Computer Vision in FIRST

Sam Carlberg Brad Miller



Agenda

- Overview
- What was new in 2018
- Camera hardware options
- cscore
 - CameraServer (NetworkTable integration)
- GRIP
 - Code generation
- WPILib VisionThread/VisionRunner
- End-to-end Demo with Raspberry Pi 3



2

Overview

- What is computer vision?
- Photography + Computer Processing
- Start with good photos
 - Exposure & lighting
 - Composition & focal length
- Then process digitized values to measure, compare, and rate



Overview

- Math... not magic
- Example What makes the target unique?
- Describe it to a friend on the phone/email
- Quantify that info by measuring
 - Color, size, area/CH-Area,
 - Aspect Ratio, Moment of Inertia
 - Limit Tests





FRC Workflow

- Goals on the field have often been marked with retro-reflective tape
- Make use of provided images on first day to design vision algorithms
- Create a vision program based on the design
- Use robot control loops based on gyros or other fast sensors usually not on camera frames





5

The 2018 tools

- OpenCV included with Eclipse plugins
 - NIVision removed
- CameraServer rewrite
- WPILib VisionThread



OpenCV

- Popular computer vision library
- C, C#, C++, Java, Python, and LabVIEW interfaces
- Runs on Linux, Windows, Mac, iOS, and Android
 - Libraries included with WPILib for the roboRIO
- Designed for computational efficiency and can take advantage of accelerated hardware (GPUs)
- User community of 47,000 people and over 9M downloads



Cameras

IP \$\$

USB Webcam \$

Cell phone \$\$\$

USB 3.0 industrial \$\$\$

Pixy Cam \$





LimeLight \$\$\$

IP Cameras

- Typically used for security
- Axis has low latency and good API
- Support multiple clients
- Easiest to stream to web page or other viewers
- Fixed lens, basic configuration



USB Web Cameras

- Typically used for chat/video conference
- Price and quality range is HUGE
 - HD? 4K? \$30 to \$40 seems sufficient
- With CameraServer, can make any USB camera into an IP camera
- Mounting issues
- Fixed lens



Cell Phone Cameras

- Used for selfies, ..., and robots
- Write an app
- Integrated image processor
- SW support and documentation are good
- How to mount on robot
- Lens adapters available



PixyCam

- Camera with built-in processor
- Limited capabilities, but has been used successfully by some teams (blob and color code tracking)
- Lots of output types (SPI, I2C, UART, analog/digital)
- Includes a cable to connect directly to an Arduino along with some libraries
- Very fast 50 updates/sec



USB3 Industrial Cameras

- Used for machine vision visual inspection
- Basler Dart and Point Grey Chameleon3 have recently become FRC-priced
- Operate at USB2 speeds on roboRIO
- SW support and documentation are excellent GenICam
- 12mm S or CS lens/filter system
- Rich configuration, high performance



Basler Dart

- Sensitive sensor & Global Shutter
- 54fps color, 120 BW (USB3 full frame)
- Area scan lower bw, even higher fps
- Hundreds of properties
- Digital lines for exposure control
- Lenses from companies like Edmunds





Hardware processing

- roboRIO in an independent thread
- Driver station computer
- Onboard coprocessor
 - Raspberry PI
 - Kangaroo
 - NVIDIA TK1
 - Cell phone
 - LimeLight (Pi Compute Module 3)

•











CameraServer



cscore

- Makes cameras easy to use
- Source→sink model
 - Can switch sinks between sources
- Support for USB and IP cameras
- Multiplatform, except USB camera support is Linux only
 - USB camera support for Windows and Mac planned for 2019
- Set camera properties (if supported by the camera)
 - Brightness
 - Exposure
 - Frame rate
 - Frame size
- MJPEG streaming webserver (looks like an IP camera)
- Webpage access to camera properties for easy experimentation



CameraServer

- Wrapper around cscore
- Automatically creates MJPEG server when camera is created
- Publishes information about created cameras to NetworkTables
- Restreams IP cameras via roboRIO USB port



