 - **~2 times less (pickles at 45,000 seeds/A)**
- **Concern that control not lasting past 2-leaf stage, but control during critical cotyledon to 2-leaf stage is good**

Acknowledgements

- **Collaborators Jim Jasinski, Mark Bennett, & Michele Giovannini**
- **Jack Norton at IR-4**
- **Alan Taylor at Cornell University**
- **Field establishment & maintenance by Matt Hofelich, Glenn Mills, Mark Schmittgen**
- **Technical assistance from Elaine Grassbaugh, Gretchen Sutton, Liz Ike**
- **Syngenta, Bayer, BASF, & FMC**
- **Seminis Seeds**
- **Funding from Ohio Vegetable & Small Fruit Research & Development Program**