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# Square K-theory & Cut-and-paste manifolds

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Cut and paste invariants of manifolds via algebraic K-theory  
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# SK-groups

for polytopes:



for manifolds:



Some non-examples:



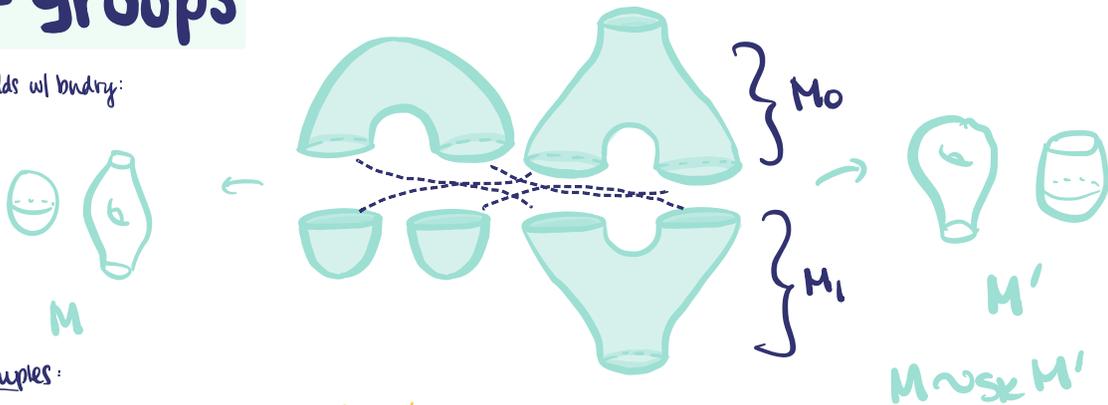
Defn -  $SK_n = \mathbb{Z}[n\text{-mflds}] / \sim_{SK}$  (or universal property defn)

Prop - It's a group!

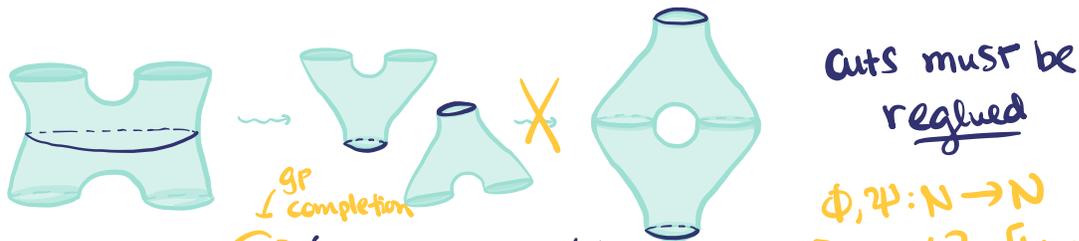
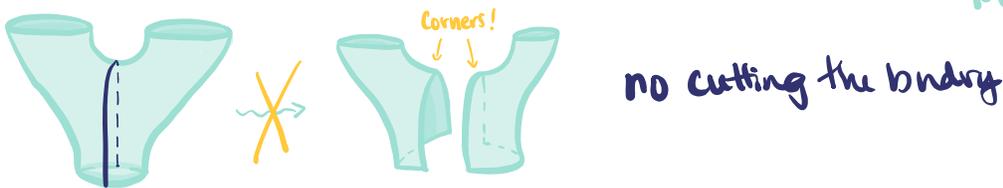


# SK<sup>2</sup>-groups

for manifolds w/ bndry:



Non-examples:



Defn -  $SK_n^2 := \text{Gr} \left( \mathbb{Z}[\text{n-mflds w/ bndry}] / \text{diffco} \cup SK^2 \right)$

$\phi, \psi: N \rightarrow N$

$[M_0 \cup_{\phi} M_1] = [M_0 \cup_{\psi} M_1]$

Thm (HMMRS)  $SK_n^2 \cong K_0(\text{Mfld}_n^2)$  goal: understand this

Rmks - They also show SES

nullbordant (n-1)-mfld / diffco

$$0 \rightarrow SK_n \rightarrow SK_n^2 \rightarrow C_{n-1} \rightarrow 0$$

$(M, \phi) \mapsto$   
 $(M, \partial M) \mapsto \partial M$

$$\Rightarrow SK_n^2 \cong SK_n \oplus C_{n-1}$$

$$SK_n \cong \begin{cases} 0 & n \text{ odd} \\ \mathbb{Z}[S^n] & n \equiv 2 \pmod{4} \\ \mathbb{Z}[S^n] \oplus \mathbb{Z}[\mathbb{C}P^{n/2}] & n \equiv 0 \pmod{4} \end{cases}$$