Code examples

• Single USB camera

CameraServer.getInstance().startAutomaticCapture();

Multiple USB cameras

CameraServer.getInstance().startAutomaticCapture("Front", 0); CameraServer.getInstance().startAutomaticCapture("Back", 1);

Absolute USB camera path

CameraServer.getInstance().startAutomaticCapture("Front", "/
dev/v41/by-path/platform-3f980000.usb-usb-0:1.2:1.0-videoindex0");

• Axis camera

CameraServer.getInstance().addAxisCamera("10.2.94.11");



Code examples

Camera Settings

```
UsbCamera frontCamera =
   CameraServer.getInstance().startAutomaticCapture("Front",
        "/.dev/v41/by-path/platform-3f980000.usb-usb-0:1.2:1.0-video-
        index0");
frontCamera.setVideoMode(PixelFormat.kMJPEG, 320, 240, 30);
frontCamera.setBrightness(50);
frontCamera.setWhiteBalanceHoldCurrent();
frontCamera.setExposureManual(15);
```



roboRIO CameraServer Demo

- Hook up a USB camera
- Add one line of code
- View camera in Shuffleboard and SmartDashboard
- View camera details in Outline Viewer
- View camera and camera settings in browser



GRIP



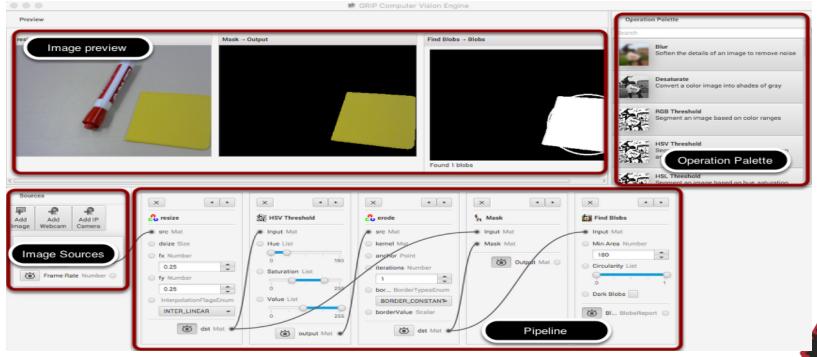
GRIP

- Developed as a WPI RBE/CS senior capstone project
- Designed to make vision processing easier
 - FRC teams and researchers
- Based on OpenCV
- Works equally well with any robot programming language



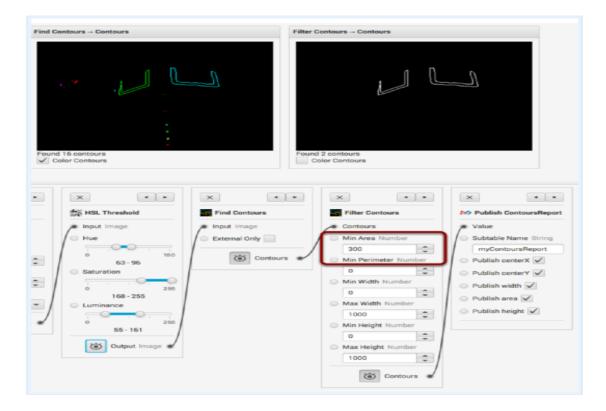


GRIP User Interface



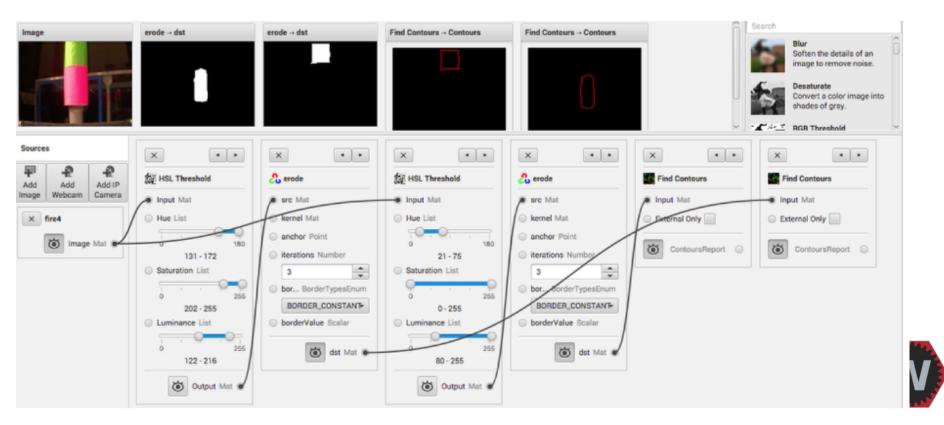


GRIP





GRIP



GRIP Workflows

- Select a source camera, video, or saved images
- Create the processing pipeline while viewing intermediate results
- Set outputs via network tables variables
- Robot program gets values and drives/turns/aims at target

Three workflows:

- 1. GRIP on DS laptop
- 2. GRIP generated code on roboRIO
- 3. GRIP generated code on co-processor



GRIP Results

- What happened in 2017
 - 16,000 downloads!
 - Code generation
 - HTTP REST API
 - Many teams running on roboRIO, driver station and co-processors
- Future features
 - GPU acceleration
 - Improved FRC usage
 - Limelight will support Grip in 2019



GRIP Demo



LimeLight camera

Simple to start

- Designed for FRC camera system that works with Java, C++, LabVIEW and Python
- Includes camera, LED lights, microprocessor with network tables, and a web server
- Easy to mount, easy to power, built in vision-pipeline
- Tune the pipeline parameters using web-browser
- Robot reads data from the "LimeLight" NetworkTables table

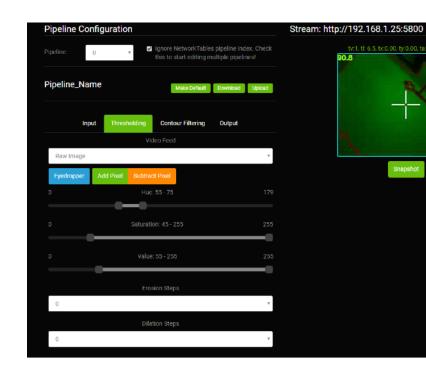
NetworkTable table = NetworkTable.getTable("limelight"); double targetOffsetX = table.getNumber("tx", 0); double targetOffsetY = table.getNumber("ty", 0);





LimeLight camera 2

- Has built-in "Fixed Function" OpenCV vision pipeline
 - Threshold
 - Erode
 - Dilate
 - Filter contours
 - Targeting logic
- Up to 10 pipeline configs
- Second USB camera can be added to the feed
- Soon: Upload your custom GRIP pipeline to LimeLight!





LimeLight Camera Demo



Raspberry Pi 3 Demo



Raspberry Pi 3 Demo

- 2 cameras hooked up to Pi3 (both USB)
 - Pi Camera also supported but not demo'ed
- Pi configured with read only file system
- For demo purposes, building with Eclipse project
 - Could use gradle, etc
- Deploy GRIP pipeline with generated code

Uses Raspberry Pi 3 libraries from here: <u>https://www.chiefdelphi.com/forums/</u> <u>showthread.php?t=161767</u>



WPILib C++/Java Vision Future Plans

- Easier deployment mechanisms for vision code to coprocessors
- Prepackaged image for Raspberry Pi 3
- CameraServer USB camera support for Windows and Mac
- CameraServer web dashboard improvements
 - Set video mode
 - Change visible stream resolution / compression / FPS
 - Display stats on active streams
- CameraServer support for changing JPEG compression level without also changing resolution (with MJPEG source)
- CameraServer persistent settings (save/load from web and software)



Ultimate Simplicity

- Like Jeff Goldblum said in Jurassic Park, "life finds a way"
- No camera just a flashlight for aiming with the vision sensor being the drivers at the driver station