# Square K-theory



Defn - A category w/ squares consists of:

- a category  $\mathcal{C}$  w/ coproducts
- a distinguished object  $O$
- subcategories of morphisms

$c\mathcal{C}$  "cofibrations"  $\rightarrow$   
 $f\mathcal{C}$  "cofiber"  $\rightarrow$

- distinguished squares  $\square$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & \rightarrow & B \\ \downarrow & \square & \downarrow \\ C & \rightarrow & D \end{array}$$

- s.t. (i)  $\square$  closed under coproduct  
 (ii)  $\square$  commute, compose vertically + horizontally  
 (iii)  $iso\mathcal{C} \subseteq c\mathcal{C}, f\mathcal{C}$  and

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A \xrightarrow{\sim} B & A \rightarrow B \\ \downarrow \sim \downarrow & \sim \downarrow \downarrow \sim \\ C \xrightarrow{\sim} D & C \rightarrow D \end{array} \text{ are in } \square.$$

Defn -  $\mathcal{C}^{(0)}$  is simplicial category:  $[n] \mapsto \mathcal{C}^{(n)} \subseteq \text{Fun}([n], \mathcal{C})$

No 1. fact about ssSets

$$\begin{aligned} & |[n] \mapsto |N_n(\mathcal{C}^{(*)})| \\ \cong & |[m] \mapsto |N_*(\mathcal{C}^{(m)})| \\ \cong & |[n] \mapsto |N_n(\mathcal{C}^{(n)})| \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{C}^{(n)}: \text{Ob} = C_0 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow C_n$$

$$\text{Hom} = \begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow \square \downarrow \dots \downarrow \square \downarrow \\ C_0 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow C_n \end{array}$$

Then  $N_*\mathcal{C}^{(*)}$  is a bisimplicial set.

Defn  $K^0(\mathcal{C}) := \mathcal{S} / |N_*\mathcal{C}^{(*)}|$  and  $K_i^0(\mathcal{C}) := \pi_i K^0(\mathcal{C})$ .

Ex. Waldhausen categories

- (1)  $c\mathcal{C} = co\mathcal{C}$       (2)  $c\mathcal{C} = co\mathcal{C}$   
 $f\mathcal{C} = \text{cofiber (quotient)}$        $f\mathcal{C} = \text{all}$   
 $\square = \text{all comm.}$        $\square = \text{pushouts (up to w.e.)}$   
 $O = O$        $O = O$

★ when w.e. =  $iso\mathcal{C}$  ★

(always works)

$$\Rightarrow K^0(\mathcal{C}) \simeq K^w(\mathcal{C})$$



Mfid<sup>2</sup>

Ob = n-mfids w/ bndry  
 Mor = embeddings\*  
 $O = \emptyset$   
 $c\mathcal{C} = f\mathcal{C} = \text{all morphisms}$   
 $\square = \text{pushouts}$



$$A \cap B \hookrightarrow B$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$A \hookrightarrow A \cup B$$

$$|A \cup B| = |A| + |B| - |A \cap B|$$

$$K_0^\square(\text{Mfld}_n^{\partial})$$

Thm  $K_0^\square(\mathcal{C}) \cong \mathbb{Z}[\text{Ob } \mathcal{C}] / [C] = 0$   
 $[A] + [C] = [B] + [C]$  for all

- if
- $O$  is initial or terminal in  $\mathcal{C}$ ,  $\mathcal{C}$
  - for all  $A, B \in \mathcal{C}$   $\exists X \in \mathcal{C}$  s.t.

$$\exists \begin{array}{ccc} O \rightarrow A & & O \rightarrow B \\ \downarrow \square \downarrow & & \downarrow \square \downarrow \\ B \rightarrow X & & A \rightarrow X \end{array}$$

in  $\text{Mfld}_n^{\partial}$ ,  
 $\emptyset$  is initial  
 $X = A \sqcup B$

Cor  $K_0^\square(\text{Mfld}_n^{\partial}) \cong \mathbb{Z}[\text{n-mflds}] / [\phi] = 0$   
 $[M \cup_n M'] = [M] + [M'] - [N]$

$$K_0^\square(\text{Mfld}_n^{\partial}) \cong SK_n^{\partial}$$

Pf idea: Same gens + relation

Thm

Euler characteristic:  $SK_n^{\partial} \xrightarrow{\chi} \mathbb{Z}$  lifts to map  $K_0^\square(\text{Mfld}_n^{\partial}) \rightarrow K(\mathbb{Z})$ .

induced by  $\text{Mfld}_n^{\partial} \xrightarrow{S} Ch_{\mathbb{Z}}^{hb}$  singular chains